

# Goodland Township

## Zoning Ordinance

# 100-07

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1  
2  
3 **ARTICLE I—SCOPE**..... 6  
4 Section 1.01: TITLE ..... 6  
5 Section 1.02: SCOPE ..... 6  
6 **ARTICLE II—ADMINISTRATION** ..... 7  
7 Section 2.01: ZONING ADMINISTRATOR ..... 7  
8 Section 2.02: DUTIES OF THE ZONING ADMINISTRATOR ..... 7  
9 Section 2.03: ZONING COMPLIANCE PERMITS ..... 7  
10 **ARTICLE III—ZONING DISTRICTS** ..... 9  
11 Section 3.01: DISTRICTS ..... 9  
12 Section 3.02: ZONING MAP ..... 9  
13 Section 3.03: PRINCIPAL USES PERMITTED .....10  
14 Section 3.04: USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL .....10  
15 Section 3.05: VOLUNTARY REZONING AGREEMENTS .....10  
16 Section 3.06: AREA, SETBACK AND HEIGHT .....11  
17 **ARTICLE IV—A AGRICULTURE/RURAL RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT** .....12  
18 Section 4.01: STATEMENT OF PURPOSE .....12  
19 Section 4.02: PRINCIPAL USES PERMITTED .....12  
20 Section 4.03: USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL .....12  
21 **ARTICLE V—CONSERVATION SUBDIVISION/PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT** .....15  
22 Section 5.01: PURPOSE .....15  
23 Section 5.02: DEFINITIONS .....15  
24 Section 5.03: PERMITTED USES .....15  
25 Section 5.04: LOCATION PRINCIPLES .....16  
26 Section 5.05: AREA REGULATIONS .....16  
27 Section 5.06: HEIGHT REGULATIONS .....17  
28 Section 5.07: MINIMUM FLOOR AREA .....17  
29 Section 5.08: MAXIMUM BASE DENSITY AND DENSITY BONUS .....17  
30 Section 5.09: OPEN SPACE CRITERIA .....19  
31 Section 5.10: STANDARDS FOR APPROVAL .....19  
32 Section 5.11: UNIFIED CONTROL .....20  
33 Section 5.12: COMMON OWNERSHIP OF PRESERVED AREAS .....20  
34 Section 5.13: PRESERVED AREAS NOT OWNED IN COMMON .....20  
35 Section 5.14: GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS .....20  
36 Section 5.15: SCHEDULED PHASING .....21  
37 Section 5.16: REVISION OF APPROVED PLAN .....21  
38 **ARTICLE VI—OPEN SPACE PRESERVATION** .....22  
39 Section 6.01: STATEMENT OF PURPOSE .....22  
40 Section 6.02: OPEN SPACE PRESERVATION/CLUSTER HOUSING .....22  
41 **ARTICLE VII—R RESIDENTIAL** .....24  
42 Section 7.01: STATEMENT OF PURPOSE .....24  
43 Section 7.02: PRINCIPAL USES PERMITTED .....24  
44 Section 7.03: USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL .....24  
45 **ARTICLE VIII—MHP MANUFACTURED HOUSING PARK** .....25  
46 Section 8.01: PRINCIPAL USES PERMITTED .....25  
47 Section 8.02: USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL .....25  
48 **ARTICLE IX—C COMMERCIAL DISTRICT** .....26  
49 Section 9.01: STATEMENT OF PURPOSE .....26  
50 Section 9.02: PRINCIPAL PERMITTED USES .....26  
51 Section 9.03: USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL .....26  
52 Section 9.04: BUILDING FACADE MATERIALS .....27  
53 Section 9.05: ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS .....27  
54 **ARTICLE X—I INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT** .....28  
55 Section 10.01: STATEMENT OF PURPOSE .....28  
56 Section 10.02: PRINCIPAL PERMITTED USES .....28

1	Section 10.03: USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL.....	29
2	Section 10.04: PERFORMANCE STANDARDS.....	29
3	Section 10.05: OPEN STORAGE.....	30
4	Section 10.06: BUILDING FACADE MATERIALS.....	30
5	Section 10.07: ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS.....	30
6	<b>ARTICLE XI—DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS FOR THE FOLLOWING DISTRICTS.....</b>	<b>31</b>
7	Section 11.01: APPLICABILITY.....	31
8	Section 11.02: SITE DEVELOPMENT AREA SETBACK AND HEIGHT REQUIREMENTS.....	31
9	Table 11.02 REQUIREMENTS.....	31
10	<b>ARTICLE XII—GENERAL PROVISIONS.....</b>	<b>32</b>
11	Section 12.01: CONFLICTING REGULATIONS.....	32
12	Section 12.02: MINIMUM STREET FRONTAGE AND LOT WIDTH.....	32
13	Section 12.03: MOVING OF BUILDINGS OR STRUCTURES.....	32
14	Section 12.04: PUBLIC SERVICES.....	32
15	Section 12.05: OCCUPANCY OF BUILDINGS OTHER THAN COMPLETED DWELLINGS.....	32
16	Section 12.06: MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR DWELLINGS OUTSIDE OF	
17	MANUFACTURED HOUSING PARKS.....	32
18	Section 12.07: SWIMMING POOLS.....	33
19	Section 12.08: SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE.....	34
20	Section 12.09: FLOOD PLAINS.....	34
21	Section 12.10: LANDSCAPING AND GREENBELTS.....	34
22	Section 12.11: TEMPORARY MOBILE HOMES.....	35
23	Section 12.12: MULTIPLE SINGLE FAMILY DWELLINGS PER PARCEL.....	36
24	Section 12.13: MINIMUM OPEN AREAS.....	36
25	Section 12.14: ACCESSORY BUILDINGS.....	36
26	Section 12.15: FILLING OPERATIONS.....	36
27	Section 12.16: CONDOMINIUM SUBDIVISION APPROVAL (SITE CONDOMINIUMS).....	37
28	Section 12.17: HOME OCCUPATIONS.....	37
29	Section 12.18: SOLID WASTE RECEPTACLE AREAS.....	40
30	Section 12.19: TOWERS/COMMUNICATION FACILITIES EXCEEDING 50 FT. IN HEIGHT.....	40
31	<b>ARTICLE XIII—NON-CONFORMING LOTS, USES, AND STRUCTURES.....</b>	<b>44</b>
32	Section 13.01: CONTINUED USE PERMITTED.....	44
33	Section 13.02: NON-CONFORMING LOTS OF RECORD.....	44
34	Section 13.03: NON-CONFORMING STRUCTURES.....	44
35	Section 13.04: NON-CONFORMING USES OF LAND OR STRUCTURES.....	44
36	<b>ARTICLE XIV—OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING REQUIREMENTS.....</b>	<b>45</b>
37	Section 14.01: PARKING REQUIREMENTS.....	45
38	Section 14.02: TABLE OF OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS.....	46
39	Section 14.03: PARKING REQUIREMENTS FOR OFF-STREET LOADING.....	48
40	Section 14.04: GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.....	48
41	Section 14.05: DEFERRED PARKING SPACE – OFFICE AND INDUSTRIAL USES.....	49
42	<b>ARTICLE XV—ACCESS MANAGEMENT REGULATION.....</b>	<b>50</b>
43	Section 15.01: INTENT AND APPLICABILITY.....	50
44	Section 15.02: ONE ACCESS PER NON-AGRICULTURAL PARCEL.....	50
45	Section 15.03: APPLICATION REVIEW, APPROVAL AND COORDINATION PROCESS.....	51
46	Section 15.04: SERVICE DRIVES AND OTHER SHARED ACCESS STANDARDS.....	53
47	Section 15.05: TEMPORARY ACCESS PERMITS.....	55
48	Section 15.06: NON-CONFORMING DRIVEWAYS.....	55
49	<b>ARTICLE XVI—SITE PLAN REVIEW.....</b>	<b>57</b>
50	Section 16.01: SITE PLAN REVIEW REQUIRED.....	57
51	Section 16.02: PROCEDURE.....	57
52	Section 16.03: CONTENT.....	57
53	Section 16.04: STANDARDS.....	58
54	Section 16.05: PERFORMANCE GUARANTEE.....	58
55	Section 16.06: TIME FOR COMPLETION.....	58

1	<b>ARTICLE XVII—USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL OF THE PLANNING</b>	
2	<b>COMMISSION</b> .....	60
3	Section 17.01: APPLICATION .....	60
4	Section 17.02: PUBLIC NOTICES AND PUBLIC HEARINGS .....	60
5	Section 17.03: STANDARDS .....	60
6	Section 17.04: DECISION .....	60
7	Section 17.05: EXPIRATION .....	61
8	Section 17.06: REVOCATION .....	61
9	<b>ARTICLE XVIII—ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS</b> .....	62
10	Section 18.01: ESTABLISHMENT .....	62
11	Section 18.02: NOTICE OF APPEALS .....	62
12	Section 18.03: POWERS.....	62
13	Section 18.04: STANDARDS AND DECISIONS .....	62
14	<b>ARTICLE XIX—DEFINITIONS</b> .....	64
15	Section 19.01: DEFINITIONS .....	64
16	<b>ARTICLE XX—AMENDMENTS AND REZONING</b> .....	71
17	Section 20.01: APPLICATION .....	71
18	Section 20.02: NOTICE OF HEARING .....	71
19	Section 20.03: PLANNING COMMISSION HEARING AND RECOMMENDATION .....	71
20	Section 20.04: TOWNSHIP BOARD .....	71
21	<b>ARTICLE XXI—VIOLATIONS</b> .....	72
22	Section 21.01: PENALTY .....	72
23	Section 21.02: NUISANCE PER SE .....	72
24	<b>ARTICLE XXII—SEVERABILITY</b> .....	73
25	Section 22.01: SEVERABILITY .....	73
26	<b>ARTICLE XXIII—ENACTMENT AND REPEAL</b> .....	74
27	Section 23.01: ORDINANCE ENACTED .....	74
28	Section 23.02: EFFECTIVE DATE .....	74
29	Section 23.03: REPEAL.....	74
30	Section 23.04: CERTIFICATION .....	74
31	APPENDIX I—Examples of Proposed Land Uses That May Require Professional Traffic Analysis	
32	.....	75
33		

**ZONING ORDINANCE**  
Ordinance No. 100  
TOWNSHIP OF GOODLAND  
LAPEER COUNTY, MICHIGAN

A ZONING ORDINANCE to regulate the use of land, buildings, and structures by dividing the Township into districts; imposing regulations, prohibitions and restrictions governing the erection, construction and reconstruction of structures and buildings; specifying the districts within which lands may be used for trade, industry, residence, agriculture, and height and bulk of buildings and other structures; regulating the density of housing; limiting congestion upon the public streets and roads by providing for the off-street parking and loading of vehicles; establishing a Zoning Board of Appeals, defining and limiting the powers and duties of said Board; and providing a penalty for violation thereof, in accordance with the authority and intent of Act 110, of the Public Acts of 2006, as amended.

**PREAMBLE**

The Township of Goodland desires to provide for the orderly development of the Township, which is essential to the well-being of the community, and which will place no undue burden upon agriculture, commerce, or residents. The Township further desires to assure the provision of adequate sites for agriculture, commerce, and residence; to provide for the free movement of vehicles upon the roads and highways of the Township to protect agriculture, industry, commerce, and residences against incongruous and incompatible uses of land and to promote the proper use of land and natural resources for the economic well-being for the Township as a whole; to assure that all uses of land and building within the Township of Goodland be so related as to provide for economy in government, protection of the environment and mutual support.

The Lapeer County Comprehensive Development Plan and the Goodland Township Land Use Plan have designated Goodland Township an agriculture area. For the near future, no sewer or water facilities will be furnished to this area. Therefore, it is necessary to recognize that while there can be extensive agricultural development, only limited non-agricultural development is possible.

**THE TOWNSHIP OF GOODLAND ORDAINS:**

**ARTICLE I—SCOPE**

1  
2 Section 1.01: TITLE  
3

4 This Ordinance shall be known and may be cited as the "The Goodland Township Zoning Ordinance,"  
5 being Ordinance No. 100 of 2007.  
6

7 Section 1.02: SCOPE  
8

9 No building or structure, or part thereof, shall hereinafter be erected, constructed, placed, altered, or  
10 moved; and no new use or change in use shall be made of any building, structure, or land or part thereof;  
11 except in conformity with the provisions of this ordinance.  
12

1  
2  
3 **ARTICLE II—ADMINISTRATION**

4  
5 Section 2.01: ZONING ADMINISTRATOR

6 A Zoning Administrator appointed by the Township Board shall administer the provisions of this  
7 ordinance. The Zoning Administrator shall serve under such terms and at such rate of compensation as  
8 the Township Board may determine.

9 Section 2.02: DUTIES OF THE ZONING ADMINISTRATOR

10 The Zoning Administrator shall have the authority to administer all provisions of the Zoning Ordinance,  
11 which shall include the authority to determine whether a proposed or existing land use complies with the  
12 provisions of the Zoning Ordinance. In order to fulfill that duty, the Zoning Administrator shall have the  
13 authority to inspect lands and premises for which a zoning compliance permit is sought as well as  
14 structures, buildings and lands that may be in violation of the Zoning Ordinance. If the Zoning  
15 Administrator determines that a rezoning, a special land use approval, site plan approval, or a variance is  
16 necessary for compliance purposes, the Administrator shall refer the applicant to the Planning  
17 Commission or the Zoning Board of Appeals to obtain a decision.

18  
19  
20 Section 2.03: ZONING COMPLIANCE PERMITS

21 A zoning compliance permit shall be acquired from the Zoning Administrator before any construction is  
22 undertaken, any structure is moved, or any change in the use of any land, structure, or building is  
23 undertaken within the Township.

- 24  
25 A.) APPLICATION: A zoning compliance permit shall be applied for in writing on an application form  
26 provided by the Township. The Zoning Administrator shall require that every application for a  
27 permit for excavation, construction, moving, or structural alteration or change in type of use or the  
28 type of occupancy, be accompanied by a written statement and plans drawn to scale, in triplicate,  
29 and showing the following detail, to ascertain whether the proposed work or use is in  
30 conformance with this Ordinance:
- 31 1.) The actual shape, location, and dimensions of the lot
  - 32 2.) The shape, size and location of all buildings or other structures to be erected, altered, or  
33 moved, and of any buildings or any structures already on the lot.
  - 34 3.) The existing and intended use of the lot and of all such structures upon it, including, in  
35 residential areas, the number of dwelling units the building is intended to accommodate.
  - 36 4.) The signature of the owner of the premises concerned.
  - 37 5.) Such other information concerning the lot or adjoining lots as may be essential for  
38 determining whether the provisions of this Ordinance are being observed.
  - 39 6.) Prior to the issuance of a zoning compliance permit and a building permit, all property lines,  
40 right-of-ways, easements, and all proposed structures and excavations shall be staked and  
41 otherwise physically identified on the site by the applicant, in such a manner deemed  
42 necessary by the Zoning Administrator, to determine compliance with applicable Township  
43 ordinances.
  - 44 7.) If the proposed excavation, construction, moving, alteration or use of land as set forth in the  
45 application, in conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance, the Zoning Administrator shall  
46 issue a permit. If any application for such permit is not approved, the Zoning Administrator  
47 shall state in writing on the application, the cause for such disapproval. When required or  
48 authorized by the Ordinance, the Zoning Administrator shall refer the application to the  
49 Planning Commission, Township Board, Zoning Board of Appeals or other agency for  
50 required approvals. In no case, shall the issuance of a permit be construed as waiving any  
51 provisions of this Ordinance. Any permit issued contrary to the terms of this Ordinance shall  
52 be void.

53 The Zoning Administrator is under no circumstances authorized to grant exceptions to the actual  
54 meaning of any clause, order, or regulation contained in this Ordinance.

- 55 A.) ISSUANCE. A zoning compliance permit shall be issued by the Zoning Administrator whenever  
56 the proposed use is found to comply with the provisions of this ordinance and any conditions of  
57 approval imposed as part of a Township Board, Planning Commission or Board of Appeals  
58 decision required under this ordinance.

- 1 B.) PRIVATE COVENANTS. The Zoning Administrator shall not refuse to issue a zoning compliance  
2 permit due to violations of private covenants, agreements, or deed restrictions.
- 3 C.) INVALID PERMITS. Any zoning compliance permit issued in error, or pursuant to an application  
4 containing any false statements, shall be invalid and void.
- 5 D.) FEES. The Township Board shall establish, by resolution, the amount of any fees charged for the  
6 revision of applications and the issuance of compliance permits.  
7



ARTICLE III—ZONING DISTRICTS

Section 3.01: DISTRICTS

The Township is hereby divided into the following zoning districts:

- A Agricultural/Rural Residential
- R Residential
- C Commercial
- I Industrial
- MHP Mobile Home Park

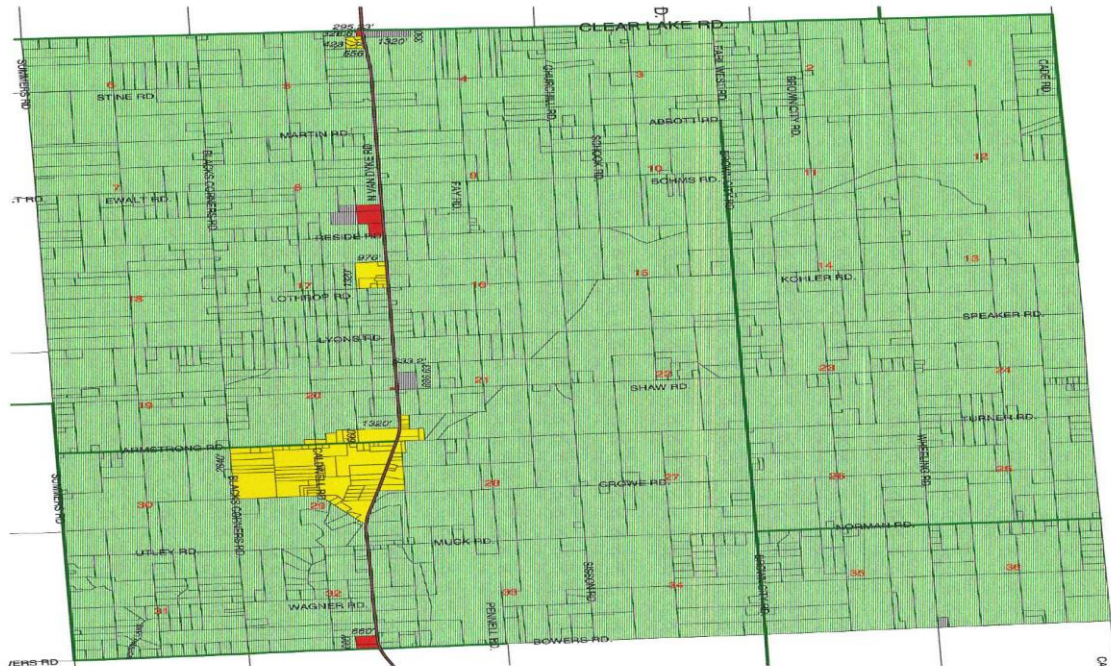
Section 3.02: ZONING MAP

The locations and boundaries of the zoning districts are hereby established as shown on a map that accompanies, and is hereby made a part of this ordinance. Where uncertainty exists as to the boundaries of zoning districts as shown on the zoning map, the following rules of construction and interpretation shall apply:

- A.) Boundaries that are indicated as approximately following the centerlines of streets, highways or alleys shall be construed to follow such centerlines.
- B.) Boundaries indicated as approximately following platted lot line shall be construed as following such lot lines.
- C.) Boundaries indicated as approximately following township boundaries shall be construed as following township boundaries.
- D.) Areas Not Included Within A District. In every case where land has not been included within a district on the zoning map, such land shall be in the A Agricultural/Rural Residential District.

GOODLAND TOWNSHIP ZONING MAP

Current as of 03-12-13



  
 NORTH  
 1"=4500'

	A	Agricultural
	C	Commercial
	R	Residential
	I	Industrial

PRODUCED (04-13) BY:  
LAPEER CO E/C/GIS/TREAS  
255 CLAY ST #303, LAPEER MI 48446  
810-667-0228 or 810-667-0239

1 Section 3.03: PRINCIPAL USES PERMITTED

2  
3 All uses of land or structures listed as principal uses permitted are permitted throughout the district  
4 under which they are listed. Any uses not expressly listed as “principal uses permitted” are prohibited in  
5 that district, unless they are listed as uses permitted after special approval in the district, or unless  
6 otherwise authorized under a written provision of this ordinance.

7 Section 3.04: USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL

8  
9 All uses of land or structures listed as “uses permitted after special approval” are permitted within the  
10 district under which they are listed, provided Planning Commission Approval has been granted pursuant  
11 to the provisions of ARTICLE XVII—USES **PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL OF THE**  
12 **PLANNING COMMISSION.**

13 Section 3.05: VOLUNTARY REZONING AGREEMENTS

- 14 A.) **AUTHORITY**—the Township Board may, after public hearing by the Planning Commission,  
15 enter into an agreement with a property owner to rezone property pursuant to the authority  
16 contained in Michigan Compiled Law Section 125.3405, being part of the Michigan Zoning  
17 Enabling Act, No. 110 of 2006, as amended.
- 18 B.) **APPLICATION**—any offer to enter into a rezoning agreement shall be submitted to the  
19 Township Clerk along with a rezoning agreement fee, in an amount established by the  
20 Township Board. Whenever a petitioner offers to enter into a rezoning agreement, the  
21 person shall be the fee owner of the premises concerned or else have the fee owner  
22 subscribe to the offer. Proposed rezoning agreements may only be initiated by a property  
23 owner and not by the Township.
- 24 C.) **PRE-HEARING MEETING**—whenever an application for a voluntary rezoning agreement is  
25 submitted, a pre-hearing meeting shall be scheduled between the applicant and the Zoning  
26 Administrator. At the pre-hearing meeting, the applicant shall fully explain the agreement  
27 being proposed. The Zoning Administrator and the developer shall then discuss the  
28 proposed agreement and put it into appropriate form for a public hearing.
- 29 D.) **PUBLIC HEARING AND RECOMMENDATION**—after due notice, a public hearing shall be  
30 conducted by the Planning Commission as to the proposed rezoning agreement. The  
31 Commission shall subsequently adopt recommendations as to the approval, approval with  
32 revisions, or denial of the proposed rezoning agreement. All procedural requirements for a  
33 rezoning shall be met.
- 34 E.) **FINAL DECISION**—upon receipt of the recommendations of the Planning Commission, the  
35 Township Board shall undertake consideration of the proposed rezoning agreement. Any  
36 decision by the Township Board, which results in a rezoning agreement, shall be  
37 incorporated in a written document duly executed by the Township Board and the property  
38 owner. Any such agreement shall be recorded with the Register of Deeds and shall run with  
39 the land.
- 40 F.) **STANDARDS FOR DECISION**—in deciding whether to approve a proposed rezoning  
41 agreement, the Planning Commission and the Township Board shall base their decisions on  
42 the following factors:  
43 1.) The terms of the offer must be reasonably related to the property covered in the  
44 agreement.  
45 2.) The proposed land use must be designed in such a way as to be compatible with  
46 surrounding land uses.  
47 3.) The proposed land use must be consistent with the goals and policies of the Township,  
48 as stated in the Township's adopted Master Plan.
- 49 G.) **LIMITATIONS ON AGREEMENTS**—a rezoning agreement shall not be used to allow  
50 anything that would not otherwise be permitted in the proposed new zoning district. Any  
51 proposed variations from district requirements such as density, permitted uses, or lot size,  
52 shall only be granted by the Zoning Board of Appeals pursuant to the variance standards  
53 contained in **ARTICLE XVIII—ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS**. Any agreement shall include  
54 a specific time-period during which the terms of the agreement must be completed.

1 H.) ZONING REVERSION—In the event that the terms of a zoning agreement are not fulfilled  
2 within the time specified in the agreement, the Township Board shall initiate a proposed  
3 rezoning to revert the property back to the original classification.

4 Section 3.06: AREA, SETBACK AND HEIGHT

5  
6 All uses of land or structures shall comply with the area, setback, and height requirements in Table  
7 11.02 for the zoning district in which they are located, unless different requirements are specified as a  
8 condition for a use permitted after special approval. No space that has been counted as part of a  
9 required setback, area, or open space for a building site may be subsequently counted to satisfy setback,  
10 area, or open space requirements for any other building site.

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1 **ARTICLE IV—A AGRICULTURE/RURAL RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT**

2 Section 4.01: STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

3  
4 The A Agricultural/Rural Residential District is established to preserve the rural agricultural environment  
5 by encouraging the continuation of existing agricultural uses, by helping to conserve lands suited for the  
6 pursuit of agricultural activities, and by discouraging the development of land uses which will generate  
7 demands for urban services at public costs and an increase in imprudent demands on scarce energy  
8 resources when other lands more suited for such purposes are designated and available. It is the policy  
9 of the Township that public water and sewers will not be encouraged within this district until other lands  
10 identified for public water and sewers have been substantially developed and additional lands are  
11 identified only to the extent that the need for such land is demonstrated.

12 Section 4.02: PRINCIPAL USES PERMITTED

- 13  
14 A.) Farms, farm buildings, and farm uses.  
15 B.) Single family homes  
16 C.) Conservation areas.  
17 D.) Keeping of livestock  
18 E.) Roadside stands for sale of agricultural products raised on the premises.  
19 F.) Schools, Churches, cemeteries, and publicly owned buildings or facilities.  
20 G.) Buildings, structures and uses that are accessory to any of the above permitted uses.  
21 H.) Type 1 home occupations, subject to all provisions set forth in Section 12.17: HOME  
22 OCCUPATIONS of this Ordinance.  
23 I.) Family day care homes and adult foster care homes caring for six (6) or fewer persons  
24

25 Section 4.03: USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL

- 26  
27 A.) Conservation Subdivision Planned Unit Developments  
28 B.) Type 2 home occupation is any home occupation involving the use of an attached or detached  
29 accessory building or one that would occupy more than 500 square feet or 25 percent of the  
30 gross floor area of the dwelling unit.  
31 C.) Raising of fur bearing animals, including dog kennels.  
32 1.) All animals shall be adequately housed, fenced and maintained so as not to create a  
33 nuisance.  
34 2.) All gates on fences where the animals are enclosed shall have a self-closing latch to which a  
35 lock may be fastened.  
36 3.) All pens and runways shall be screened from view from all directions either by the buildings  
37 or by greenbelt plantings. Kennels shall also have restrictive fencing at least six (6) feet in  
38 height.  
39 4.) Kennels shall be set back a minimum of fifty (50) feet from each property line and one  
40 hundred fifty (150) feet from the road right of way.  
41 5.) Special approval for a dog kennel pursuant to this section shall be required in addition to any  
42 kennel licenses issued by the county and or state.  
43 6.) Approvals may be limited to a one-year period, subject to renewal  
44 D.) Two Family Dwellings.  
45 1.) Any dwelling proposed for use as a two family dwelling must have been constructed for and  
46 occupied as a single family dwelling prior to the adoption of this Ordinance.  
47 2.) Each dwelling unit within the remodeled dwelling must contain the minimum number of  
48 square feet required for a single-family dwelling.  
49 E.) Group day Care Homes  
50 1.) The group day care home shall have a fenced play area for the children containing not less  
51 than 5,000 square feet. In no event shall less than 150 square feet of outdoor play area be  
52 available for each child.  
53 2.) The property shall be maintained in a manner consistent with the visible characteristics of the  
54 neighborhood, which may include landscaping or screening at the discretion of the Planning  
55 Commission.  
56 3.) The group day care home shall not exceed sixteen (16) hours of operation during any twenty-  
57 four (24) hour period. The Township Planning Commission may place limits on the operation

- 1 of the day care home between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m., but may not totally  
2 prohibit operations during said hours.
- 3 4.) The group day care home must provide adequate off street parking for employees and for  
4 persons bringing children to the facility
- 5 F.) Aircraft landing areas for agricultural or personal use. Any landing area shall be least 500 feet  
6 from any existing structure. Landing area shall be grass surface only.
- 7 G.) Farm Labor Housing. Housing for temporary farm labor on bona fide farms may be permitted,  
8 subject to the following requirements.
- 9 1.) A farm on which the farm labor housing is proposed to be located must demonstrate a  
10 legitimate need for temporary farm labor to be housed on the farm.
- 11 2.) The farm labor housing must fully comply with the Agricultural Labor Camp rules issued by  
12 the Michigan Department of Public Health.
- 13 3.) Any housing for temporary farm labor approved under this ordinance shall be occupied only  
14 by the temporary farm laborers and shall not be used for any other residential purposes. In  
15 no event shall the housing be occupied more than six (6) months during any one (1) calendar  
16 year.
- 17 4.) Any housing used under this section shall contain no less than 650 square feet of living area.  
18 Mobile homes must meet footage requirements prior to any alterations or additions.
- 19 5.) All temporary farm labor housing must be kept in neat and orderly condition.
- 20 6.) In the event that a mobile home is used for temporary farm housing, the foundation supports  
21 may consist of pillars or six (6) inch concrete reinforced slab rather than full foundation. Full  
22 skirting shall be placed on the mobile home consisting of aluminum, brick or other non-  
23 combustible material. Any skirting shall extend from the ground to the edge of the mobile  
24 home and shall surround the mobile home.
- 25 7.) Any structure utilized for temporary farm housing shall be subject to all building permits and  
26 inspection requirements. A written yearly report shall be filed with the Township Offices  
27 before occupancy each year, including copies of state approvals.
- 28 8.) The single-family dwelling requirements of Section 12.06: MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS  
29 FOR DWELLINGS OUTSIDE OF MANUFACTURED  
30 HOUSING PARKS of the Goodland Township Zoning Ordinance shall not be applicable  
31 to temporary farm housing constructed under this section.
- 32 9.) In the event that any farm labor housing is no longer used for that purpose for a period of two  
33 (2) years, the farm labor housing shall be removed from the parcel.
- 34 H.) Sewage and or water treatment plants
- 35 I.) Golf Courses and/or driving ranges
- 36 1.) The site shall be so planned as to provide all ingress and egress directly onto a paved road.  
37 2.) No buildings shall be less than two hundred (200) feet from any property line.
- 38 J.) Private Clubs and Indoor / Outdoor Recreation Areas
- 39 1.) Site Requirements:
- 40 a.) Minimum site size of forty (40) acres  
41 b.) Direct access to a public road
- 42 2.) Yard and Placement Requirements:
- 43 a.) All development features shall be located to minimize the possibility of any adverse  
44 effect upon adjacent property. This shall include a minimum setback of two hundred  
45 (200) feet from property lines and road rights of way.  
46 b.) Related accessory commercial uses may be permitted in conjunction with the recreation  
47 use when it is clearly incidental to the main recreation character of the property
- 48 3.) Other Requirements:
- 49 a.) Whenever a swimming pool is to be provided, said pool shall be provided with a  
50 protective fence six (6) feet in height and entry shall be by means of a controlled gate.
- 51 K.) Recreational Travel trailer parks shall also be subject to the following:
- 52 1.) The number of trailer or campsites shall be not more than fifteen (15) per gross acre. The  
53 minimum area of any space for travel a trailer shall not be less than twelve hundred (1200)  
54 square feet with no dimension less than thirty (30) feet.
- 55 2.) Parking of a tent, camper, travel trailer or recreation vehicle shall be limited to not more than  
56 thirty (30) days.
- 57 3.) A minimum of 50% of the total area shall be reserved for recreation purposes or open space.
- 58 4.) The trailer park shall meet all state and county health department requirements.

- 1 L.) Public and private shooting ranges and gun clubs shall be subject to the following:  
2 1.) Every shooting range shall be constructed and maintained in accordance with nationally  
3 recognized safe practice standards set forth by the National Rifle Association. Each range  
4 shall be of sufficient size and appropriate design to permit the discharge of firearms without  
5 endangering the safety of persons within the velocity area of the various firearms utilized.  
6 2.) Every shooting range shall be posted with signs around the perimeter that indicate the area  
7 as a shooting range. Adequate backstops, bench rests, baffles and necessary safety  
8 features shall be provided. There shall be a greenbelt or open area not used for shooting  
9 along the perimeter of the shooting range. Such greenbelt or open space shall be a minimum  
10 of five hundred (500) feet in width.  
11 3.) The Planning Commission shall consider safety and noise factors and methods of minimizing  
12 related problems. There shall be no shooting between the hours of 7:00 P.M. and 9:00 A.M.  
13 4.) The application shall be accompanied by plans and scale drawings showing the area of land,  
14 shooting areas, and backstops or buildings to be used.  
15 M.) Cellular and other communications towers exceeding the height limitations of the district.  
16

1                   **ARTICLE V—CONSERVATION SUBDIVISION/PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT**

2  
3   Section 5.01:    **PURPOSE**

4  
5    The intent of this Article is to offer an alternative to the pervasive rural subdivision using planned unit  
6 development (PUD) procedures as authorized under Section 125.3503 of the Michigan Zoning Enabling  
7 Act, being Act 110 of 2006, as amended. These provisions encourage greater innovation and offer more  
8 flexibility in the design of open space/cluster residential developments than can be achieved under the  
9 provisions of the underlying A Agricultural/Rural Residential district. They are intended to preserve the  
10 rural character of the land by promoting the creation of compact residential clusters that are  
11 encompassed and veiled by open space and less intensive land uses. The Conservation Subdivision  
12 (CSd)/Planned Unit Development provisions allow variation from permitted lot density, lot area and width  
13 standards for lots in single-family residential developments in exchange for improved open space,  
14 enhanced screening and buffering techniques and amenities and other design considerations such as  
15 single loaded streets that will enhance the rural quality of life.

16 Land use goals and objectives for the Township, which may be better accomplished using the CSd  
17 development provisions, include the following:

- 18    A.) The provision of meaningful buffers between agricultural land and operations and more intensive  
19       residential development.
- 20    B.) The conservation and preservation of woodlands and sensitive environmental areas such as  
21       wetlands in the Township and to otherwise minimize the disturbance of woodlands, steep slopes,  
22       ridgelines, wetlands and stream corridors in the design of new development.
- 23    C.) To facilitate the continued use of farmland while accommodating residential development that will  
24       not over capacitate the soil, aquifers and roadways.
- 25    D.) To recognize the value of and to facilitate the creation of "developed" open space and recreation  
26       facilities such as golf courses, man made lakes, equestrian facilities and passive athletic grounds  
27       within residential developments in concert with undeveloped open space; as defined in Section  
28       125.3506 of the Michigan Zoning Enabling Act, being Act 110 of 2006, as amended.
- 29    E.) Greater accessibility to natural areas, developed open space, and recreation land by their  
30       inclusion within new developments as common areas.
- 31    F.) The provision of "developed" recreation and open space facilities that are privately financed and  
32       maintained for the use of residents in the development and/or the public.

33  
34   Section 5.02:    **DEFINITIONS**

35  
36    **PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT (PUD):** An area of a minimum contiguous size, as specified under this  
37 ordinance, to be planned, developed, operated and maintained as a single entity and containing one or  
38 more residential clusters and one or more public, quasi-public, or private open space areas in such  
39 percentage of gross or net area or ratio to residential use area as specified in this ordinance

40  
41   Section 5.03:    **PERMITTED USES**

42  
43    Conservation Subdivision PUD (CSD PUD) developments may only be authorized in the A  
44 Agricultural/Rural Residential District. The uses permitted within CSd PUD developments are restricted to  
45 detached single-family residential dwellings; customary residential accessory uses and structures; and  
46 improved and unimproved open space. At the time of PUD approval, the Planning Commission may  
47 approve the following uses as allowable uses of open space:

- 48    A.) Agricultural accessory buildings and limited agricultural activities when conducted within the open  
49       space areas designated within the development. For the purposes of this Section, agricultural  
50       activities shall be limited to the growing of trees, crops, fruits and vegetables and/or the raising,  
51       breeding, training and keeping of farm animals. Areas made part of the development intended to  
52       support farming activities shall be located, arranged and restricted to minimize any nuisance or  
53       hazard to the residents of the development.
- 54    B.) Natural areas, golf courses, equestrian facilities, tennis courts, ball fields, trails, playgrounds,  
55       community buildings and similar recreational facilities as well as day care facilities. Such uses  
56       shall be accessory to the residential uses in the development and designed to be primarily used  
57       by residents of the development unless specifically designed and authorized by the Planning  
58       Commission as public use facilities.

- 1 C.) Accessory structures and buildings customarily associated with single-family residential dwellings  
2 shall be subject to the requirements, unless otherwise specified herein, residential accessory  
3 buildings shall be regulated by the provision that pertains to accessory buildings in the R  
4 Residential district, except that no accessory building shall be located in the front yard of a  
5 dwelling lot. The location, size appearance and use of buildings and structures associated with  
6 an approved open space use shall be established by the Planning Commission as a condition of  
7 approval of the PUD plan approval for a Development.  
8

9 Section 5.04: LOCATION PRINCIPLES

10 The following general principles shall be utilized to evaluate the location of any proposed conservation  
11 subdivision district. The Planning Commission shall apply these principles as general guidelines to help  
12 assess the impact and appropriateness of the development and its design.

- 13 A.) Protecting Natural and Cultural Features. All conservation subdivision developments shall be  
14 designed to promote the preservation of natural features and or cultural features. Significant  
15 wildlife habitats, sensitive environmental lands, productive and unique farmland and scenic vistas,  
16 historic structures are to be conserved and/or protected where practical.  
17 B.) Access to Public or Private Roadway. CSd developments must be directly accessible to a public  
18 road or indirectly accessible to a public road via a private road meeting Goodland Township  
19 Private Road Ordinance specifications. If it is possible to access a development from more than  
20 one public or private road, the Planning Commission shall, in consultation with the Lapeer County  
21 Road Commission, determine the most appropriate number and location of new street  
22 intersections and access points. Direct driveway access for individual lots and home sites to  
23 existing public streets will be prohibited unless it is necessitated by unique property configuration  
24 or other unusual physical circumstances.  
25 C.) If an already existing private road is to be used it must comply with the Goodland Township  
26 Private Road ordinance, the PUD approval can be held in lieu of Private Road proof of  
27 compliance.  
28  
29

30 Section 5.05: AREA REGULATIONS

- 31 A.) Minimum Development Acreage: To be eligible for PUD consideration, the minimum size of any  
32 CSd development shall be twenty (20 ± 0.1) acres of contiguous land, including existing road right  
33 of way.  
34 B.) Minimum Required Open Space: The minimum amount of preserved and protected open space  
35 contained in any CSd PUD shall be fifty-percent (50%) of the gross acreage of the project and  
36 shall meet the open space criteria of Section 8 of this chapter. A minimum of forty-percent (40%)  
37 of the protected open space shall be held in common or in public ownership. The balance of the  
38 minimum required protected open space might be held privately. All lands intended to be held in  
39 common and all open space, which is to be preserved but not held in common or by the public,  
40 shall be protected by restrictions meeting the criteria of Section 5.12: COMMON  
41 OWNERSHIP OF PRESERVED AREAS and Section 5.13: PRESERVED AREAS NOT  
42 OWNED IN COMMON of this Article.  
43 C.) Lot Area:  
44 1.) The minimum lot area shall be not less than one and one-half acres (65,340 square feet).  
45 2.) All lots must comply with the Land Division Act length to width ratio.  
46 3.) No portion of a lot exceeding two acres shall be used in calculating adherence to the required  
47 minimum average.  
48 4.) The well and septic facilities for each lot that is not served by public water and/or sewer shall  
49 be approved by the State or County Health Department having jurisdiction—although parcel  
50 size may meet Township requirements for PUD ordinances, it may not meet development  
51 requirements for on site sewer and water.  
52 D.) Lot Width: The minimum lot width at the front building line shall be 100 feet. The street frontage  
53 for individual lots may be less than the required lot width when the lot is arranged along a cul-de-  
54 sac street, or other street curve. The lot width at the street may also be reduced for individual  
55 unique situations where strict adherence to a minimum frontage requirement would contribute  
56 unnecessarily to an inefficient lot arrangement, or to the wasting of otherwise appropriate building  
57 sites.  
58 E.) Front Yard: There shall be a front yard setback of not less than thirty (30) feet.  
59



- 1 F.) Side Yard: For residential buildings, there shall be a side yard setback of not less than ten (10)  
2 feet.
- 3 G.) Rear Yard: There shall be a rear yard setback of not less than twenty-five (25) feet.
- 4 H.) Exterior Setbacks: The setback of any residential dwelling, residential accessory structure or  
5 other building approved in the development shall be a minimum of fifty (50) feet from any property  
6 not included within the development.
- 7 I.) Accessory Buildings: No residential accessory building shall be constructed within any required  
8 front yard setback. No detached accessory building shall be closer than ten (10) feet to the  
9 dwelling or within any required side or rear setbacks. No accessory building within the residential  
10 areas shall exceed fourteen (14) feet in height.
- 11 J.) Common Area Setbacks: For all other buildings and structures, permitted by the Planning  
12 Commission in common areas within the development, the minimum front, rear, and side-yard  
13 setbacks shall be fifty (50) feet.

14  
15 Section 5.06: HEIGHT REGULATIONS

16 No residential building or structure shall exceed thirty-five (35) feet in height. No accessory building  
17 within the residential areas shall exceed fourteen (14) feet in height. Unless otherwise approved by the  
18 Planning Commission, no buildings and structures shall exceed thirty-five (35) feet.

19  
20 Section 5.07: MINIMUM FLOOR AREA

21 Each dwelling unit shall have a minimum of nine hundred-sixty (960) square feet of usable floor area,  
22 exclusive of porches, garages, basements, or utility areas; in the case of a dwelling unit of more than one  
23 (1) story the minimum area shall be seven hundred (700) square feet of floor area on the ground level  
24 and any other level shall have a floor area no less than forty percent (40%) of the ground level floor area.

25  
26 Section 5.08: MAXIMUM BASE DENSITY AND DENSITY BONUS

27  
28 Through the preservation of permanent developed and undeveloped open space and the use of  
29 subdivision design techniques that limit the impacts on the rural character, the total number of lots  
30 permitted in a CSd development may be allowed to exceed the number of dwelling lots achievable  
31 utilizing the conventional lot area standards of the underlying Zoning District.

- 32 A.) Minimum Open space: No bonus will be granted unless at least fifty (50%) percent of the gross  
33 acreage is set aside as permanently protected open space.
- 34 B.) Maximum Bonus: The combined total number of bonus dwelling units granted shall not exceed  
35 fifty (50%) percent of the base number of dwelling units achievable under the conventional  
36 density and lot area requirements for the district.
- 37 C.) Bonus Dwelling Units: The number of dwelling units granted as bonuses shall be earned  
38 bonuses derived as follows:
- 39 1.) Open space in excess of fifty (50%) percent. One bonus dwelling unit will be granted for  
40 each five (5) acres of preserved open space, in excess of the 50% required under Section 5.
- 41 2.) Streetscape and residence buffer bonus. One bonus dwelling unit or a two acre reduction in  
42 the minimum of fifty (50%) percent of open space required under Section 5 may be granted  
43 for each three hundred (300) feet long by two hundred-fifty (250) feet deep (measured from  
44 the edge of existing or proposed right-of-way) increment of uninterrupted street frontage open  
45 space that is preserved directly adjacent to an existing public roadway or existing residences.  
46 As a variation to the two hundred-fifty (250) feet of streetscape depth, the township may in its  
47 discretion require the creation of a seventy-five (75) foot deep (measured from the edge of  
48 existing or proposed right-of-way) professionally landscaped, planted and maintained buffer  
49 along the adjacent existing public road right of way or between new home sites and existing  
50 residences adjacent to the development.  
51 The township may in its discretion accept a densely vegetated "no disturb" zone of at least  
52 seventy-five (75) in width as satisfying the above streetscape and existing residence buffer.
- 53 3.) Open space improvements. One (1) bonus dwelling unit or a two (2) acre reduction in the  
54 minimum of fifty (50%) percent open space required, under Section 5 of this Article, may be  
55 granted for each five hundred (500) foot increment of five (5) foot wide improved, handicap  
56 accessible walkway or trail. One bonus dwelling unit or a two (2) acre reduction in open  
57 space may be granted for each seventeen hundred-fifty (1750) foot increment of five (5) foot  
58 wide improved or semi-improved trail not meeting handicap accessible standards. For

1 purposes of this Article a semi-improved pedestrian trail shall consist of a clear travel width of  
2 at least five (5) feet, a well-drained and solid sand or gravel base maintained for year round  
3 use and shall be clearly marked.

4 Satisfactory mechanisms for perpetual trail maintenance shall be incorporated into the  
5 documents required under Section 5.12: COMMON OWNERSHIP OF PRESERVED  
6 AREAS of this Article.

- 7 4.) Single loaded streets. One bonus dwelling unit or a two (2) acre reduction in the minimum of  
8 fifty (50%) percent of open space required under Section 5, will be granted in exchange for  
9 each three hundred (300) lineal feet of single loaded (homes on only one side) internally  
10 constructed street.
- 11 5.) Public Dedication of Open space. Dedication of land for public use including trails and active  
12 recreation areas is encouraged. A density bonus for open space dedicated to the public for  
13 such purpose shall be computed based on one lot or building site for each two (2) acres of  
14 open space accessible to the public. The decision to accept an applicant's offer to dedicate  
15 open space for public access shall be at the discretion of the Township Board, who shall be  
16 guided by the Planning Commission and any officially adopted Township or county plans and  
17 policies for parks, recreation and open space.
- 18 6.) Contribution to an Open Space Acquisition and Maintenance Fund. The Planning  
19 Commission, in consultation with the Township Board, may allow a density bonus for the  
20 express purpose of generating income or endowment for a Township open space acquisition  
21 and maintenance fund. For each bonus lot granted in a development, not otherwise justified  
22 by the above items 1 through 5, a minimum of seventy-five (75%) percent of the value  
23 improved lot (as determined by an independent and certified appraiser) must be donated to  
24 an open space endowment fund created for such purposes. The fund must be restricted to  
25 expenditures used for the public acquisition and maintenance of open space and recreation  
26 land located anywhere within the Township.
- 27 7.) Access: Developments located on unimproved public streets (gravel) may not be granted  
28 bonus dwellings if in the discretion of the Planning Commission, it is determined that the  
29 condition of the public roadway from which primary access will be derived is in sub-standard  
30 condition and deterioration would be materially accelerated by the project; and the roadway is  
31 not scheduled for improvements in the foreseeable future. Bonus densities may be  
32 subsequently authorized for development at the request of the developer once appropriate  
33 roadway improvements have been made.

34 D.) Maximum Base Density Lot Yield: The base lot yield under the conventional zoning district  
35 regulations shall be determined by first subtracting fifty percent of any acreage that is presently  
36 restricted by open water, designated wetlands, floodway, and exclusive easements and one  
37 hundred percent of any right of way from the gross (total) acres of land area of the project parcel.  
38 The remaining area, (net buildable land area) is then divided by the District's base density of one  
39 (1) dwelling units per five (5) acres to determine the number of lots that are achievable under the  
40 District's conventional standards.

- 41 1.) The existence or non-existence of permanent open water, wetlands and or floodways on a  
42 parcel shall be evidenced and demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Planning Commission  
43 through a written determination by the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality  
44 (MDEQ) or by analysis performed by a professional environmental scientist, environmental  
45 engineer or similar professional with credentials showing expertise for making such  
46 determinations.
- 47 2.) The applicant may be required to provide evidence of on site well and septic suitability for the  
48 number of lots determined to be the conventional lot yield.
- 49 3.) Fractions of dwelling units resulting from dwelling unit calculations shall be rounded to the  
50 nearest whole number. If the fraction is exactly between whole numbers, the fraction shall be  
51 rounded to the highest whole number.

52 E.) Density Bonus: The base density lot yield is added to the number of the bonus lots allowed under  
53 the above formula to achieve the maximum number of lots eligible for consideration within the  
54 proposed Conservation subdivision. Fractions of dwelling units resulting from dwelling unit  
55 calculations shall be rounded to the nearest whole number. If the fraction is exactly between  
56 whole numbers, the fraction shall be rounded to the highest whole number.

1  
2 Section 5.09: OPEN SPACE CRITERIA  
3

- 4 A.) The following areas will not be calculated as protected open space:  
5 1.) Areas devoted to public street right of way and private street easements.  
6 2.) Any area included within a dwelling lot or a limited common area, which is assigned to the  
7 benefit of a single condominium unit unless specifically approved by the Planning  
8 Commission. The Planning Commission may approve area not dedicated to the public or in  
9 common as protected open space and calculate such area in meeting the minimum required  
10 protected open space as specified in Section 4 only if the following circumstances exist:  
11 a.) The individual lot, parcel or unit within which protected open space is encompassed  
12 exceeds two (2) acres and only that area in excess of two (2) acres is calculated.  
13 b.) The total amount of protected and preserved open space not held in common or by the  
14 public within the development may represent no more than twenty (20%) percent of the  
15 required fifty (50%) percent protected open space.  
16 c.) The areas not held in common are designated on the site plan and are protected by  
17 recorded legal mechanisms approved by the Township as stipulated under Section 5.13:  
18 PRESERVED AREAS NOT OWNED IN COMMON of this Article.  
19 d.) Areas set aside for future development.  
20 B.) Except as otherwise approved by the Planning Commission, no individual area designated as  
21 open space shall be less than one (1) acre in size.  
22 C.) Access to open space areas, which are suitable for active use, shall be provided from all areas of  
23 the development by means of public or private streets or pedestrian access ways.  
24 D.) Frontage along existing primary and secondary roads is encouraged to remain in an open  
25 undeveloped state with building sites and structures arranged and located to minimize the  
26 prominence of the development within the view shed of the roadway. (Refer to Section 5.08:  
27 MAXIMUM BASE DENSITY AND DENSITY BONUS).  
28 E.) Where feasible and appropriate, the location and configuration of open space shall be  
29 coordinated with existing and potential open space lands on adjacent parcels and others in the  
30 surrounding area. This is to promote and encourage the potential for development of an  
31 interconnected system of open space lands.  
32 F.) Within areas designated as open space, no building, structure or other improvements shall be  
33 constructed, except those improvements that are identified on the site plans approved by the  
34 Planning Commission in conjunction with the application for special use permit. Areas  
35 designated as open space shall be used only for designated recreation, agriculture or  
36 conservation purposes, with the exception that on-site well or wastewater disposal systems  
37 serving one or more individual lots or condominium units may be located within designated open  
38 space areas if approved by the Lapeer County Health Department and/or MDEQ.  
39

40 Section 5.10: STANDARDS FOR APPROVAL  
41

42 In addition to the site plan and special approval standards and requirements contained in **ARTICLE**  
43 **XVI—SITE PLAN REVIEW** and **ARTICLE XVII—USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL OF**  
44 **THE PLANNING COMMISSION**, the following standards for approval shall be considered by the Planning  
45 Commission when considering requests for conservation subdivision planned unit developments:

- 46 A.) Do the proposed uses of the open space consider and use to the best advantage the overall size,  
47 shape, topography and location of the parcel proposed for the conservation subdivision?  
48 B.) Does the open space include any irreplaceable natural features located on the parcel, such as  
49 but not limited to significant views, stream beds, threatened or endangered plant species,  
50 significant stands of trees, and individual trees of significant size or variety?  
51 C.) Will the approval of this development grant a substantial benefit, to both residents of the  
52 development and the Township in general, which under more traditional zoning, would not occur?  
53 D.) Compatibility with Adjacent Uses: The proposed CSd site plan shall set forth in detail all  
54 specifications with respect to height, setbacks, density, parking, circulation, landscaping, views,  
55 and other design features that exhibit due regard for the relationship of the development to  
56 surrounding properties, the character of the site, and the land uses. In determining whether this  
57 requirement has been met, consideration shall be given to:  
58 1.) The bulk, placement, and materials of construction of proposed structures.  
59 2.) Pedestrian and vehicular circulation.

- 1 3.) The location and screening of vehicular use or parking areas.  
2 4.) The provision of landscaping and other site amenities.  
3 E.) Impact of Traffic: The CSd project shall be designed to minimize the impact of traffic generated by  
4 the proposed development on surrounding uses.  
5 F.) Protection of Natural Environment: The proposed project shall be protective of the natural  
6 environment and avoid or minimize the pollution, impairment, or destruction of the environment  
7 according to the Michigan Environmental Protection Act and any other relevant law or regulation.  
8 G.) Access to Open Space: The proposed project shall assure access to the designated open space  
9 area by residents within the CSd project site, or by the public if the open space is publicly owned.  
10 This requirement may be waived if ownership of the open space is dedicated for agricultural  
11 purposes.  
12 H.) Compliance with Applicable Regulations: The proposed project shall comply with all applicable  
13 federal, state, county and local regulations unless specifically waived in writing or approved under  
14 these provisions.  
15

16 Section 5.11: UNIFIED CONTROL

17 The proposed development shall be under single ownership or control, such that there is a single person  
18 or entity having proprietary responsibility for the full completion of the project. The applicant shall provide  
19 sufficient documentation of ownership or control in the form of agreements, contracts, performance  
20 guarantees, covenants and/or deed restrictions that indicate that the development will be completed in its  
21 entirety, as proposed.  
22

23 Section 5.12: COMMON OWNERSHIP OF PRESERVED AREAS

24  
25 Any land intended to be used as common area by homeowners shall be set aside for their exclusive  
26 use. All such lands shall be designated on the site plan and shall be protected by restrictions running  
27 with the land. The restrictions shall be reviewed and approved as to wording by the Township Attorney to  
28 assure the following:

- 29 A.) That title to the open space would be held in common by the owners of all dwelling units in the  
30 cluster development.  
31 B.) That a permanent organization for maintenance and management of such area would be assured  
32 by legal documents prior to the issuance of any building permits or the sale of any property.  
33 C.) That the restrictions would be sufficient to assure the permanent preservation of the open space.  
34 D.) That the restrictions could be enforced by all property owners and by the Township.  
35

36 Section 5.13: PRESERVED AREAS NOT OWNED IN COMMON

37  
38 Land areas, which are to be preserved but not held in common ownership, shall be designated on the  
39 site plan and shall be protected by restrictions running with the land. The restrictions shall be reviewed  
40 and approved as to wording by the Township Attorney to assure the following:

- 41 A.) That the proposed manner of holding title to the preserved open land is acceptable to the  
42 Township.  
43 B.) That the proposed restrictions would adequately preserve the natural features and regulate the  
44 use of the open land.  
45 C.) That the restrictions could be enforced by all property owners and by the Township.  
46

47 Section 5.14: GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- 48  
49 A.) Procedures: Application for review and approval of a CSd shall be made in accordance  
50 with the provisions of **ARTICLE XVI—SITE PLAN REVIEW**.  
51 B.) Effect of Approval:  
52 1.) Approval of a CSd proposal shall not require, nor shall it be construed as an  
53 amendment to the zoning ordinance. All improvements and uses of the site shall be  
54 in conformity with the approved site plan and comply fully with any conditions  
55 imposed by the Planning Commission.  
56 2.) Any development involving a land division that is not exempted under the State Land  
57 Division Act, Act 288 of 1968 shall require subsequent or concurrent review as a  
58 platted subdivision or site condominium.

- 1 C.) Recording of Action: The applicant shall record an affidavit with the Lapeer County  
2 Register of Deeds containing the full legal description of the project site, specifying the  
3 date of final Township approval, and declaring that all improvements will be carried out in  
4 accordance with the approved CSd site plan unless an amendment is adopted by the  
5 planning Commission. In addition, all deed restrictions and easements shall be duly filed  
6 with the Lapeer County Register of Deeds and copies of recorded documents shall be  
7 presented to the Township Clerk.
- 8 D.) Continuing Adherence to Plan: Any property owner who fails to conform to an approved  
9 CSd plan shall be deemed in violation of the use provisions of the Zoning Ordinance and  
10 shall be subject to the penalties for same.
- 11 E.) Performance Guarantee: The Planning Commission shall require that a performance  
12 guarantee, in accordance with **ARTICLE XVI—SITE PLAN REVIEW**, be deposited with  
13 the Township to insure completion of improvements.

14  
15 Section 5.15: SCHEDULED PHASING

16  
17 When proposed construction is to be phased, the project shall be designed in a manner that allows each  
18 phase to function fully on its own—regarding service, utilities, circulation, facilities, and open space. Each  
19 phase shall contain the necessary components to insure protection of natural resources and the health,  
20 safety, and welfare of the users of the CSd project and surrounding properties.

21  
22 Section 5.16: REVISION OF APPROVED PLAN

- 23  
24 A.) General Revisions: Approved plans for CSd/PUD may be revised, under the same  
25 procedures required for initial approval.
- 26 B.) Minor Changes: Notwithstanding any provision in the Ordinance to the contrary, minor  
27 changes to an approved CSd plan, including changes to the project phasing, may be  
28 permitted by the Planning Commission following the site plan review procedures of  
29 **ARTICLE XVI—SITE PLAN REVIEW**. Such minor changes may be approved by the  
30 Planning Commission without resort to the public notice and hearing procedures set forth  
31 in **ARTICLE XVII—USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL OF THE**  
32 **PLANNING COMMISSION** if the Planning Commission specifically finds:
- 33 1.) Such changes will not adversely affect the initial basis for granting approval;
  - 34 2.) Such changes shall not result in the increase in density or reduction of open space  
35 area or a change in the use of open space use as originally approved.
  - 36 3.) The change is internal and does not have a direct relationship to an adjacent  
37 property.
- 38  
39

1 **ARTICLE VI—OPEN SPACE PRESERVATION**

2 Section 6.01: STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

3  
4 The intent of this Article is to implement provisions as to open space preservation as authorized by  
5 Michigan Compiled Law Section 125.3506

6  
7 Section 6.02: OPEN SPACE PRESERVATION/CLUSTER HOUSING

- 8  
9 A.) Open Space: Land qualifying as open space shall be land set aside for recreational,  
10 conservation or agricultural uses and preserved in an undeveloped state. Open space shall not  
11 be deemed to include areas within road rights-of-way, county drain easements or residential yard  
12 areas. Development of preserved open space lands or their use for other than recreation,  
13 conservation or agriculture purposes shall be prohibited.
- 14 B.) Minimum Site Size: The clustering of single-family dwellings may only be permitted on parcels of  
15 land containing at least twenty (20) acres.
- 16 C.) Open Space Minimum: A single-family cluster development must preserve open space equal to a  
17 minimum of fifty (50) percent of the total area of the parcel on which the cluster housing is  
18 constructed.
- 19 D.) Features to be Preserved: In order to approve an open space and cluster-housing proposal, the  
20 Planning Commission must determine that the parcel of land contains natural features, which  
21 would be preserved by clustered development. Such features must include at least one of the  
22 following:  
23 1.) Natural stands of large trees  
24 2.) Natural habitat for wildlife within the developed portion of the property  
25 3.) Unusual topographic features  
26 4.) Productive farmland  
27 5.) Water or wetland areas
- 28 E.) Maximum Number of Dwelling Units Allowed and Minimum Lot Area: Within an open space  
29 preservation development, the Planning Commission may allow a dwelling unit density within the  
30 developed area, greater than otherwise would be permitted in the zoning district. The maximum  
31 number of dwelling units that may be allowed shall be the number of dwelling units that would  
32 ordinarily be allowed, based on the total land area of the parcel, including the area to be  
33 preserved. The minimum lot area for each dwelling unit within the development may be reduced  
34 by the Planning Commission to no less than one and one half (1 ½) acre.
- 35 F.) Minimum Setbacks and Lot Width: In areas approved for open space preservation development,  
36 the required setbacks and lot widths may be reduced by the Planning Commission, subject to the  
37 following minimums:  
38 1.) The minimum side yard and rear yard setbacks shall be at least fifteen (15) feet  
39 2.) The minimum lot width shall be at least one hundred (100) feet.
- 40 G.) Road Access: All dwelling units within an open space preservation development shall enter only  
41 onto a private road or a newly constructed public road.
- 42 H.) Common Ownership of Preserved Areas: Any open space land intended to be used as common  
43 area by home owners shall be designated on a site plan and shall be set aside for their exclusive  
44 use. All such land shall be designated on the site plan and shall be protected by restrictions  
45 running with the land. The restrictions shall be reviewed and approved as to wording by the  
46 Township Attorney to assure the following:  
47 1.) That title to the open space would be held in common by the owners of all dwelling units in  
48 the cluster development;  
49 2.) That a permanent organization for maintenance and management of such areas would be  
50 assured by legal documents prior to the issuance of any building permits or the sale of any  
51 property;  
52 3.) That the restrictions would be sufficient to assure the permanent preservation of the open  
53 space;  
54 4.) And that the restrictions could be enforced by all property owners and by the Township.
- 55 I.) Preserved Areas Not Owned in Common: Any open space land areas, which are to be  
56 preserved, but not held in common ownership shall be designated on a site plan and shall be  
57 protected by restrictions running with the land. The restrictions shall be reviewed and approved  
58 as to wording by the Township Attorney to assure the following:

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- 1.) That the proposed manner of holding title to the preserved land is acceptable;
- 2.) That the proposed restrictions would adequately preserve the natural features and regulate the use of the open land;
- 3.) And that the restrictions could be enforced by all property owners and by the Township.

1  
2 **ARTICLE VII—R RESIDENTIAL**

3 Section 7.01: STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

4  
5 This Residential District is established to provide principally for one and two family dwellings on smaller  
6 lots. The specific intent of this district is to allow the construction and continued use of one and two family  
7 dwellings and single family density developments; and to discourage the use of the land which would  
8 substantially interfere with this objective; and to discourage any land use which, because of its character  
9 and size, would create requirements and costs for the public services substantially in excess of those at  
10 the specified densities; and to discourage any land use which would generate excessive traffic on local  
11 roads.

12 Section 7.02: PRINCIPAL USES PERMITTED

- 13  
14 A.) Single-family dwellings;  
15 B.) Two family dwellings:  
16 1.) Each dwelling unit shall contain the minimum floor area required for single-family dwellings.  
17 2.) Each dwelling unit shall have a garage containing at least four hundred (400) square feet.  
18 C.) Schools, Churches, Cemeteries, and Publicly owned buildings or facilities;  
19 D.) Family day care homes and adult foster care homes (State Licensed Residential Facilities) caring  
20 for six (6) or fewer persons;  
21 E.) Buildings, structures and uses that are accessory to any of the above permitted uses;  
22 F.) Medical marijuana uses as set forth in Section 12.17D.1 – Medical Marijuana Uses.

23 Section 7.03: USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL

- 24  
25 A.) Conservation Subdivision Planned Unit Development  
26 B.) Multiple family dwellings:  
27 1.) The parcel of land on which the multiple family dwellings are located must contain at least  
28 five (5) acres and be at least three hundred and thirty (330) feet in width.  
29 2.) No parcel of land may contain more than two (2) dwelling units per acre.  
30 3.) Each dwelling unit shall contain at least nine hundred and sixty (960) square feet.  
31 4.) Adequate space for outdoor recreation shall be provided.  
32 C.) Home occupation: subject to all provisions set forth in Section 12.17: HOME OCCUPATIONS  
33 of this ordinance.  
34 D.) Rooming houses, boarding houses and tourist homes.  
35 E.) Hospitals  
36 F.) State licensed residential facilities caring for seven (7) or more residents/nursing homes:  
37 1.) Must be able to comply with state regulations for such facilities  
38 2.) Must have adequate area for outdoor exercise  
39 3.) Must be located so as to minimize danger to residents caused by heavily traveled roads  
40 4.) Must be located so as to be reasonably near adequate public and commercial facilities  
41 5.) Shall not be located within platted subdivisions  
42 G.) Group day care homes—subject to all requirements set forth in Section 4.03: USES  
43 PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL of this ordinance.  
44 H.) Sewage treatment plants  
45  
46



1 **ARTICLE VIII—MHP MANUFACTURED HOUSING PARK**  
2

3 Section 8.01: PRINCIPAL USES PERMITTED  
4

- 5 A.) Manufactured Housing Parks  
6 1.) The minimum size of the park shall be twenty (20) acres.  
7 2.) The minimum width of the park property shall be six hundred sixty (660) feet.  
8 B.) Single-family dwellings  
9 C.) Crop production  
10 D.) Family day care homes  
11 E.) State licensed residential facilities for six or fewer residents.  
12 F.) Buildings, structures and uses, which are accessory to any of the above-permitted uses.

13 Section 8.02: USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL  
14

- 15 A.) Two family dwellings:  
16 1.) Each dwelling unit shall contain the minimum floor area required for single-family dwellings.  
17 2.) Each dwelling unit shall have a garage containing at least four hundred (400) square feet.  
18 B.) Recreational facilities, campgrounds, and golf courses, subject to the requirements of Section  
19 4.03: USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL.  
20 C.) Home Occupations (subject to the requirements of Section 12.17: HOME  
21 OCCUPATIONS)  
22 D.) Group day care homes  
23 E.) Governmental buildings, structures, facilities, and parks  
24 F.) Schools and churches  
25 G.) Convalescent homes  
26  
27  
28

1 **ARTICLE IX—C COMMERCIAL DISTRICT**

2 Section 9.01: STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

3  
4 This District is intended to accommodate uses that can provide office, personal services, and  
5 commercial goods for visitors to and residents of Goodland Township, including auto-related uses, which  
6 would ordinarily be incompatible with the character of residential districts. These uses are principally  
7 intended to serve the community and highway traffic and will be restricted to those areas shown on the  
8 Goodland Township Master Plan for commercial use. Areas proposed for this District will be reviewed  
9 with consideration toward traffic, impact on adjacent areas, size and access to the lot, and whether or not  
10 the proposed area helps prevent strip commercial development.

11 Section 9.02: PRINCIPAL PERMITTED USES

12  
13 Land and/or buildings in the C Commercial District may be used for the following purposes as Permitted  
14 Uses, subject to the approval of a site plan, in accordance with the requirements of **ARTICLE XVI—SITE**  
15 **PLAN REVIEW.**

- 16 A.) Malls, shopping centers or outlets having less than 30,000 square feet of gross floor area.  
17 B.) Office buildings for any of the following occupations:  
18 1.) Executive, administrative, professional, accounting, drafting, and other similar professional  
19 activities, as determined by the Zoning Administrator  
20 2.) Medical and dental offices and clinics  
21 C.) Banks, credit unions, savings and loan associations, and other similar uses including those with  
22 drive-through facilities.  
23 D.) Personal service establishments conducting services on the premises, including barber and dry-  
24 cleaning service outlets, beauty shops, fitness centers, travel agencies, shoe and watch repair,  
25 furniture and appliance repair, and other similar uses.  
26 E.) Retail stores, providing goods within a completely enclosed building.  
27 F.) Drug stores and pharmacies.  
28 G.) Restaurants and taverns.  
29 H.) Private clubs, fraternal organizations, and lodge halls.  
30 I.) Dry-cleaning and laundry establishments performing cleaning operations on the premises,  
31 including retail/service operations.  
32 J.) Indoor recreational facilities, including bowling alleys, billiard halls and electronic amusement  
33 arcades.  
34 K.) Commercial childcare centers (non-dwelling).  
35 L.) Essential public services such as poles, wires, and underground utility systems, and utility and  
36 public service buildings, without storage yards.  
37 M.) Accessory buildings, structures, and uses customarily incidental to any of the above permitted  
38 uses, or Special Approval Uses.  
39 N.) Funeral Homes and Mortuaries.  
40 O.) Hotels and Motels.  
41 P.) Gas stations and convenience stores.  
42 Q.) Muffler, tire, brake and lube shops, excluding body and paint shops.

43 Section 9.03: USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL

44  
45 Land and/or buildings in the C Commercial District may be used for the following purposes following  
46 special approval by the Planning Commission in accordance with **ARTICLE XVI—SITE PLAN REVIEW.**

- 47 A.) Commercial greenhouses and nurseries.  
48 B.) Commercial kennels.  
49 C.) Vehicle wash establishments, either self-serve or automatic.  
50 D.) Veterinary hospitals and animal clinics.  
51 E.) Commercial mini or self-storage warehouses.  
52 F.) Theaters and auditoriums, public or private.  
53 G.) Adult entertainment facilities. Adult entertainment facilities may be permitted subject to the  
54 following requirements:

- 1           1.) Not more than two (2) adult entertainment facilities shall be permitted within one thousand
- 2           (1,000) feet of each other in order to prevent the concentration of these uses in any one area.
- 3           2.) None of the facilities shall be permitted within five hundred (500) feet of any agriculturally or
- 4           residentially zoned district.
- 5       H.) Open-air businesses such as drive-in theaters, nurseries, new and used car sales, fruit markets
- 6           and recreational facilities such as miniature golf, skate boarding, rollerblading, racetracks and
- 7           bumper cars.
- 8       I.) Building trade contractors involving related material and or equipment storage yards.
- 9       J.) Lumberyards, building materials sales and storage.
- 10       K.) Malls, retail shopping centers or outlets having 30,000 square feet or gross floor area or greater.
- 11       L.) Automobile body and paint shops

12    Section 9.04    BUILDING FACADE MATERIALS

13  
 14    All principal buildings shall be of masonry, pre-cast concrete, wood or factory finished metal  
 15    construction. The first floor wall area of all showroom, retail or office facades facing and visible from a  
 16    street shall be constructed of wood, brick, stone, fluted block, glass or similar decorative material. At  
 17    least twenty five (25) percent of the surface of balance of any first floor (or its equivalent first floor height  
 18    of twelve (12) feet), facing a street, other than a showroom or an office facade, shall be constructed of  
 19    brick, stone, fluted block, glass or similar decorative material. Wood may be utilized for decorative and  
 20    non-structural porticos, canopies, and other attachments. All metal buildings shall be constructed to the  
 21    minimum requirements established by the Metal Building Manufacturers Association.

22    In recognition of developing technologies in building materials, the Planning Commission may approve  
 23    other materials in consideration of the following standards:

- 24       A.) Whether or not the finished treatment is compatible with surrounding properties in terms of color
- 25           and overall image.
- 26       B.) The relative scale of the building in terms of height and area.
- 27       C.) The extent to which the building is setback from the street frontage(s) and the amount and quality
- 28           of landscaping on the street frontage(s) and along the building.
- 29       D.) Appeals of facade determinations may be made to the Zoning Board of Appeals.

30    Section 9.05:    ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS

- 31  
 32       A.) Site Development Standards in accordance with Table 11.02 .
- 33       B.) Parking and lighting shall be provided in accordance with the requirements of **ARTICLE XIV—**
- 34       **OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING REQUIREMENTS.**
- 35       C.) Greenbelts shall be provided as required in **Section 12.10 Landscaping & Greenbelts and**
- 36       Section 14.04: GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.
- 37       D.) Site Plan Review is required for all uses permitted in this Chapter in accordance with the
- 38           requirements of **ARTICLE XVI—SITE PLAN REVIEW.**
- 39       E.) Signs refer to the Goodland Township Sign Ordinance (a separate ordinance).
- 40       F.) Access Management Regulations shall be provided as required in **ARTICLE XV—ACCESS**
- 41       **MANAGEMENT REGULATION.**
- 42       G.) Solid Waste Receptacles shall be located and screened in accordance with Section 12.18:
- 43           \_\_\_\_\_ SOLID WASTE RECEPTACLE AREAS.
- 44
- 45

1 **ARTICLE X—I INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT**  
2

3 Section 10.01: STATEMENT OF PURPOSE  
4

5 This zoning district is intended to provide exclusive areas for industrial uses in areas served by highway  
6 access and adequate infrastructure. Uses in this zoning district are to provide for various types of light  
7 processing and manufacturing uses, wholesale businesses, warehouses and other uses compatible with  
8 one another and with surrounding land uses and with an absence of objectionable external effects.  
9 These uses are characterized by moderate lot coverage, adequate setbacks, environmental sensitivity,  
10 and creative site design. Intensive industrial uses are not encouraged within this district due to the  
11 absence of public water and sanitary sewer, the Township’s desire as expressed in the Master Plan is to  
12 maintain its rural character, and the fact that nearby communities offer more suitable areas for intensive  
13 industrial uses. However, it should be noted that it is not the intent of the Township to exclude such uses  
14 either.

15 Section 10.02: PRINCIPAL PERMITTED USES  
16

17 Land and or buildings in the I Industrial District may be used for the following purposes as Principal  
18 Permitted Uses in accordance with the performance standards outlined herein and subject to the approval  
19 of a site plan (refer to **ARTICLE XVI—SITE PLAN REVIEW**).

- 20 A.) Factories, manufacturing, compounding, processing, packaging, treating, or assembling the  
21 following:  
22 1.) Agricultural products, including but not limited to the production in greenhouses of flowers,  
23 plants, shrubs, trees, or other similar living products excluding animals.  
24 2.) Food and kindred products including meat, dairy, fruit, vegetable, seafood, bakery,  
25 confectionery, beverage, and similar products, excluding the slaughtering of animals, or  
26 rendering or refining of fats and oils.  
27 3.) Furniture and fixtures.  
28 4.) Printing and publishing.  
29 5.) Electrical machinery, equipment and supplies, electronic components and accessories.  
30 6.) Engineering, measuring, optical, medical, scientific, photographic, and similar instruments  
31 and goods.  
32 7.) Cut stone and stone products.  
33 B.) Factories, manufacturing, compounding, processing, packaging, treating or assembling of  
34 materials or products from previously prepared materials as the following:  
35 1.) Textile mill products, including woven fabric, knit goods, dyeing and finishing, floor coverings,  
36 yarn and thread, and other similar products.  
37 2.) Apparel and other finished products including clothing, leather goods, furnishing, and canvas  
38 products.  
39 3.) Lumber and wood products including millwork, prefabricated structural wood products and  
40 containers.  
41 4.) Paper and paperboard containers and products.  
42 5.) Biological products, drugs, medicinal chemicals and pharmaceutical preparations.  
43 6.) Glass products.  
44 7.) Jewelry, silverware and plated ware, musical instruments and parts, toys, amusement,  
45 sporting, and athletic goods, pens, pencils, and other office and artist supplies and materials,  
46 notions, signs and advertising displays.  
47 8.) Pottery, figurines, and other ceramic products using only previously pulverized clay.  
48 9.) Fabricated metal products, except heavy machinery.  
49 C.) Wholesale businesses, including automotive equipment, drugs, chemicals, dry goods, apparel,  
50 food, farm products, electrical goods, hardware, machinery, equipment, metals, paper products  
51 and lumber.  
52 D.) Warehousing and general storage including mini or self-storage warehouses.  
53 E.) Laundries, laundry services, and dry cleaning and dyeing plants, excluding retail/service outlets  
54 serving the public.  
55 F.) Office buildings for executive, administrative, engineering, design, drafting, and other similar  
56 support activities when in association with a permitted or special approval industrial land use.  
57 G.) Research and development facilities, including production activities.

- H.) Trade or industrial schools.
- I.) Utilities and communications installations such as electrical receiving or transforming stations, microwave towers, and television and radio towers.
- J.) Utility and public service buildings, including storage yards, essential public services such as poles, wires, and underground utility systems.
- K.) Buildings, structures, and uses accessory to the Permitted and Special Approval Land Uses.
- L.) Retail sales of goods where such sale is clearly incidental and accessory to the primary use and where the area devoted to retail sales does not exceed five (5) percent of the total floor area or 2,000 square feet (whichever is greater).

**Section 10.03: USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL**

Land and/or buildings in the I Industrial District may be used for the following purposes following special use approval by the Planning Commission under **ARTICLE XVII—USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION.**

- A.) Truck and freight terminals.
- B.) Bulk oil, gasoline, and propane distribution.
- C.) Removal and processing of earthen material.
- D.) Composting, materials recovery or recycling operations.
- E.) Airports and Landing Fields.
- F.) Production and/or bulk distribution of cement, cement products or asphalt.
- G.) Lumberyards, building materials sales and storage.
- H.) Building trade contractors involving related material and/or equipment storage yards.
- I.) Open-air businesses such as nurseries, new and used car sales, and fruit markets excluding recreation uses, recreational facilities.
- J.) Repair, service, or storage facilities for automobiles, trucks, construction equipment, farm machinery, and similar equipment.
- K.) Slaughter houses.
- L.) Junkyards (pursuant to the requirements of the Goodland Township Junkyard Ordinance).
- M.) Sewage treatment plants.
- N.) Sanitary landfills subject to the regulations of the State of Michigan.
- O.) Metal forging, stamping, etc. and other heavy industrial uses.

**Section 10.04: PERFORMANCE STANDARDS**

Each use permitted in the I Industrial District will be required to meet and maintain the following standards during its operations. During the process of site plan review and subsequent to approval, the Planning Commission may request information from the applicant pertaining to the uses ability to meet the standards. This information may include equipment specifications, professional evaluations, and or field measurement of impact factors such as noise, air emissions and vibration. Ongoing monitoring of such factors as necessary to ensure long-term compliance may be required and may be a condition of site plan approval.

- A.) Noise. Noise emanating from a use in this district shall not exceed 65 DNL at the boundaries of the lot. *(Note: DNL is the abbreviation for the day/night average-sound-level system. The day/night, average is the 24-hour-average sound level, expressed in decibels, obtained after the addition of a 10-decibel penalty for sound levels that occur between 10:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. The Department of Housing and Urban Development has selected 65 DNL as the maximum acceptable decibel level for residential developments. 65 DNL is comparable in loudness to typical speech levels, or nearby freeway auto traffic.)*
- B.) Emissions and Discharges. Uses in this district shall not create the following conditions at or beyond their lot or parcel boundary:
  - 1.) Obnoxious, toxic, or corrosive fumes or gases, except for those produced by internal combustion engines under design and operation conditions;
  - 2.) Odorous gases or other odorous matter in such quantities as to be offensive;
  - 3.) Noxious smoke, excluding steam;
  - 4.) Dust or other particulate matter emanating from any products stored prior to or subsequent to processing;
  - 5.) Heat or glare which is humanly perceptible;
  - 6.) Physical vibrations which are humanly perceptible; or

1 7.) Electromagnetic radiation or radioactive emission that could be injurious to human beings,  
2 animals, or vegetation, or of any intensity that interferes with the lawful use of any other  
3 property.

4 C.) Explosives. No use in this district shall produce or store any material designed for use as an  
5 explosive, nor use such material in production.

6 Section 10.05: OPEN STORAGE

7  
8 Facilities for the outdoor storage of fuel, materials and product for every use enumerated herein or  
9 otherwise permitted in this district shall not be located in any yard abutting a street. All open storage  
10 located within one hundred (100) feet of a street or any other zoning district, shall be fully screened from  
11 view by a masonry or wood wall/fence which is at least two (2) feet taller than the material being stored  
12 and no wall or fence shall exceed ten (10) feet in height. Two or more rows of evergreen trees may be  
13 substituted for a wall or fence if in the discretion of the Planning Commission such would be of equal  
14 opacity as a screening wall or fence. Such screening shall be required in addition to the minimum  
15 greenbelt requirements of [Section 12.10 Landscaping & Greenbelts](#).

16 No such storage shall constitute a fire hazard; obstruct on-site vehicle circulation or fire fighting  
17 capacities.

18 Section 10.06: BUILDING FACADE MATERIALS

19  
20 All principal buildings shall be of masonry, pre-cast concrete, or factory finished metal construction. The  
21 first floor wall area of all office facades facing a street shall be constructed of brick, stone, fluted block,  
22 glass or similar decorative material. At least twenty five (25) percent of the surface of balance of any first  
23 floor (or its equivalent first floor height of twelve (12) feet), facing and visible from a street, other than an  
24 office facade, shall be constructed of brick, stone, fluted block, glass or similar decorative material. Wood  
25 may be utilized for decorative and non-structural porticos, canopies, and other attachments. All metal  
26 buildings shall be constructed to the minimum requirements established by the Metal Building  
27 Manufacturers Association and all such buildings shall be adequately protected on the interior and  
28 exterior from damage by vehicles and operations. In recognition of developing technologies in building  
29 materials, the Planning Commission may approve other materials in consideration of the following factors:

- 30 A.) Whether or not the finished treatment is compatible with surrounding properties in terms of color  
31 and overall image.  
32 B.) The relative scale of the building in terms of height and area.  
33 C.) The extent to which the building is setback from the street frontage(s) and the amount and quality  
34 of landscaping on the street frontage(s) and along the building.

35 Appeals of facade determinations may be made to the Zoning Board of Appeals.

36 Section 10.07: ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS

- 37  
38 A.) Site Development Standards in accordance with Table 11.02 .  
39 B.) Parking and lighting shall be provided in accordance with the requirements of **ARTICLE XIV—**  
40 **OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING REQUIREMENTS**.  
41 C.) Greenbelts shall be provided as required in Section 12.10 Landscaping & Greenbelts and [Section](#)  
42 [14.04: GENERAL REQUIREMENTS](#).  
43 D.) Site Plan Review is required for all uses permitted in this Chapter in accordance with the  
44 requirements of **ARTICLE XVI—SITE PLAN REVIEW**.  
45 E.) Signs refer to the Goodland Township Sign Ordinance.  
46 F.) Access Management Regulations shall be provided as required in **ARTICLE XV—ACCESS**  
47 **MANAGEMENT REGULATION**.  
48 G.) Solid Waste Receptacles shall be located and screened in accordance with [Section 12.18:](#)  
49            SOLID WASTE RECEPTACLE AREAS.  
50  
51

**ARTICLE XI—DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS FOR THE FOLLOWING DISTRICTS**

**Section 11.01: APPLICABILITY**

All uses of land or buildings shall comply with the area, setback, and height requirements of Section 11.02, for the zoning district in which they are located, unless different requirements are specified as a condition for a use permitted after special approval.

**Section 11.02: SITE DEVELOPMENT AREA SETBACK AND HEIGHT REQUIREMENTS**

- R** RESIDENTIAL <sup>(8)</sup>                      **A** AGRICULTURAL/RURAL RESIDENTIAL <sup>(8)</sup>
- C** COMMERCIAL <sup>(8)</sup>                        **I** INDUSTRIAL <sup>(8)</sup>
- MHP** MOBILE HOME PARKS <sup>(8)</sup>

Table 11.02 REQUIREMENTS

Zoning District	R	A	MHP	C	I
<b>Minimum Size</b>	1 Acre	5 Acres <sup>(9)</sup>	20 Acres <sup>(12)</sup>	2 Acres <sup>(10)</sup>	2 Acres <sup>(10)</sup>
<b>Min. Lot Width <sup>(1)(5)</sup></b>	140 feet	330 feet	660 feet	165 feet	165 feet
<b>Minimum Setbacks:</b>					
<b>Front <sup>(2)</sup></b>	100 feet	100 feet	100 feet	100 feet	100 feet
<b>Side <sup>(3)</sup></b>	25 feet	25 feet	25 feet	25 feet	25 feet
<b>Rear <sup>(3)</sup></b>	25 feet	25 feet	25 feet	25 feet	35 feet
<b>Planned Unit Developments</b>	N/A	<sup>(11)</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Min. Floor Area per Dwelling Unit</b>	960 sq ft <sup>(4)</sup>	960 sq ft <sup>(4)</sup>	960 sq ft <sup>(4)</sup>	N/A	N/A
<b>Maximum Height <sup>(6)</sup></b>	35 feet	35 feet <sup>(7)</sup>	35 feet	35 feet	35 feet

- 1.) Measured at the minimum front-yard setback line.
- 2.) Measured from edge of road right-of-way on local roads and 150' on State trunklines.
- 3.) In no case shall a building be constructed within 100' of any public road right of way.
- 4.) If total floor area is spread over more than one level, a minimum of 700 square feet shall be required on the ground level and any other level shall have a floor area no less than 40% of the ground level floor area.
- 5.) Greater lot widths may be required where necessary to meet driveway spacing standards and requirements applicable to non-residential uses.
- 6.) The vertical distance measured from entry grade to the highest point of flat roofs, to the decline of mansard roofs, and the average height between eaves and ridges of gable, hip and gambrel roofs. The height of accessory structures, such as chimneys, air conditioning units, and other mechanical appurtenances, may exceed the maximum building height for the district in which it is located by a maximum amount of fifteen (15) feet. Where rooftop appurtenances are within fifteen (15) feet of a building edge, the Planning Commission may require that they be screened to a height of four (4) feet above roof grade. The Planning Commission shall base their decision to require screening on the aesthetic quality of the rooftop appurtenances and degree of visibility to adjacent uses and the public.
- 7.) The maximum height of farm buildings shall be one hundred (100) feet. All farm buildings over thirty (30) feet shall be set back from all lot lines a distance at least equal to the height of the building.
- 8.) Please reference **ARTICLE XII—GENERAL PROVISIONS** and **ARTICLE XIV—OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING REQUIREMENTS** for specific provisions that may relate to required greenbelts and parking lot requirements.
- 9.) Including private street easements and public street right of way.
- 10.) Excluding public and private street right-of-way for all commercial and industrial lots created after the adoption date of this Ordinance.
- 11.) Reference **ARTICLE V—CONSERVATION SUBDIVISION/PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT**.
- 12.) Minimum size for the entire park.
- 13.) Fences, flagpoles, etc. are excluded from the above requirements. Signs are subject to the regulations of the Goodland Township Sign Ordinance.

1 **ARTICLE XII—GENERAL PROVISIONS**

2 Section 12.01: CONFLICTING REGULATIONS

3  
4 Whenever any provisions of this Ordinance imposes more stringent requirements, regulations,  
5 restrictions or limitations than are imposed or required by the provisions of any other law or ordinance, the  
6 provisions of this Ordinance shall govern.

7 Section 12.02: MINIMUM STREET FRONTAGE AND LOT WIDTH

8 Every dwelling or other building shall be located on a single lot or parcel that shall front upon a public  
9 road, upon a private road constructed to the specifications of the Township Private Road Ordinance, or  
10 upon a private drive that complies with the specifications of the Township Private Drive Ordinance. The  
11 frontage shall be continuous and shall meet or exceed the minimum lot width requirements as established  
12 in Table 11.02 and unless otherwise permitted by provisions of this section or the PUD provisions of  
13 Section 5.05: AREA REGULATIONS D.), lot width (frontage) shall be measured and met along the right  
14 of way line or easement line and shall be maintained for the entire depth of the lot or parcel.

15 Exceptions shall be made for lots (parcels) having frontage on a curved street section, turn around, or  
16 cul-de-sac. In such instances, the minimum required lot (parcel) width shall be met and measured at the  
17 required minimum front-yard setback line and the frontage measurement may be reduced to forty (40)  
18 feet. The frontage measurement shall be made along the chord of the arc running between the side  
19 property lines intersecting with the street right of way line.

20 In situations of internal curves where the side lot (parcel) lines must converge, the minimum lot (parcel)  
21 width shall be maintained behind the required front-yard setback line for a distance of at least thirty (30)  
22 feet plus the minimum depth of the required rear yard for the applicable zoning district.

23 Section 12.03: MOVING OF BUILDINGS OR STRUCTURES

24  
25 Any permanent building or structure—over 200 square feet—shall not be moved upon any premises in  
26 the Township until a zoning compliance permit shall have been secured. Any such building or structure  
27 shall fully conform to all the provisions of this Ordinance in the same manner as a new building or  
28 structure. No building or structure shall be moved to any site within the Township until the owner has  
29 posted a cash deposit in an amount specified by resolution of the Township Board, guaranteeing full  
30 compliance with the Township ordinances. The site from which a building or structure has been moved  
31 shall be graded level and all debris shall be removed from the premises.

32 Section 12.04: PUBLIC SERVICES

33  
34 Facilities provided by any utility company or by the Township government shall be permitted in all zoning  
35 districts. Facilities permitted by this section shall include transmission lines, sewers, mains, pumping  
36 stations, sub-stations, towers, poles, and related equipment. Any building erected shall be subject to the  
37 site plan review requirements of **ARTICLE XVI—SITE PLAN REVIEW**. Any office, warehouse,  
38 manufacturing, or sales buildings must be located in a zoning district permitting that use.

39 Section 12.05: OCCUPANCY OF BUILDINGS OTHER THAN COMPLETED DWELLINGS

40  
41 Garages, barns, pole barns, accessory buildings, and basements shall not be occupied either  
42 temporarily or permanently as dwellings. No commercial or industrial buildings shall be occupied for  
43 dwelling purposes.

44  
45 Section 12.06: MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR DWELLINGS OUTSIDE OF MANUFACTURED  
46 HOUSING PARKS

47  
48 All dwelling units located outside of mobile home parks shall comply with the following requirements:

- 49 A.) All dwelling units shall provide a minimum height between the floor and ceiling of seven and one-  
50 half (7 ½) feet; or if a mobile home, it shall meet the requirements of the United States  
51 Department of Housing and Urban Development Regulations, entitled Mobile Home Construction  
52 and Safety Standards, effective June 15, 1976, as amended.



- 1 B.) The minimum width of any single-family dwelling unit shall be shall be twenty-four (24) feet, prior  
2 to any additions or alterations. Such width shall be maintained for at least sixty percent (60%) of  
3 its length, measured between the exterior parts of the walls having the greater length.
- 4 C.) All dwellings shall be firmly attached to a permanent foundation constructed on the site in  
5 accordance with the building code adopted by the Township, and the area between the grade  
6 elevation of the lot and structure shall have a wall of the same perimeter dimensions of the  
7 dwelling and constructed of such materials and type as required in the applicable building code  
8 for single-family dwellings. In the event that the dwelling is a mobile home, as defined herein,  
9 such dwelling shall be installed pursuant to the manufacturer's setup instructions, shall be  
10 secured to the premises by an anchoring system or device complying with the rules and  
11 regulations of the Michigan Mobile Home Commission, and shall contain a perimeter wall as  
12 required in subsection E, below.
- 13 D.) If a dwelling is a mobile home as defined herein, each mobile home shall be installed with the  
14 wheels removed. Additionally, no dwelling shall have any exposed towing mechanisms,  
15 undercarriage or chassis.
- 16 E.) If a dwelling is a mobile home, as defined herein, each mobile home shall contain skirting along  
17 the entire perimeter of the main frame between the ground and the bottom edge of the mobile  
18 home body. The skirting shall compliment the appearance of the main walls of the mobile home  
19 and consist of the same material or materials of equal or greater durability as those customarily  
20 used on the exterior walls of mobile homes. Brick or concrete block wall construction shall be  
21 permitted as skirting. The skirting shall be securely attached and sealed to the mobile home body  
22 and shall contain a rat proof wall or slab to prevent the entrance of rodents and other animals to  
23 underneath the mobile home. One (1) access door shall be permitted in the skirting, and  
24 adequate screening vents shall be required in the skirting around the entire perimeter at intervals  
25 of not more than twenty (20) feet to provide adequate cross-ventilation. All skirting shall be  
26 maintained in good condition at all times. Unprotected flammable materials including hay bales  
27 or newspaper shall not be allowed as skirting for mobile homes.
- 28 F.) All dwellings shall be connected to a sewer system and water supply system approved by the  
29 Lapeer County Health Department.
- 30 G.) All dwellings shall provide steps or porch areas, permanently positioned in the ground or  
31 permanently attached to the foundation, where there exists an elevation differential of more than  
32 one (1) foot between any door and the surrounding grade. All dwellings shall provide a minimum  
33 of two points of ingress and egress.
- 34 H.) All additions to dwellings shall meet all of the requirements of this Ordinance.
- 35 I.) All dwellings shall be aesthetically compatible in design and appearance with other residences in  
36 the vicinity, with either a roof overhang of not less than twelve (12) inches on all sides, or  
37 alternatively with window sills or roof drainage systems concentrating roof drainage at collection  
38 points along sides of the dwellings. The compatibility of design and appearance shall be  
39 determined in the first instance by the Building Inspector upon review of the plans submitted for a  
40 particular dwelling. An appeal by an aggrieved party may be taken to the Zoning Board of  
41 Appeals. Any determination of compatibility shall be based upon the standards set forth in this  
42 Section as well as the character, design and appearance of residential dwellings located outside  
43 of mobile home parks within seven hundred fifty (750) feet of the subject dwelling. The foregoing  
44 shall not be construed to prohibit innovative design concepts involving such matters as solar  
45 energy, view, unique land contour, or relief from the common or standard designed home.
- 46 J.) All mobile homes shall meet the standards for mobile home construction contained in the United  
47 States Department of Housing and Urban Development Regulations entitled "Mobile Home  
48 Construction & Safety Standards" effective June 15, 1976, as amended. All other dwellings shall  
49 meet the requirements of the construction code adopted by the Township.
- 50 K.) A minimum of four hundred (400) square feet of enclosed storage space, excluding closets, shall  
51 be provided for each dwelling. Said enclosed storage space may consist of a basement, garage,  
52 shed or other structure, approved by the Building Inspector.

53 Section 12.07: SWIMMING POOLS

54  
55 No swimming pool shall be placed within any required side or rear yard setback, except on non-  
56 conforming lots. Any swimming pool placed within a side or rear yard setback on a non-conforming lot  
57 shall not be closer than five (5) feet from the lot line and shall be shielded from view by a solid fence at

1 least six (6) feet in height. No swimming pool shall be placed within front yard setback. A building permit  
2 shall be required for any pool, which is designed to be non-portable.

3 Section 12.08: SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE

4  
5 Any premises upon which a building or structure shall be erected or moved shall be provided with  
6 adequate surface drainage. There shall not be filling, excavation, obstruction or diversion of any natural  
7 or established waterway, or dedicated underground drain, unless approved by the County Drain  
8 Commissioner and is in keeping with all other state and federal regulations—including the Federal Clean  
9 Water Act, phases I & II.

10 Section 12.09: FLOOD PLAINS

11  
12 It shall be unlawful to fill flood plains with soil or any other material, unless specifically permitted by  
13 Michigan Department of Environmental Quality. No new dwellings, buildings or structures shall be  
14 erected in any flood plain, unless they meet the requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program for  
15 construction in a flood plain.

16  
17 Section 12.10: LANDSCAPING AND GREENBELTS

- 18  
19 A.) Intent. *General site*, landscaping and greenbelts are necessary for the protection and  
20 enhancement of the environment and for the continued vitality of all non-residential land uses as  
21 specified in this Ordinance throughout the Township. Landscaping and greenbelts are capable of  
22 enhancing the visual environment, preserving natural features, improving property values, and  
23 alleviating the impact of noise, traffic, and visual disruption related to intensive uses. The  
24 purpose of this section is to set minimum standards for the protection and enhancement of the  
25 environment through requirements for the design and use of landscaping, greenbelts and  
26 screening.
- 27 B.) Scope of Application. The requirements of this section shall apply to all non-residential uses of  
28 the land developed or expanded following the effective date of this Ordinance. No site plan shall  
29 be approved for a non-agricultural/non-single-family residential use unless the site plan shows  
30 landscaping consistent with these provisions. Furthermore, where landscaping is required, a  
31 building permit will not be issued until a landscape plan is submitted and approved. A certificate  
32 of occupancy will not be issued unless provisions set forth in this section have been met or a  
33 performance bond has been posted in accordance with **ARTICLE XVI—SITE PLAN REVIEW**. In  
34 cases where the existing use is expanded and requires site plan review and approval, the  
35 standards set forth herein directly applicable to the expansion shall be met. The requirements of  
36 this section are minimum requirements, and nothing herein shall preclude a developer and the  
37 Township from agreeing to more additional plantings.
- 38 C.) Landscape Standards. Except as otherwise specified in the general requirements for each  
39 Zoning District, all landscaping shall conform to the following standards:
- 40 1.) General Landscaping. All developed portions of the lot or parcel area not covered by  
41 buildings, paving, or other impervious surfaces, shall be landscaped with vegetative ground  
42 cover and other ornamental materials:
- 43 a.) All portions of the landscaped area shall be planted with grass, ground cover, shrubbery,  
44 or other suitable plant material, except that paved patios, terraces, sidewalks and similar  
45 features may be incorporated with Planning Commission approval.
- 46 b.) A mixture of evergreen and deciduous trees shall be planted at the rate of one (1) tree  
47 for each 5,000 square feet or portion thereof of un-surfaced yard or open-space area.
- 48 2.) Greenbelts. Front, Side and Rear. The minimum widths for all front-, side- and rear-yard  
49 greenbelts—as defined in Article XII—shall be fifteen (15) feet.
- 50 a.) In commercial and industrial zoning districts, no area within the required front yard  
51 setbacks shall be used for any permanent or temporary structures other than signs  
52 permitted by the Township ordinance and except for the portion developed for parking  
53 area or driveways the front yard setback areas shall be planted with grass, shrubs, or  
54 other landscaping materials, No less than a fifteen (15) foot wide planted greenbelt shall  
55 be provided *between the right of way line and the parking lot*.

- 1 b.) Whenever any property is developed for any use other than agricultural or residential,  
2 and the property borders any property zoned for residential use, a greenbelt at least  
3 fifteen (15) feet in width along said borders shall be planted and maintained.
- 4 3.) Detailed landscaping plans shall be provided on the site plan relating to the development and  
5 shall be considered as a material part of the site plan. No site plan shall be considered as  
6 having been complied with, until the landscaping features have been completed.
- 7 4.) Evergreen Screening:  
8 a.) In situations where total or nearly total screening is appropriate, the Planning  
9 Commission may require a compact evergreen screen consisting of staggered rows of  
10 trees planted eight (8) feet on center.
- 11 5.) Landscaping of Rights- Of-Way and Other Adjacent Public Open-Space Areas.  
12 Public rights-of-way and other public open-space areas adjacent to required landscaped  
13 areas and greenbelts shall be planted with grass or other suitable groundcover and  
14 maintained by the owner of the adjacent property as if they were part of required landscaped  
15 areas and greenbelts.
- 16 6.) Regulations Pertaining to Landscaping Areas Used for Sight Distance. When a driveway  
17 intersects a public right-of-way or when the subject property abuts the intersection of public  
18 rights-of-way, all landscaping within the corner triangular areas described below shall be  
19 planted and maintained to permit unobstructed cross-visibility. The triangular areas referred  
20 to above are:  
21 a.) The area formed at the corner intersection of a public right-of-way and a driveway, two  
22 (2) sides of the triangle area being ten (10) feet in length measured along the right-of-way  
23 line and driveway line and the third side being a line connecting these two sides.  
24 b.) The area formed at a corner intersection of two (2) public rights-of-way lines, the two (2)  
25 sides of the triangular area being twenty-five (25) feet in length measured along the  
26 abutting public rights-of-way lines and the third side being a line connecting these two (2)  
27 sides.
- 28 7.) Maintenance of Landscaping:  
29 a.) All required landscape areas shall be planted and maintained with living plant materials.  
30 b.) Upon completion of the installation of the landscaping, the owner shall implement a  
31 seasonal maintenance program to replace all diseased, dead or damaged plants,  
32 replenish mulch, control weeds, fertilize and prune all plant materials. Failure to maintain  
33 required landscaped areas, including the removal and replacement of dead or diseased  
34 plant materials shall constitute a violation of this ordinance.
- 35 8.) Existing Plant Material:  
36 In instances where healthy plant material exists on s site prior to its development, the  
37 Planning Commission may adjust the application of the above standards to allow credit for  
38 such plant material.

39  
40 Section 12.11: TEMPORARY MOBILE HOMES  
41

- 42 A.) The Planning Commission may grant approval for a temporary mobile home, which does not  
43 comply with the single-family dwelling requirements of Section 12.06: MINIMUM  
44 REQUIREMENTS FOR DWELLINGS OUTSIDE OF MANUFACTURED  
45 HOUSING PARKS to be occupied during the time a permanent dwelling is being  
46 constructed. A site scale drawing showing all existing and proposed structures and driveways on  
47 the property and on adjoining properties within two hundred (200) feet of the property lines must  
48 be submitted to the Planning Commission. A temporary mobile home permit may be issued or  
49 renewed for a one (1) year period if there is compliance with the following requirements. The  
50 temporary mobile home must meet the State building code requirements for mobile homes.  
51 1.) A building permit for the temporary mobile home and for the permanent dwelling must be  
52 acquired before the temporary mobile home is placed on the premises.  
53 2.) A water well and septic tank shall be installed prior to placement of the mobile home as  
54 approved by the Lapeer County Health Department.  
55 3.) A smoke detector, fire extinguisher, and carbon monoxide detector shall be installed in the  
56 temporary mobile home.  
57 4.) The permanent dwelling must be completed and the temporary mobile home removed from  
58 the property before the expiration of the temporary mobile home permit.

1 5.) The temporary mobile home permit may be renewed only if reasonable progress has been  
2 made on the construction of the permanent dwelling.

3 B.) The Planning Commission may grant approval for a temporary mobile home, which does not  
4 comply with the single-family dwelling requirements of Section 12.06: MINIMUM  
5 REQUIREMENTS FOR DWELLINGS OUTSIDE OF MANUFACTURED  
6 HOUSING PARKS to be occupied for the purpose of housing family members who are  
7 unable to reside elsewhere due to age, health, or indigence. A site scale drawing showing all  
8 existing and proposed structures and driveways on the property and on adjoining properties  
9 within two hundred (200) feet of the property lines shall be submitted to the Planning  
10 Commission. A temporary mobile home permit may be issued for one (1) year periods if there is  
11 compliance with the following requirements. The mobile home must meet the State building code  
12 requirements for a mobile home.

- 13 1.) A building permit for the temporary mobile home must be acquired before the temporary  
14 mobile home is placed on the premises.
- 15 2.) A water supply and septic system shall be provided prior to placement of the mobile home as  
16 approved by the Lapeer County Health Department.
- 17 3.) A smoke detector, fire extinguisher, and carbon monoxide detector shall be installed in the  
18 temporary mobile home.
- 19 4.) The temporary mobile home must be removed from the premises once the purpose for which  
20 it was granted has ceased to exist.

21 C.) All temporary mobile homes permitted under this Section shall have a cash bond at a minimum of  
22 two thousand (\$2,000.00) dollars deposited with the Township Treasurer, and shall execute an  
23 affidavit guaranteeing that the temporary mobile home will be removed from the premises at the  
24 expiration of the permit period. The affidavit shall be filed with the Township Clerk.

25 D.) The Zoning Administrator may grant emergency approval for a temporary mobile home in case of  
26 fire, flood or other disaster destroying a residence and necessitating an immediate replacement.  
27 Such emergency approval shall only be valid until the Planning Commission can take action  
28 pursuant to subsections A. and/or B., above.

29 Section 12.12: MULTIPLE SINGLE FAMILY DWELLINGS PER PARCEL

30  
31 Except as allowed in Section 12.11 Temporary Mobile Homes and the Goodland Township Farm Labor  
32 Housing Ordinance, there shall there be no more than one dwelling constructed on a lot or parcel of land  
33 zoned for single-family dwelling purposes.

34 Section 12.13: MINIMUM OPEN AREAS

35  
36 No space, yard, setback, or other open area, which has been calculated to comply with the minimum  
37 requirements for any single-family dwelling or other main structure on a parcel of land, shall be reduced  
38 by subsequent divisions of the property or construction of additional dwellings or main structures.

39 Section 12.14: ACCESSORY BUILDINGS

40  
41 In districts zoned A and R, no residential accessory building shall be constructed within any required  
42 front yard setback. No detached accessory building shall be closer than ten (10) feet to the dwelling or  
43 within any required side or rear setbacks. No accessory building within the R zoning district shall exceed  
44 fourteen (14) feet in height.

45 Section 12.15: FILLING OPERATIONS

46  
47 No land shall be filled and no material shall be deposited upon any land—beyond normal and  
48 reasonable levels for maintenance and construction. Any fill that alters the topography of drain  
49 easements or causes an increase in storm water runoff will be subject to Planning Commission review.  
50 Fill must meet the standards of the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act, PA 451 of 1994,  
51 as amended.

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Section 12.16: CONDOMINIUM SUBDIVISION APPROVAL (SITE CONDOMINIUMS)

The intent of these requirements is to ensure that all condominium subdivisions are developed in compliance with standards applicable to similar forms of development under Township ordinances.

- A.) Pursuant to authority conferred by Section 141 of the Condominium Act, all condominium subdivision plans shall require approval by the Planning Commission before site improvements may be initiated. The review process shall consist of the following two steps:
  - 1.) Preliminary Plan Review. In the preliminary review phase, the Planning Commission shall review the overall plan for the site including basic road and unit configurations and the consistency of the plans with all applicable provisions of Township ordinances. Plans submitted for preliminary review shall include information specified in items 1, 2, and 3 of the submission requirements in subsection B below.
  - 2.) Final Plan Review. Upon receipt of preliminary plan approval, the applicant should prepare the appropriate engineering plans and apply for final review by the Planning Commission. Final plans shall include information as required by items 1-7 of the Submission Requirements outlined herein. Such plans shall have been submitted for review and comment to all applicable county and state agencies. Final Planning Commission approval shall not be granted until all applicable review agencies have had an opportunity to comment on the plans and written approval or permits are received from all agencies having an interest in the development.
- B.) Submission Requirements. All condominium subdivision plans shall be submitted for review as required by **ARTICLE XVI—SITE PLAN REVIEW** of this Ordinance (Site Plan Review) and Section 66 of the Condominium Act, and shall include the following information.
  - 1.) A survey of the condominium subdivision site.
  - 2.) A plan prepared by a licensed civil engineer or surveyor delineating all natural features on the site including, but not limited to ponds, streams, lakes, drains, floodplains, wetlands and woodland areas.
  - 3.) The location, size, shape, area and width of all condominium units, and the location of all proposed streets.
  - 4.) A copy of the master deed and a copy of all restrictive covenants to be applied to the project.
  - 5.) A utility plan showing all sanitary sewers, water, and storm drainage improvements, plus any easements granted for installation, repair and maintenance of utilities.
  - 6.) A street construction, paving, and maintenance plan for all streets within the proposed condominium subdivision plan.
  - 7.) Storm drainage and storm water management plan, including all swales, drains, basins, and other facilities.
- C.) District Requirements. The development of all condominium subdivisions shall observe the applicable lot/building site, area yard setback and minimum floor area requirements for structures within the zoning district where the project is located. Unless authorized through certain planned unit development procedures contained in this ordinance, the density or intensity of the development project shall be no greater and building spacing no less than would be permitted if the land were subdivided into individual lots created by platting.
- D.) Streets. All streets in a condominium subdivision (public or private) shall conform to Lapeer County Road Commission standards for subdivision streets. Public streets may be required where necessary to provide continuity to the public road system.
- E.) Utility Easements. The condominium subdivision plan shall include all necessary easements for the purpose of constructing, operating, inspecting, maintaining, repairing, altering, replacing and/or removing pipelines, mains, conduits and other installations of a similar character for the purpose of providing public utilities, including the conveyance of sewage, water and storm-water run-off across, through, and under the property subject to said easement, and excavating and refilling ditches and trenches necessary for the location of said structures.
- F.) Engineering Reviews. Copies of an “as built” survey shall be provided to the Township demonstrating compliance with applicable Township Ordinance and any conditions of approval.

Section 12.17: HOME OCCUPATIONS

- 1 A.) For purposes of this section, a home occupation is a gainful occupation carried out in the home or  
2 on a residential premise, as a use that is incidental to the use of the home and premises as a  
3 place of residence. A home occupation may be conducted entirely within a residential dwelling  
4 and/or within a garage or other building accessory to the dwelling. A home occupation may  
5 however only be permitted to involve an attached garage, detached garage or other detached  
6 accessory building as a special approval use (refer to **ARTICLE XVII—USES PERMITTED**  
7 **AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION**).
- 8 B.) A home occupation may be permitted in the A or R districts in association with any dwelling in  
9 accordance with this Section.
- 10 C.) Type 1 Permitted Home Occupations. Type 1 home occupations are those confined to within the  
11 principle dwelling unit and where the maximum floor area devoted to the occupation is limited to  
12 500 square feet or 25 percent of the gross floor area of the dwelling unit. Type 1 Home  
13 Occupations shall be permitted as a matter of right, subject to the minimum conditions of  
14 subsection D., below.
- 15 D.) Minimum Conditions for Permitted Home Occupations. The following minimum conditions shall  
16 apply to all permitted home occupations:
- 17 1.) Home occupations involving the use of a detached accessory building or outdoor storage  
18 may only be permitted as a special use under the provisions of subsection E.) contained  
19 herein.
  - 20 2.) The home occupation shall be carried out only by the residents of the building and not more  
21 than one other person.
  - 22 3.) The use shall be clearly incidental, subordinate and secondary to the use of the dwelling and  
23 premises for residential purposes and the appearance of the structures shall not be altered.  
24 The occupation must not be conducted in a manner that will cause the premise to take on a  
25 nonresidential character either by the use of colors, materials, or construction, the generation  
26 of traffic or waste or by the emission of sounds, vibrations, light, particulates or odors.
  - 27 4.) One double-sided sign, not exceeding thirty-two square feet per side, may be used to identify  
28 home occupations therein.
  - 29 5.) The selling of goods, merchandise, supplies or products, produced on site shall be done on  
30 an occasional basis only. Sales of goods produced offsite is prohibited except that orders for  
31 goods placed by telephone, internet or at a sales event off the premises may be filled on the  
32 premises.
  - 33 6.) No storage or display shall be outside the dwelling or other buildings located on the premises.
  - 34 7.) If used, combustible, toxic or hazardous material must be used and stored in a safe manner  
35 and in full compliance with all federal, state and other governmental requirements concerning  
36 the use, handling, transport, storage and disposal of any such materials.
  - 37 8.) There shall be not be any activity that would interfere with radio or television transmission in  
38 the area, nor shall there be any significant offensive noise, vibrations, smoke, dust, odors,  
39 heat or glare noticeable at or beyond the property line.
  - 40 9.) Because of home occupation, there shall not be any appreciably greater motor vehicle or  
41 pedestrian traffic than would be normal for residential use in the zoning district in which the  
42 use is located.
  - 43 10.) There shall be adequate off-street parking spaces. On street parking, or parking within the  
44 street right of way is prohibited.
  - 45 11.) Deliveries and shipments by commercial vehicles shall be on an occasional or incidental  
46 basis.

#### 47 48 D.1 MEDICAL MARIJUANA USES

49  
50 Primary caregiver activities are permitted as a Type I home occupation in the A (Agricultural Rural  
51 Residential) district and R (Residential) district in strict compliance with the following requirements:

- 52  
53 1.) A registered primary caregiver, in compliance with the Michigan Medical Marijuana Act  
54 (“Act”), MCL 333.26421, et seq., the Administrative Rules promulgated by the State of  
55 Michigan as amended from time to time and the requirements of this Section, shall be  
56 permitted to grow marijuana in the caregiver’s residential dwelling in the A and R zoning  
57 districts as a home occupation pursuant to the requirements of this Section 12.17D.1.
- 58 2.) A primary caregiver is required to register the location of the grow activity with the Goodland  
59 Township Clerk’s office and the Lapeer County Construction Code Commission. At the time

- 1 of registration, the caregiver shall provide the following information on a form provided by the  
2 Township Clerk and Construction Code Commission:
- 3 3.) a. A current Michigan registration card issued to the primary caregiver.  
4  
5 b. A full description of the nature and types of equipment which will be used in marijuana  
6 cultivation and processing.  
7 c. Sufficient evidence that the residential dwelling is owned by the caregiver.
- 8 4.) All medical marijuana grown by the caregiver shall be contained in an enclosed, locked  
9 facility and inaccessible on all sides and equipped with locks or other security devices that  
10 permit access only the registered primary caregiver or registered qualifying patient in full  
11 compliance with the Act and Administrative Rules.
- 12 5.) All necessary building, electrical, plumbing, and mechanical permits shall be obtained for any  
13 portion of the structure in which electrical wiring, lighting and/or watering devices that support  
14 the production of marijuana are located.
- 15 6.) Those portions of the residential structure where energy usage and heat exceed typical  
16 residential use, such as a marijuana grow room, and the storage of any chemicals such as  
17 herbicides, pesticides and fertilizers are subject to inspection and approval by the Goodland  
18 Township Fire Department to insure compliance with applicable fire codes.
- 19 7.) If a room with windows is utilized as the marijuana-growing location, any lighting methods  
20 that exceed usual residential use between the hours of 11 p.m. and 7 a.m. shall employ  
21 shielding methods, without alteration to the exterior of the residence, to prevent ambient light  
22 spillage that causes or created a distraction or nuisance to adjacent residential properties.
- 23 8.) A primary caregiver must be the owner of the residential premises to engage in primary  
24 caregiver home occupation activities pursuant to this Section.
- 25 9.) No person other than the primary caregiver shall be engaged or involved in the growing,  
26 processing, dispensing, delivering, or handling of medical marijuana except to the extent that  
27 the primary caregiver lawfully transfers medical marijuana to a qualifying patient to whom the  
28 primary caregiver is linked through the state registration system.
- 29 10.) The use of the primary caregiver's residential dwelling for medical marijuana related  
30 purposes shall be clearly incidental and subordinate to the dwelling's use for residential  
31 purposes. Not more than 25% of the gross finished floor area of the dwelling including the  
32 basement, if any, in single family dwellings shall be used for the growing, processing, or  
33 handling or medical marijuana. Any modifications to the dwelling made for the purpose of  
34 cultivating medical marijuana shall comply with all applicable building, electrical, mechanical  
35 and fire safety code requirements, including all requisite permit applications and related  
36 inspections. No part of any accessory building, detached garage, pole barn or similar  
37 building or structure shall be used for the growing, processing or distribution of medical  
38 marijuana.
- 39 11.) There shall be no visible change to the outside appearance of the primary caregiver's  
40 residential dwelling or other visible evidence of conducting a medical marijuana operation  
41 within the dwelling.
- 42 12.) This Section 12.17D.1 shall govern primary caregiver activities as home occupations in the A  
43 and R zoning districts and supersedes the home occupation provisions contained in Section  
44 12.17D.  
45
- 46 B.) Type 2 Home Occupations Approved as Special Approval Uses. The following home occupations  
47 may be permitted in the A and R districts if approved by the Planning Commission as a special  
48 approval use under **ARTICLE XVII—USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL OF THE**  
49 **PLANNING COMMISSION** of this Ordinance:
- 50 1.) Any home occupation involving the use of an attached or detached accessory building and or  
51 one that would exceed the 500 square foot floor area limitations for Type 1 home  
52 occupations.
- 53 In considering any Type 2 home occupation for approval as a special use, the Planning  
54 Commission shall consider and make findings based upon the following standards:
- 55 a.) Whether the home occupation will be incidental and secondary to the use of the premises  
56 as a dwelling.
- 57 b.) Whether the nature of the home occupation will be substantially in keeping with the  
58 residential or other permitted use of the property such as farming.

- c.) Whether the likely effects of the home occupation upon adjacent and nearby lands would be within the scope of the effects likely to result from other uses permitted and occurring in the district and similar home occupations that are specifically permitted in this section.
- d.) Whether the home occupation will have appreciable adverse effects upon adjacent and nearby lands and the uses thereof.
- e.) All of the standards of subsection D—above—not withstanding those limits on the use of attached and detached accessory buildings and floor area.

In granting any such special approval use, the Planning Commission may impose restrictions and limitations upon the use, relating, but not limited to, consideration of the following:

- a.) The use as located in a dwelling and/or an accessory building.
- b.) The floor area of the use.
- c.) The area, height, bulk, and location of any accessory building.
- d.) The storage or display of goods, inventory or equipment will be visible from outside the dwelling or an accessory building and the screening thereof.
- e.) The storage or use of combustible toxic or hazardous materials on the premises.
- f.) Machinery or electrical activity that will interfere with nearby radio or television reception or create noise, vibrations, smoke, dust, odors, heat or glare noticeable at or beyond the property line.
- g.) Motor vehicle and/or pedestrian traffic and its circulation on and off site.
- h.) The amount of off-street parking provided, and the location and surfacing and drainage thereof.

**Section 12.18: SOLID WASTE RECEPTACLE AREAS**

Except as customary for single-family homes use, any outdoor solid waste receptacle shall comply with the following:

- A.) No dumpster shall be placed in front of a building.
- B.) For all commercial, industrial, institutional, governmental and multiple family residential developments, receptacles shall be located a minimum of fifty (50) feet from any residential building, but not to exceed five hundred (500) feet from any building they are intended to serve.
- C.) No receptacle may be placed closer than twenty (20) feet to any single-family residential lot line.
- D.) All receptacles shall be placed on an asphalt or concrete pad.

**Section 12.19: TOWERS/COMMUNICATION FACILITIES EXCEEDING 35 FT. IN HEIGHT**

A.) **PURPOSE:** It is the general purpose and intent of the Township to comply with the requirements of the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996 by authorizing towers and antennas needed to operate wireless communication systems. However, it is the further purpose and intent of the Township to provide for such authorization in a manner, which will retain the integrity of neighborhoods and the character, property values, and quality of the Township. It is the further purpose and intent of this Section to:

- 1) Facilitate adequate and efficient provision of sites for towers and antennas.
- 2) Ensure that towers and antennas are situated in appropriate locations and relationships to other land uses, structures and buildings.
- 3) Limit overcrowding of land use activities and avoid adverse impact upon existing population, transportation systems, and other public services and facility needs.
- 4) Require adequate information about plans for towers and antennas in order to permit the Township to effectively plan for the location of such facilities.
- 5) Minimize adverse impacts of the technological obsolescence of such facilities.
- 6) Minimize the negative visual impact of towers and antennas on neighborhoods, community landmarks, natural beauty areas and public rights-of-way, by reducing the numbers of towers through co-location where feasible.

B.) **DEFINITIONS.**

**Antenna.** Any exterior transmitting or receiving device mounted on a tower, building or structure and used in communications that radiate or capture electromagnetic waves, digital signals, analog signals, radio frequencies, wireless telecommunications signals or other communication signals.

**Co-Location.** The use of a single support structure, building and/or site by more than one wireless communication provider.



1 Tower. Any structure that is designed and constructed primarily for the purpose of supporting one or  
2 more antennas for telephone, radio and similar communication purposes, including self-supporting  
3 lattice towers, guyed towers or monopole towers. Tower includes radio and television transmission  
4 towers, microwave towers, common carrier towers, cellular telephone towers, alternative tower  
5 structures and the like. Tower includes the structure thereof and any support thereto.

6 Height, Tower. The distance measured from the finished grade of the parcel of land to the highest  
7 point on the tower or other structure, including the base pad and any antenna.  
8

9 C.) PROCEDURES AND APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS. Antennas and towers exceeding a height of  
10 thirty-five (35) feet shall be permitted only if approved as a special land use by the Planning  
11 Commission under the terms of this Section and **ARTICLE XVII—USES PERMITTED AFTER**  
12 **SPECIAL APPROVAL OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION.**

13 1.) The application for special land use for such antenna or tower shall include the following  
14 information, in addition to what is otherwise required by the terms of this Article:

- 15 a) A detailed site development plan prepared to the specifications of ARTICLE XVI—SITE  
16 PLAN REVIEW depicting the nature, type, appearance and location of the antenna and  
17 tower, any buildings or other structures and all other external features of the special land  
18 use, including driveways, fencing, isolation distances, screening and landscaping and other  
19 matters.
- 20 b). Graphic depictions of the anticipated visual appearance of the tower from important  
21 vantage points in the surrounding area.
- 22 c) Justification for the proposed height of the antenna and tower and an evaluation of  
23 alternative designs, which might result in lower heights.
- 24 d) A maintenance plan and applicable maintenance agreements, prepared to ensure long-  
25 term, continuous maintenance of the antenna and tower and any supporting structures.
- 26 e) A list of all properties investigated for placement of the proposed tower and antenna and  
27 the rationale and other background material for selecting the proposed location. The  
28 applicant shall provide copies of correspondence to and from owners of properties who  
29 have been contacted by the applicant and who have refused to allow their property to be  
30 utilized, purchased or leased by the applicant.
- 31 f) A map showing existing and known proposed telecommunications facilities or other  
32 structures within and surrounding the Township which could possibly be used by the  
33 applicant to co-locate the proposed antenna.
- 34 g) A list of other tower owners in the vicinity who have been contacted by the applicant  
35 regarding co-location of the proposed communications facilities as well as any  
36 correspondence to and from the other providers.

37 D.) CO-LOCATION. It is the policy of the Township that all wireless communication providers co-locate  
38 on existing towers or structures capable of accommodating antennas to minimize the overall number  
39 of newly established towers within the Township and to encourage the use of existing towers and  
40 structures for new antennas. Thus, if a party who owns or otherwise controls a tower as defined  
41 herein, shall fail or refuse to allow the alteration of a tower so as to accommodate a proposed and  
42 otherwise feasible co-location, such facility shall thereupon and thereafter be deemed to be a non-  
43 conforming structure and use, and shall not be altered, expanded or extended in any respect unless  
44 it is to provide for co-location by another provider.

45 E.) APPROVAL OF CO-LOCATED ANTENNA AS A PERMITTED ACCESSORY USE. An application for  
46 co-location on an existing tower shall require only site plan review in order to obtain approval. The  
47 site plan shall be reviewed in accordance with the requirements of **ARTICLE XVI—SITE PLAN**  
48 **REVIEW** of this Ordinance. The Planning Commission shall also review the application in  
49 accordance with the applicable requirements and standards of this Section.

50 F.) REQUIREMENTS AND STANDARDS. An antenna or tower approved as a special approval land  
51 use shall comply with all of the following requirements:

- 52 1.) The general standards for approval of all special approval land use permit applications  
53 contained in this ordinance.
- 54 2.) Preferred locations Prior to authorization of a communications facility in any general location  
55 within an agricultural or residential district it must be demonstrated by an applicant that a  
56 communication antenna cannot be co-located and may not reasonably be established on a site  
57 located in a commercial or industrial district or on one of the following preferred types of  
58 locations:

- 1 a.) Municipal buildings and sites
- 2 b.) Church or other institutional site.
- 3 c.) State, county or other governmentally owned site.
- 4 d.) Public or private school sites.
- 5 3.) No new tower shall be permitted unless the applicant demonstrates to the reasonable
- 6 satisfaction of the Planning Commission that no existing tower, structures or alternative
- 7 technology that does not require the use of towers or structures can accommodate the
- 8 applicant's proposed antenna. An applicant shall submit information requested by the Planning
- 9 Commission related to the availability of suitable existing towers, other structures or alternative
- 10 technology. Evidence submitted to demonstrate that no existing tower, structure or alternative
- 11 technology can accommodate the applicant's proposed antenna may consist of any of the
- 12 following:
  - 13 a) No existing towers or structures are located within the geographic area, which meets the
  - 14 needs of the applicant.
  - 15 b) Existing towers or structures are not of sufficient height to meet the applicant's needs.
  - 16 c) Existing towers or structures do not have sufficient structural strength to support applicant's
  - 17 proposed antenna and related equipment.
  - 18 d) The proposed antenna would cause electromagnetic interference with the antenna on the
  - 19 existing towers or structures, or the antenna on the existing towers or structures would
  - 20 cause interference with the proposed antenna.
  - 21 e) The fees, costs, or contractual provisions required by the owner in order to share an
  - 22 existing tower or structure or to adapt an existing tower or structure for sharing are
  - 23 unreasonable. Costs exceeding new tower development are presumed to be
  - 24 unreasonable.
  - 25 f) The applicant demonstrates that there are other material limiting factors that render
  - 26 existing towers and structures unsuitable.
  - 27 g) The applicant demonstrates that an alternative technology that does not require the use of
  - 28 towers or structures is unsuitable.
- 29 4.) In addition to the standards for approval of all special land use permit applications contained in
- 30 Article XV, the Planning Commission shall consider the following factors in determining whether
- 31 to issue a special use permit for a communications antenna or tower;
  - 32 a) Height of the proposed tower;
  - 33 b) Proximity of the tower to residential structures and residential district boundaries;
  - 34 c) Nature of uses on adjacent and nearby properties;
  - 35 d) Surrounding topography;
  - 36 e) Surrounding tree coverage and foliage;
  - 37 f) Design of the tower, with particular reference to design characteristics that have the effect
  - 38 of reducing or eliminating visual obtrusiveness;
  - 39 g) Proposed ingress and egress; and
  - 40 h) Availability of suitable existing towers, or other structures for co-location, or alternative
  - 41 technologies not requiring the use of towers or structures, as discussed in subsection C.,
  - 42 below.
- 43 5.) Site Location. Towers shall not be closer to a property line than its height, unless a lesser
- 44 setback is permitted by the Planning Commission based on documentation from the applicant
- 45 that a closer setback will not create a hazard to adjoining properties or roadways. Where it is
- 46 determined by the Planning Commission that the minimum lot size, lot width, lot frontage, lot
- 47 access or other general or district dimensional requirement is not reasonably necessary to
- 48 support the facility and that strict adherence to those standards is not warranted for the
- 49 protection of health safety and welfare, the Planning Commission may waive or modify one or
- 50 more of such requirements. Any antenna or tower shall be located only in a rear yard or side
- 51 yard, unless otherwise permitted by the Planning Commission.
- 52 6.) The maximum height of the antenna and tower shall be the minimum height necessary for
- 53 reasonable communications by the applicant, and by other entities, which may co-locate on the
- 54 structure.
- 55 7.) There shall be unobstructed access to the support structure, for operation, maintenance, repair
- 56 and inspection purposes.
- 57 8.) The support system shall be constructed in accordance with all applicable building codes.

- 1 9.) A proposed tower for commercial telecommunications services shall be required to be  
2 designed, constructed and placed to accommodate both the applicant's equipment and  
3 comparable equipment for at least three or more additional users. The Planning Commission  
4 may permit a tower design, which would allow fewer than three other users if the Commission  
5 finds that three additional users would not be consistent with the intent and purposes of this  
6 section.
- 7 10.) The Planning Commission may require that such towers be designed and constructed to allow  
8 for the future rearrangement of equipment upon the tower, and to accept equipment mounted at  
9 varying heights on the tower.
- 10 11.) The Planning Commission may require that telecommunications towers, or other related  
11 structures or buildings, be screened with landscaping, berms, walls or a combination of any of  
12 them. The Commission may require plantings to be placed on properties adjacent to the tower  
13 site in order to provide a more effective visual screen.
- 14 12.) A condition of every approval of a tower and associated facilities shall be the posting of  
15 adequate performance surety for removal of all or part of the facility by the users and owners  
16 when the facility has not been used for 180 days or more. For purposes of this section, the  
17 removal of antennas or other equipment from the facility, or the cessation of operations  
18 (transmission and/or reception of radio signals) shall be considered as the beginning of a  
19 period of non-use.  
20 Facilities that are abandoned or unused shall be removed by the owner or operator along with  
21 any associated buildings, structures or equipment within 180 days of a written notice from the  
22 Township that such is required, unless a time extension is granted by the Zoning Administrator.  
23 One time extension, of up to six months, shall be permitted if the Zoning Administrator  
24 determines that the owner or former operator of the facility is taking active steps to insure its  
25 removal.  
26 If the required removal of a facility or a portion thereof has not been lawfully completed by the  
27 applicable deadline, and after at least thirty (30) days written notice that the Township intends  
28 proceed to with removal, the Township may remove or secure the removal of the facility or  
29 required portions thereof. The actual cost and reasonable administrative charge for the  
30 removal may be drawn, collected and/or enforced from or under security posted at the time of  
31 the approval establishing the facility.
- 32 13.) High Intensity Strobe lighting shall not be permitted unless required by federal or state  
33 agencies.
- 34 14.) Ancillary buildings housing equipment needed for the operation of the antenna or tower, or any  
35 other appurtenance, shall be of a size, type, color and exterior materials, which are aesthetically  
36 compatible with existing principal buildings within the surrounding area.
- 37 15.) Where a tower or antenna is proposed for the roof a building or for the top of another existing  
38 structure, the tower shall be designed, constructed and maintained to be reasonably  
39 architecturally compatible with the principal building or structure.
- 40 16.) The requirements of the Federal Aviation Administration, the Federal Communications  
41 Commission and the Michigan Aeronautics Commission shall be complied with fully.
- 42 17.) The Planning Commission may impose additional terms and conditions regulating the  
43 construction, installation, use, repair, maintenance and removal of an antenna or tower in order  
44 to achieve the intent and purposes of this section.
- 45 G.) REVOCATION OF PERMIT. Failure to comply with conditions of approval stipulated for a tower or  
46 antenna under this section may result in the revocation of the Special Approval Use Permit. In  
47 considering whether to revoke a Special Approval Use Permit, a hearing shall be held by the  
48 Planning Commission in accordance with the procedures of **ARTICLE XVII—USES PERMITTED**  
49 **AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION.**  
50  
51  
52

1 **ARTICLE XIII—NON-CONFORMING LOTS, USES, AND STRUCTURES**

2 Section 13.01: CONTINUED USE PERMITTED

3  
4 Within the districts established by this Ordinance, there exist lots, structures, and uses of land and  
5 structures, which were lawful prior to adoption of this Ordinance. It is the intent of this Ordinance to  
6 permit these non-conformities to continue until they are removed. It is further the intent of this Ordinance  
7 that non-conformities shall not be enlarged upon, expanded or extended, nor be used as grounds for  
8 adding other structures or uses prohibited elsewhere in the same district.

9 Section 13.02: NON-CONFORMING LOTS OF RECORD

10  
11 In any district in which single-family dwellings are permitted, a single family dwelling and customary  
12 accessory buildings may be erected on any single lot or parcel of record at the effective date of adoption  
13 or amendment of this Ordinance, or on a lot or parcel of land that would have been recorded on the date  
14 of its execution, provided the width and/or depth is not less than sixty-six and two-thirds (66 2/3%)  
15 percent of that required by this Ordinance. The purpose of this provision is to permit utilization of  
16 recorded lots that lack adequate width and/or depth, as long as reasonable living standards can be  
17 provided.

18 Section 13.03: NON-CONFORMING STRUCTURES

19  
20 Where a lawful structure exists at the effective date of adoption of this Ordinance that could not be built  
21 under the terms of this Ordinance, such structure may be continued so long as it remains otherwise  
22 lawful, subject to the following provisions:

- 23 A.) No such non-conforming structure may be enlarged or altered in a way, which increases its non-  
24 conformity.  
25 B.) Should such non-conforming structure be destroyed by any means to the extent of more than one  
26 hundred fifty (150) percent of its state equalized value, it shall not be reconstructed except in  
27 conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance.  
28 C.) Should such structure be moved for any reason whatever, it shall thereafter conform to the  
29 regulations for the district in which it is located after it is moved.

30 Section 13.04: NON-CONFORMING USES OF LAND OR STRUCTURES

31  
32 Where at the time of passage of this Ordinance lawful use of land or structures exists which would not  
33 be permitted by the regulations imposed by this Ordinance, the use may be continued so long as it  
34 remains otherwise lawful, provided:

- 35 A.) No such non-conforming use shall be enlarged or increased, nor extended to occupy a greater  
36 area of land or additional structures than that occupied at the effective date of adoption or  
37 amendment of this Ordinance.  
38 B.) No such non-conforming use shall be moved in whole or in part to any portion of the lot or parcel  
39 other than that occupied by such use at the effective date of adoption or amendment of this  
40 Ordinance.  
41 C.) If any such non-conforming use ceases for any reason for a period of more than six (6) months  
42 any subsequent use shall conform to the regulations specified by this Ordinance.  
43 D.) No additional structure not conforming to the requirements of this Ordinance shall be erected in  
44 connection with such non-conforming use of land.  
45 E.) No existing structure devoted to a use not permitted by this Ordinance in the district in which it is  
46 located shall be enlarged, extended, constructed, reconstructed, moved, or structurally altered  
47 except in changing the use of the structure to a use permitted in the district in which it is located.  
48 F.) Any non-conforming use may be extended throughout any parts of a building, which were  
49 manifestly arranged or designed for such use at the time of adoption or amendment of this  
50 Ordinance, but no such use shall be extended to occupy any land outside such building.  
51

1 **ARTICLE XIV—OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING REQUIREMENTS**

2 Section 14.01: PARKING REQUIREMENTS

3  
4 In all zoning districts, off-street parking facilities for the storage and parking of self-propelled motor  
5 vehicles for the use of occupants, employees, and patrons of the buildings erected, altered or extended  
6 after the effective date of this Ordinance, shall be provided as herein prescribed. Such space shall be  
7 maintained and shall not be encroached upon so long as said main building or structure remains, unless  
8 an equivalent number of such spaces are provided elsewhere in conformance with this Ordinance.

- 9 A.) Required Spaces. The minimum parking space requirements for all uses shall be those identified  
10 in  
11 B.) Section 14.02: TABLE OF OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS. For uses not  
12 specifically listed, the requirements for off-street parking shall be determined by the Zoning  
13 Administrator who may establish the parking requirement by making the determination that the  
14 proposed use is similar in parking requirements to a use which is in  
15 C.) Section 14.02: TABLE OF OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS. The Zoning  
16 Administrator may also consult references such as the “Parking Generation Manual” published by  
17 the Institute of Transportation Engineers as amended, and/or the zoning ordinances of other  
18 municipalities. If such use is specifically indicated in such reference of references, the Zoning  
19 Administrator may utilize any single requirement or an average of such requirements as the  
20 required number of spaces for the use in question. If the proposed use is not similar to a use  
21 listed in  
22 D.) Section 14.02: TABLE OF OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS and is not listed in  
23 available references, then the Zoning Administrator shall refer the question to the Zoning Board of  
24 Appeals to make a determination.  
25 E.) Location of Parking Space for One and Two Family Dwellings. The off-street parking facilities  
26 required for one and two family dwelling shall be located on the same lot as the building they are  
27 intended to serve, and shall consist of a parking strip, parking apron, and/or garage.  
28 F.) Location of Parking Space for Other Land Uses. The off-street parking facilities required for all  
29 other uses shall be located on the lot or within five hundred (500) feet of the permitted uses  
30 requiring such off-street parking, such distance to be measured along lines of public access to the  
31 property between the nearest point of the parking facility to the building to be served.  
32 G.) Seating Capacity of Seats. As used in this Article for parking requirements, seats shall mean that  
33 each twenty-four (24) inches of seating facilities shall be counted as one (1) seat, except that  
34 where specifications and plans filed with the Building Inspector specify a certain seating capacity  
35 for a particular building, such specified seating capacity shall be used as the basis for required  
36 parking space.  
37 H.) Existing Off-street Parking at Effective Date of Ordinance. Off-street parking existing at the  
38 effective date of this Ordinance, which serves an existing building or use, shall not be reduced in  
39 size less than that required under the terms of this Ordinance.  
40 I.) Collective Provisions. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prevent collective provisions  
41 of off-street parking facilities for two or more buildings or uses, provided such facilities collectively  
42 shall not be less than the sum of the requirements for the various individual uses computed  
43 separately.  
44 J.) General Use Condition. Except when land is used as storage space in connection with the  
45 business of a repair or service garage, a twenty-four (24) hour time limit for parking in off-street  
46 parking areas shall prevail, it being the purpose and intention of the foregoing that the  
47 requirements of maintaining vehicle storage or parking space is to provide for the public safety in  
48 keeping parked cars off the streets, but such requirement is not designed to provide storage or  
49 parking on such open land of wrecked, junked or inoperable vehicles. The storage of  
50 merchandise, motor vehicles for sale, trucks, or the repair of vehicles is prohibited within the  
51 required off-street parking.  
52 K.) Mixed Uses. In the case of mixed uses in the same building or on the same premises, the total  
53 requirements for off-street parking and loading shall be the sum of the requirements for each  
54 individual use computed separately.  
55 L.) Fractional Space. When units of measurement determining the number of required parking  
56 spaces result in requirement of a fractional space, the fraction shall represent one (1) required  
57 parking space.

- 1 M.) Right-of-Way Excluded. Public and private street right-of-ways shall not be used for meeting off-  
 2 street parking requirements.  
 3 N.) Required Spaces. Outdoor parking spaces that are required for vehicles related to a business  
 4 (e.g. services or delivery vehicles or trucks) must be provided in addition to the parking spaces  
 5 required in  
 6 O.) Section 14.02: TABLE OF OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS.  
 7 P.) Increase or Change of Use. Additional parking shall be provided and maintained in proper ratio  
 8 to any increase in floor area or building use capacity.  
 9

10 **Section 14.02: TABLE OF OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS**

11  
 12 The amount of required off-street parking space for new uses of buildings, additions thereto, and  
 13 additions to existing buildings as specified above shall be determined in accordance with the following  
 14 table, and the space so required shall be stated in the application for a building permit and shall be  
 15 irrevocably reserved for such.  
 16

Unit of Use Follows:	Required # Spaces	Per Each Measure As
Auditoriums, Assembly Halls, Theaters, Churches, Private Clubs, Lodge Halls.	1	Two (2) seats based upon maximum seating capacity in the main place of assembly therein, plus one (1) space for every two (2) employees.
Automobile Service Stations	2	Each gasoline pump and lubrication stall.
Banks, Business or Professional Office, Libraries, Museums.	1	Two hundred (200) square feet of usable floor area.
Barber Shops and Beauty Parlors.	3	Each barber or beauty operator.
Drive-in Banks.	4	Each teller window.
Bowling Alleys, Golf Courses.	1	Each two (2) employees plus one (1) space for every five-hundred (500) square feet of usable floor area in the Club house, plus a minimum of five (5) parking spaces per hole on the golf course and five (5) parking spaces per bowling lane.
Furniture, appliances, and household equipment repair shops, showroom of a plumber, decorator, electrician or similar trade, clothing and shoe repair, hardware stores, wholesale stores and machinery sales.	2	Six hundred (600) square feet usable floor area, plus one (1) space for each two (2) employees.
Hotels, Tourist Homes, Motels.	1	Each guest bedroom and each two (2) employees.
Hospitals, Convalescent Homes.	1	Every two (2) beds, plus one (1) for every two (2) employees.

Unit of Use Follows:	Required # Spaces	Per Each Measure As
Clinics and similar establishments	1	For every one hundred (100) square feet, plus one (1) space for every two (2) employees.
Industrial Establishments.	1.5	Spaces per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area or one space per employee, based on the maximum number of employees to be on the premises at one time, whichever is greater. Please refer to <u>Section 14.05: _____ DEFERRED PARKING SPACE – OFFICE AND INDUSTRIAL USES</u> as an option to providing the full amount of improved square footage based parking areas.
Dry Cleaning Outlet and Laundromats.	1	For every one hundred (100) square feet.
Residential Single, Two-Family, or Multiple dwelling or Mobile Home.	1	Each dwelling unit.
Restaurant or establishments in which is conducted the sale and consumption on the premises of beverages, food, or refreshments.	1	Fifty (50) square feet of usable dining area, plus one (1) space for each two (2) employees. Minimum of forty (40) spaces for drive-in restaurants.
Retail establishments and businesses, except as otherwise specified herein.	1	One hundred (100) square feet of usable floor space.
Schools.	1	Two (2) teachers, employees, or administrators in addition to the requirements of the auditorium or assembly hall therein.
Warehouse and Storage buildings.	1	Each employee, one (1) space for every seventeen hundred (1700) square feet of floor space, whichever is greater.

1  
2

1 **Section 14.03: PARKING REQUIREMENTS FOR OFF-STREET LOADING**

2  
3 On the same premises with every building, structure, or part thereof, erected and occupied for  
4 manufacturing, storage, warehouse, goods display, department store, wholesale, market, hospital,  
5 mortuary, laundry, dry cleaning, or other uses similarly involving the receipt of distribution of vehicles,  
6 materials or merchandise, there shall be provided and maintained on the lot adequate space for standing,  
7 and unloading services in order to avoid undue interference with public use of the streets, roads, alleys or  
8 any required access for off-street parking areas.

9 Such loading and unloading space, unless adequately provided for within a building, shall be an area ten  
10 (10) feet wide by seventy-five (75) feet long, with fourteen (14) foot height clearance, and shall be  
11 provided according to the following schedule:  
12

Gross Floor Area in Square Feet	Loading and Unloading Spaces Required in Terms of Square feet of Gross Floor.
0 to 20,000	One (1) space.
20,001 to 100,000	One (1) space plus one (1) space for each 20,000 square feet in excess of 20,000 square feet.
100,001 to 500,000	Five spaces plus one (1) space for each 40,000 square feet.
Over 500,001	Fifteen (15) spaces plus one (1) space for each 80,000 square feet in excess of 500,000 square feet.

13  
14 **Section 14.04: GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

15  
16 A.) Dimensional Standards. The following minimum parking space and maneuvering lane standards  
17 shall apply:  
18

MINIMUM PARKING SPACE AND AISLE STANDARDS						
Parking Pattern (Degrees)	One-way Aisle Width	Two-way Aisle Width	Parking Space Width (1)	Parking Space Length (2)	Total Width Of Two Tiers Plus Maneuvering Lane	
					One-way	Two-way
Parallel	12 feet	20 feet	9½ feet	25 feet	30 feet	36 feet
30 to 75	12 feet	24 feet	9½ feet	21 feet	48 feet	60 feet
76 to 90	15 feet	24 feet	9½ feet	20 feet	55 feet	64 feet

(1) Parking space width measured perpendicular to the space centerline.  
(2) Parking space length measured along the space centerline.

19  
20 B.) Surface and Drainage Requirements. All parking areas in support of a multi-family, two family,  
21 commercial, industrial, church, institutional or governmental use shall be hard surfaced (paved  
22 with durable concrete or bituminous asphalt surface) and shall be graded and provided with  
23 adequate drainage. The requirement for paving may be waived in total or in part by the Planning  
24 Commission at the time of site plan approval. Such waiver may only be granted if it is



1 demonstrated that the use of the parking area will be characterized as low volume, infrequent and  
2 intermittent. In granting such waivers, the Planning Commission shall stipulate an appropriate  
3 substitute surface material. Regardless of any such waiver for the parking surface, that portion of  
4 any driveway between the right of way and the edge of the roadway shall be hard surfaced if the  
5 roadway is hard surfaced.

- 6 C.) Surface Striping. All parking spaces, aisles, and unloading zones that are required to be hard  
7 surfaced shall be striped or marked, using a durable exterior paint. The striping or other required  
8 demarcation shall be maintained in a condition such that easy interpretation of the markings by  
9 intended users is possible. In those cases where it is determined by the Planning Commission or  
10 Zoning Administrator that striping of spaces and the definitions of aisle space would not be  
11 appropriate, 300 square feet of area shall be deemed a parking space for one (1) vehicle,  
12 including access isle.
- 13 D.) Lighting Requirements. All parking lot or outdoor display lighting shall be designed, located,  
14 and/or shielded to prevent spillover onto adjacent properties, and shall be arranged to prohibit  
15 adverse effects on motorist visibility on adjacent public roadways. The maximum height of  
16 parking lot light fixtures shall be 15 feet for any fixture to be located within 300 feet of a  
17 residential, district or use, and a maximum height of 30 feet for all other locations.
- 18 E.) Side and Rear Lot Line Buffer. To prevent vehicle overhang and encroachment on adjacent  
19 property, no parking space shall be closer than five (5) feet from any side or rear property line  
20 unless the parking lot is developed to the lot line and integrated with the parking layout and  
21 arrangement on the adjoining lot and there exists a recorded joint parking use and cross access  
22 agreement between the owners of the adjacent properties. Such buffers shall be appropriately  
23 landscaped and maintained.
- 24 F.) Greenbelts. Off-street parking facilities as required under this Article shall be effectively screened  
25 on any side or rear yard which adjoins or faces property in any R Residential District by a  
26 decorative wall or wood fence or a landscaped equivalent, located within a greenbelt area that  
27 shall be a minimum of 15 feet in width. Within the front yard of any use permitted in the C  
28 Commercial or I Industrial Districts and any non-residential use permitted in a residential or  
29 agricultural district off-street parking shall be setback a minimum of ten (10) feet from the street  
30 right-of-way (refer to Section 12.10: LANDSCAPING AND GREENBELTS).

31  
32 Section 14.05: DEFERRED PARKING SPACE – OFFICE AND INDUSTRIAL USES  
33

34 To avoid unnecessary parking space construction while still ensuring site adequacy for potential  
35 changes in the use of a building or premises, the Planning Commission may, at the time of site plan  
36 approval, defer construction of the required number of parking spaces for industrial or office uses located  
37 within the LI District. Deferred parking may be granted if the following conditions are satisfied:

- 38 A.) An application is filed with the site plan of the entire project showing the design and  
39 layout of all required parking areas including areas proposed for deferred parking. The  
40 design of the parking area, as indicated on the development plan shall include sufficient  
41 space to provide for the total parking area as required by  
42 B.) Section 14.02: TABLE OF OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS.  
43 C.) The area designated for deferred parking shall not include areas required for front, side  
44 or rear yards, buffer yards or land otherwise unsuitable for parking due to environmental  
45 or physical conditions.

46 The Planning Commission may impose reasonably necessary conditions to protect the public interest  
47 and may require the posting of security to assure completion of related or future improvements required  
48 as conditions of deferred parking plan approval. Subsequent to the implementation of a deferred parking  
49 plan, the Planning Commission may, based on review of parking needs and a recommendation by the  
50 Zoning Administrator, require the construction of additional parking spaces as otherwise required in this  
51 Article.  
52  
53

1 **ARTICLE XV—ACCESS MANAGEMENT REGULATION**

2  
3 Section 15.01: INTENT AND APPLICABILITY

4  
5 The provisions of this Article are intended to promote safe and efficient travel along the major roadways  
6 within Goodland Township; minimize disruptive and potentially hazardous traffic conflicts; ensure safe  
7 access by emergency vehicles; protect the substantial public investment in the street system by  
8 preserving capacity and avoiding the need for unnecessary and costly reconstruction which disrupts  
9 business and traffic flow; separate traffic conflict areas by reducing the number of driveways; provide safe  
10 spacing standards between driveways, and between driveways and intersections; provide for shared  
11 access between abutting properties; to implement the Township Master Plan recommendations; ensure  
12 reasonable access to properties, though not always by the most direct access; and to coordinate access  
13 decisions with Michigan Department Of Transportation (“MDOT”) and/or Lapeer County Road  
14 Commission (“LCRC”), as applicable. These provisions shall apply to all lands that abut the highway  
15 right-of-way of all state highways and Class A and Class B roadways within Goodland Township as  
16 defined and classified by the LCRC.

17  
18 Section 15.02: ONE ACCESS PER NON-AGRICULTURAL PARCEL

- 19  
20 A.) Unless otherwise limited or permitted at the time of development review under the provisions of  
21 Sections 15.03, 15.04 or 15.05, all land in a parent parcel or lot having a single tax code number,  
22 as of the effective date of this ordinance having frontage of 450 feet or less of a state highway, or  
23 330 feet or less along the right-of-way of a Class A or Class B road is authorized to have one (1)  
24 driveway or road egress/ingress point. Furthermore:  
25 1.) No subsequent land divisions of a parent parcel may increase the number of driveways or  
26 road accesses beyond those authorized to the parent parcel on the effective date of this  
27 amendment, unless approved by the Township under the provisions of this Article.  
28 2.) Parcels subsequently divided from the parent parcel, either by metes and bounds  
29 descriptions, or by platting under the applicable provisions of the Land Division Act, Public  
30 Act 288 of 1967, as amended, or as a condominium project in accord with the Condominium  
31 Act, Public Act 59 of 1978, as amended, shall have access by a platted subdivision road, by  
32 another dedicated public road, by a private road that meets the requirements of the Township  
33 Private Road Ordinance, or a private drive that meets the requirements of the Township  
34 Private Drive Ordinance or by a shared driveway or by a service drive meeting the  
35 requirements of Section 15.04: \_\_\_\_\_ SERVICE DRIVES AND OTHER SHARED ACCESS  
36 STANDARDS.  
37 B.) Parent parcels with more than 330 feet of frontage on a public road or highway shall also meet  
38 the requirements of 15.02A.1 and 15.02A.2 above, except that whether subsequently divided or  
39 not, the parent parcel or lot may be granted one (1) additional driveway for each 330 feet  
40 increment of public road frontage, if a registered traffic engineer as employed by the responsible  
41 road authority or experienced transportation planner determines that topographic conditions on  
42 or near the site, curvature of the road, or sight distance limitations demonstrate a second  
43 driveway within a lesser distance is safer or the nature of the land use to be served requires a  
44 second driveway for safety and such is approved by the Township under provisions of this  
45 Article. If the parcel is a corner lot and a second driveway is warranted, the second driveway  
46 shall have access from the abutting street unless that street is of a higher functional classification.  
47 C.) At the time of the approval of any land division, plat or site condominium development project by  
48 the Township, there shall be recorded appropriate covenants, shared access easements, cross  
49 easements and shared construction and maintenance provisions running with the land and  
50 providing street access to each lot, parcel or building site as limited and regulated herein. The  
51 Township official or Board given authority to approve such division, plat or site condominium  
52 development shall review the documents for completeness and consistency with these  
53 provisions. Approved provisions need not specify precise access designs and easement  
54 locations but shall be worded so as to provide flexibility in the application of the access control  
55 standards and management techniques contained or referenced herein in the event that such  
56 standards and techniques are required by the Township, LCRC and/or MDOT at the time of any  
57 subsequent site plan, development plan or driveway permit approval.  
58

1 Section 15.03: APPLICATION REVIEW, APPROVAL AND COORDINATION PROCESS

2  
3 A.) Standards of Road Authorities Apply

4 All standards of the applicable road authority (either MDOT or LCRC, or both) shall be met prior  
5 to approval of an access application (driveway permit) under this Article.

6 B.) Applications, Review and Approval Process -Single-family residences, farm buildings, or  
7 buildings that are accessory to single-family residences.

8 Applications for driveway permits for single-family residences, farm buildings, or buildings, which  
9 are access to single-family residences, shall be made on a form prescribed by LCRC and/or  
10 MDOT as applicable and as available at Construction Code Authority and LCRC.

11 C.) Applications for Uses and Development Requiring Township Planning Commission and/or  
12 Township Board Approval (Refer to **ARTICLE XVI—SITE PLAN REVIEW**).

13 Applications for driveway permits or access approval shall be made on a form prescribed by  
14 LCRC and/or MDOT as applicable and as available at Construction Code Authority and LCRC.

15 For any land use or developments required to undergo site plan review and approval, site  
16 condominium subdivision approval, or private road approval under this Ordinance, separate  
17 driveway permits and access applications are required. Access applications required by this  
18 subsection shall be processed concurrently with the application for site plan review. Conditions  
19 applied to any driveway permit/access application authorized by the LCRC and/or MDOT shall be  
20 incorporated as conditions of site plan approval issued by the Township.

21 1.) Each driveway permit/access application required to be submitted under this subsection shall  
22 be accompanied with ten (10) sets of clear and accurate scaled drawings (minimum of 1" = 20')  
23 showing the following items:

- 24 a.) Location and size of all structures proposed on the site.
- 25 b.) Size and arrangement of parking stalls on aisles.
- 26 c.) Proposed plan of routing vehicles entering and leaving the site (if passenger vehicles are  
27 to be separated from delivery trucks indicate such on drawing).
- 28 d.) Driveway placement.
- 29 e.) Property lines.
- 30 f.) Right-of-way lines.
- 31 g.) Intersecting roads, streets, and driveways within 500' on either side of the property on both  
32 sides of the street.
- 33 h.) Width of right-of-way.
- 34 i.) Width of road surface.
- 35 j.) Type of surface and dimensions of driveways.
- 36 k.) Proposed inside and outside turning radii.
- 37 l.) Show all existing and proposed landscaping, signs, and other structures or treatments  
38 within and adjacent to the right-of-way.
- 39 m.) Professional traffic analysis and trip generation survey results, obtained by a registered  
40 traffic engineer (P.E.) or an experienced transportation planner for all uses or  
41 developments estimated to generate over 100 directional vehicle trips per peak hour as  
42 determined utilizing actual data from comparable developments, the Trip Generation  
43 Manual, Institute of Traffic Engineers or other published and nationally accepted sources  
44 (See APPENDIX I—Examples of Proposed Land Uses That May Require Professional  
45 Traffic Analysis for examples).
- 46 n.) Design dimensions and justification for any alternative or innovative access design.

47 2.) Applications are strongly encouraged to rely on the following sources for access designs, the  
48 National Access Management Manual, TRB, 2002; National Cooperative Highway Research  
49 Program (NCHRP), "Access Management Guidelines to Activity Centers" Report 348 and  
50 "Impacts of Access Management Techniques" Report 420; and the AASHTO "Green Book" A  
51 Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets. The following techniques are addressed  
52 in these guidebooks and are strongly encouraged to be used when designing access:

- 53 a.) Not more than one driveway access per abutting road.
- 54 b.) Shared driveways.
- 55 c.) Service drives—front, rear and perpendicular.
- 56 d.) Parking lot connections with adjacent property.
- 57 e.) Other appropriate designs to limit access points on an arterial or collector road.

58 Applications shall be accompanied by a fixed fee or an escrow fee for professional review as  
59 may be established by the Township Board by resolution.

1 D.) Review and Approval Process:

2 Driveways and access serving all uses other than single-family homes, farm buildings and  
3 residential accessory buildings.

4 The following process shall be completed to obtain access approval:

- 5 1.) An Access Application or site plan meeting the requirements of Section 15.03.B.1 shall be  
6 submitted to the Zoning Administrator and on or near the same day to LCRC and/or MDOT, as  
7 applicable.
- 8 2.) The completed application must be received by the Goodland Township Zoning Administrator at  
9 least 45 days prior to the Planning Commission meeting where the application will be reviewed.
- 10 3.) The applicant, the Zoning Administrator and representatives of LCRC, MDOT and the Planning  
11 Commission may meet prior to the Planning Commission meeting to review the application and  
12 proposed access design.
- 13 4.) The Planning Commission shall review and recommend approval, or denial, or request  
14 additional information. They shall also forward the Access Application (and other relevant  
15 project information) to LCRC and/or MDOT for their review as applicable.
- 16 5.) LCRC and/or MDOT, as applicable, shall review the access application and any comments,  
17 conclusions or recommendations of the Planning Commission. One of three actions may  
18 result:
  - 19 a.) If the Planning Commission and the LCRC, and/or MDOT, as applicable, approve the  
20 application as submitted, the access application shall be approved.
  - 21 b.) If either the Planning Commission, LCRC, and/or MDOT, as applicable, table the requests  
22 for additional information, grants approval with conditions, or does not concur with the  
23 approval or denial of the other agency, there shall be a joint meeting of the Zoning  
24 Administrator, a representative of the Planning Commission and staff of LCRC, and/or  
25 MDOT, as applicable, and the applicants. The purpose of this meeting will be to review the  
26 application to obtain concurrence between the Planning Commission and the applicable  
27 road authorities regarding approval or denial and the terms and conditions of any permit  
28 approval.
  - 29 c.) No application will be considered approved, nor will any permit be considered valid unless  
30 each of the above-mentioned agencies has indicated approval. Conditions may be  
31 imposed by the Planning Commission to ensure conformance with the terms of any  
32 driveway permit approved by a road authority.
- 33 6.) The Zoning Administrator and Township Clerk shall keep records of each application that has  
34 been submitted, including the disposition of each one. This record shall be a public record.
- 35 7.) Approval of an application remains valid for a period of one year from the date it was  
36 authorized. If authorized construction is not initiated by the end of one (1) year, and an  
37 extension as provided in paragraph 8, below, has not been granted, the authorization is  
38 automatically null and void.
- 39 8.) An approval may be extended for a period not to exceed 12 months. The extension must be  
40 requested, in writing by the applicant before the expiration of the initial approval. The Planning  
41 Commission may approve extension of an authorization provided there are not deviations from  
42 the original approval present on the site or planned, and there are no violations of applicable  
43 ordinances and no development on abutting property or property across the roadway has  
44 occurred with a driveway location that creates an unsafe condition. If there is any deviation or  
45 cause for question, the Planning Commission shall consult a representative of LCRC and/or  
46 MDOT, as applicable, for input.
- 47 9.) Re-issuance of an authorization that has expired requires a new Access Application form to be  
48 filled out and processed independently of previous action.
- 49 10.) The applicant shall assume all responsibility for all maintenance of such driveway approaches  
50 from the right-of-way line to the edge of the traveled roadway.
- 51 11.) Where authorization has been granted for entrances to a parking facility, said facility shall not  
52 be altered or the plan of operation changed until a revised Access Application has been  
53 submitted and approved as specified in this Section.
- 54 12.) Application to construct or reconstruct any driveway entrance and approach to a site shall also  
55 cover the reconstruction or closing of all nonconforming or unused entrances and approaches  
56 to the same site at the expense of the property owner.
- 57 13.) When a building permit is sought for the reconstruction, rehabilitation or expansion of an  
58 existing site or a zoning or occupancy certificate is sought for use or change of use for any  
59 land, buildings, or structures, all of the existing, as well as proposed driveway approaches and

1 parking facilities shall comply, or be brought into compliance, with all design standards as set  
2 forth in this Ordinance prior to the issuance of a zoning or occupancy certificate, and pursuant  
3 to the procedures of this section.

- 4 14.) Goodland Township and LCRC and/or MDOT, as applicable, may require a performance  
5 bond, cash deposit, or bank letter of credit in the amount of \$10,000 for each driveway  
6 approach, or a greater amount when deceleration lanes are required to insure compliance with  
7 an approved application. Such surety shall terminate and any unused portion of the deposit will  
8 be returned to the applicant when the terms of the approval have been met or when the  
9 authorization is canceled or terminated.

10  
11 Section 15.04: SERVICE DRIVES AND OTHER SHARED ACCESS STANDARDS  
12

- 13 A.) The use of shared access, parking lot connections and service drives, in conjunction with  
14 driveway spacing, is intended to preserve traffic flow along major thoroughfares and minimize  
15 traffic conflicts, while retaining reasonable access to the property. At the time of development  
16 plan review the Planning Commission or Township Board, as appropriate may determine that  
17 restricting new access points or reducing the number of existing access points may have a  
18 beneficial impact on traffic operations and safety while preserving the property owner's right to  
19 reasonable access, then access from a side street, a shared driveway, a parking lot connection,  
20 or service drive connecting two or more properties or uses may be required instead of more direct  
21 connection to the street. Where traffic safety would be improved and the driveway spacing  
22 requirements of this ordinance can be met, direct connection to the street may be allowed in  
23 addition to a required service drive.
- 24 1.) Shared access, service drives or at least a connection between abutting land uses may be  
25 required in the following cases:  
26 a.) Where the driveway spacing standards of this section cannot be met.  
27 b.) Where recommended in an adopted Access Management Plan or other corridor or sub-  
28 area master plans of Goodland Township.  
29 c.) When the driveway could potentially interfere with traffic operations at an existing or  
30 planned traffic signal location.  
31 d.) The site is along a state highway or other main road having high traffic volumes, or on a  
32 street segment experiencing congestion or a relatively high number of traffic accidents.  
33 e.) The property frontage has limited sight distance.  
34 f.) The fire department recommends a second means of emergency access.
- 35 2.) In areas where frontage roads or rear service drives are recommended, but adjacent  
36 properties have not yet developed, the site shall be designed to accommodate a future  
37 road/service drive facility. The Planning Commission may approve temporary access points  
38 where a continuous service drive is not yet available and a performance bond or escrow is  
39 accepted to assure elimination of temporary access when the service road is constructed.  
40 (See Section 15.05: TEMPORARY ACCESS PERMITS).
- 41 B.) Notwithstanding the requirements of the State of Michigan Land Division Act, the standards for all  
42 service drives shall be as follows:  
43 1.) Site Plan Review - The Planning Commission shall review and approve all service drives to  
44 ensure safe and adequate continuity of the service drive between contiguous parcels as part  
45 of the site plan review process in **ARTICLE XVI—SITE PLAN REVIEW**.  
46 2.) Front and Rear Service Drives - A front or rear service drive may be established on property  
47 that abuts only one public road. The design of a service road shall conform with national  
48 design guidelines such as those identified in the National Access Management Manual by  
49 TRB, the AASHTO "Green Book", and National Cooperative Highway Research Program  
50 (NCHRP), "Access Management Guidelines to Activity Centers" Report 348 and "Impacts of  
51 Access Management Techniques" Report 420.  
52 3.) Location - Service roads shall generally be parallel to the front property line, may be located  
53 either in front of, or behind, principal buildings, and may be placed in required yards. In  
54 considering the most appropriate alignment for a service road, the Planning Commission  
55 shall consider the setbacks of existing and/or proposed buildings and anticipated traffic flow  
56 for the site.  
57 4.) Width and Construction Materials - A service drive shall be within an access easement  
58 permitting traffic circulation between properties. The easement shall be recorded with the  
59 County Register of Deeds. This easement shall be at least forty (40) feet wide. A service

drive shall have a minimum pavement width of 26 feet measured face to face of curb with a minimum approach width of 36 feet at intersections. The service drive shall be constructed of a paved surface material that is resistant to erosion and shall meet Lapeer County Road Commission standards for base and thickness of asphalt or concrete, unless the community has standards that are more restrictive.

- 5.) Snow Storage and Landscaping Area - A minimum of fifteen (15) feet of snow storage/landscaping area shall be reserved along both sides of the service drive. Frontage roads shall have a minimum setback of 30 feet from the right-of-way, with a minimum of 60 feet of storage at the intersection for entering and exiting vehicles as measured from the pavement edge. The minimum setback distance at the intersection shall be increased to 115 feet as measured from the edge of the pavement when involving a state highway.
- 6.) Driveway Entrance - The Planning Commission shall approve the location of all driveways having access to the service drive, or other shared access.
- 7.) Driveway Spacing - This will be determined based upon posted speed limits as listed below:

<u>Posted Speed Limit (MPH)</u>	<u>Desired Access Spacing (in feet) between Adjacent Access Points</u>
25	130
30	185
35	245
40	300
45	350
50	455
55	455+

Access to the service drive shall be located so that there is no undue interference with the free movement of service drive and emergency vehicle traffic, where there is safe sight distance, and where there is a safe driveway grade as established by the applicable road authority.

- 8.) Driveway Radii - All driveway radii shall be concrete curbs and conform to the commercial driveway requirements of LCRC or MDOT administrative rules regulating driveways, as applicable.
- 9.) Acceleration Lanes and Tapers - The design of the driveway, acceleration, deceleration or taper shall conform to the requirements of LCRC or MDOT administrative rules regulating driveways, as applicable.
- 10.) Elevation - The elevation of a service drive shall be uniform or gently sloping between adjacent properties.
- 11.) Service Drive Maintenance - No service drive shall be established on existing public right-of-way. The service drive shall be a public street (if dedicated to and accepted by the public), or a private road maintained by the adjoining property owners it serves who shall enter into a formal agreement for the joint maintenance of the service drive. The agreement shall also specify who is responsible for enforcing speed limits, parking and related vehicular activity on the service drive. This agreement shall be approved by the Township attorney and recorded with the deed for each property it serves by the County Register of Deeds. If the service drive is a private road, the Township shall reserve the right to make repairs or improvements to the service drive and charge back the costs directly or by special assessment to the benefiting landowners if they fail to maintain a service drive properly.
- 12.) Parking - The service road is intended to be used exclusively for circulation, not as a parking, loading or unloading aisle. Parking shall be prohibited along two-way frontage roads and service drives that are constructed at the minimum width. One-way roads or two-way roads designed with additional width for parallel parking may be allowed if it can be demonstrated through traffic studies that on-street parking will not significantly affect the capacity, safety or operation of the frontage road or service drive. Perpendicular or angle parking along either side of a designated frontage road or service drive is prohibited. The Planning Commission may require the posting of "no parking" signs along the service road. As a condition to site plan approval, the Planning Commission may permit temporary parking in the easement area where a continuous service road is not yet available, if the layout allows removal of the parking in the future to allow extension of the service road. Temporary parking spaces permitted with the service drive shall be in excess of the minimum required under **ARTICLE**

1 **XIV—OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING REQUIREMENTS.** Directional Signs and  
2 Pavement Markings - Pavement markings may be required to help promote safety and  
3 efficient circulation. The property owner shall be required to maintain all pavement markings.  
4 All directional signs and pavement markings along the service drive shall conform to the  
5 current Michigan Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices.

- 6 14.) Pedestrian and Bicycle Access - Separate, safe access for pedestrians and bicycles shall be  
7 provided on a sidewalk or paved path that generally parallels the service drive unless  
8 alternate and comparable facilities are approved by the Planning Commission.  
9 15.) Service Drive Signs - All new public and private service drives shall have a designated name  
10 on a sign meeting the standards on file in the office of the Zoning Administrator.  
11 16.) In the case of expansion, alteration or redesign of existing development where it can be  
12 demonstrated that pre-existing conditions prohibit installation of a frontage road or service  
13 drive in accordance with the aforementioned standards, the Planning Commission shall have  
14 the authority to allow and/or require alternative cross access between adjacent parking areas  
15 through the interconnection of main circulation aisles. Under these conditions, the aisles  
16 serving the parking stalls shall be aligned perpendicularly to the access aisle, with islands,  
17 curbing and/or signage to delineate further the edges of the route to be used by through  
18 traffic.

19  
20 Section 15.05: TEMPORARY ACCESS PERMITS

- 21  
22 A.) A temporary access permit may be conditionally issued to a property included in an adopted  
23 corridor or access management plan that programs road improvements and installation of service  
24 drives and shared driveways that would eliminate the need for the temporary driveway.  
25 B.) Conditions may be included in the temporary access permit including but not limited to, a  
26 limitation on development intensity on the site until adjoining parcels develop which can provide a  
27 shared driveway, shared access via a service drive, and/or cross parking lot connection  
28 consistent with the requirements of this Article.  
29 C.) A temporary access permit shall expire when the use of the site for which the temporary access  
30 permit was granted has ceased for twelve (12) months or more, or the use of the site or the  
31 driveway has changed such that the use of the driveway has increased significantly.  
32 D.) A site plan for property that cannot meet the access requirements of Article has no alternative  
33 means of reasonable access to the public road system may be issued a temporary access permit.  
34 When adjoining parcels develop which can provide a shared driveway, shared access via a  
35 service drive or a cross parking lot connection, the temporary access permit shall be rescinded  
36 and an application for an access permit consistent with the requirements of this article shall be  
37 required.

38  
39 Section 15.06: NON-CONFORMING DRIVEWAYS

- 40  
41 A.) Driveways that do not conform to the regulations in this Article and were constructed before the  
42 effective date of this Article shall be considered legal nonconforming driveways. Existing  
43 driveways granted temporary access permits are legal nonconforming driveways until the  
44 temporary access permit expires.  
45 B.) Loss of legal nonconforming status results when a nonconforming driveway ceases to be used for  
46 its intended purpose, as shown on the approved site plan, or a plot plan, for a period of twelve  
47 (12) months or more. Any reuse of the driveway may only take place after the driveway conforms  
48 to all aspects of this Article.  
49 C.) When the owner of a property with an existing, nonconforming driveway or driveways, applies for  
50 a permit to upgrade or change the use of the property, the Planning Commission will determine  
51 whether it is necessary and appropriate to retrofit the existing driveway or driveways.  
52 1.) The property owner may be required to establish a retrofit plan. The objectives of the retrofit  
53 plan will be to minimize the traffic and safety impacts of development by bringing the number,  
54 spacing, location, and design of driveways into conformance with the standards and  
55 requirements of this Article, to the extent possible without imposing unnecessary hardship on  
56 the property owner. The retrofit plan may include:  
57 a.) Elimination of driveways,  
58 b.) Realignment or relocation of driveways,  
59 c.) Provision of shared driveways and/or cross parking lot connection,

- 1 d.) Access by means of a service drive,  
2 e.) Restriction of vehicle movements (e.g. elimination of left-turns in and out),  
3 f.) Relocation of parking,  
4 g.) Traffic demand management (e.g. a reduction in peak hour trips),  
5 h.) Signalization, or such other changes as may enhance traffic safety.
- 6 2.) The requirements of the retrofit plan shall be incorporated as conditions to the permit for the  
7 change or upgrade of use and the property owner shall be responsible for the retrofit.
- 8 3.) If an applicant is required to retrofit an existing non-conforming driveway with a shared driveway  
9 or driveways with an adjoining property, the applicant shall bear the full cost of retrofitting the  
10 driveway or driveways even if the improvements are located on the adjoining property unless
- 11 D.) Driveways that do not conform to the regulations in this Ordinance and have been constructed  
12 after adoption of this Ordinance shall be considered illegal nonconforming driveways.
- 13 E.) Illegal nonconforming driveways are a violation of this Ordinance. If constructed, the property  
14 owner shall be issued a notice of the violation and an explanation of the driveways non-  
15 conforming aspects. Upon subsequent review of the driveway by the Planning Commission and  
16 a formal finding of non-compliance with the standards contained or referenced herein, the  
17 driveway may be required to be closed and driveways constructed in illegal locations shall be  
18 immediately closed upon detection and all evidence of the driveway removed from the right-of-  
19 way and site on which it is located. In addition to any fines imposed for the violation pursuant to  
20 **ARTICLE XXI—VIOLATIONS**, the costs of such removal shall be borne by the property owner.
- 21 F.) Nothing in this Ordinance shall prohibit the repair, improvement, or modernization of lawful  
22 nonconforming driveways, provided it is done consistent with the requirements of this Article.  
23



1 **ARTICLE XVI—SITE PLAN REVIEW**

2 Section 16.01: SITE PLAN REVIEW REQUIRED

3  
4 A site plan shall be submitted for review according to the provisions of this Article for all permitted and  
5 special approval land uses **except** the following:

- 6 A.) Single family and two family dwelling units on individual lots.
- 7 B.) Farm buildings and residential and accessory buildings, if not otherwise listed or in support of a  
8 Special Approval Use.
- 9 C.) Non-residential accessory buildings less than eight hundred (800) square feet in area.
- 10 D.) Single and two family homes, Type 1 and Type 2 home occupations and temporary dwellings  
11 requiring approval as a special use. For such uses requiring a special approval use permit, a  
12 sketch plan drawn to scale shall be provided. The sketch plan shall include the location,  
13 dimensions and area of all structures, parking areas and driveways, the approximate location of  
14 buildings located on adjacent property and proposed future additions or future buildings if  
15 contemplated. The sketch shall include a scale, north arrow, and date of drawing; the property  
16 owner's name and address; and description of the proposed use of each building if for other than  
17 residential purposes.
- 18 E.) Ponds

19 Section 16.02: PROCEDURE

20  
21 All site plans shall be submitted first to the Zoning Administrator, who shall review the plans for  
22 compliance with the requirements of the Zoning Ordinance. The Zoning Administrator shall then refer the  
23 site plan to the Planning Commission for review and decision. Once the Planning Commission approves  
24 a site plan, it shall not be altered without the consent of the Planning Commission.

25 Section 16.03: CONTENT

26 Unless exempted under 16.01 D) above or unless specifically waived by the Planning Commission  
27 during its review, each site plan shall include the following:

- 28 A.) Area of the site in acres.
- 29 B.) Date, north point, and scale.
- 30 C.) Dimensions of all property lines.
- 31 D.) Location and dimensions of all existing and proposed structures on the property or on adjacent  
32 properties within one hundred (100) feet of the property lines.
- 33 E.) Location and dimensions of all existing and proposed roads (including rights of way), driveways,  
34 sidewalks, and parking areas (See **ARTICLE XIV—OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING**  
35 **REQUIREMENTS**).
- 36 F.) Location of all existing and proposed utility lines, wells, septic systems, ponds and storm  
37 drainage.
- 38 G.) Location, dimensions and details of proposed plantings, greenbelts, and landscaped areas.
- 39 H.) Exterior drawings of proposed new buildings or existing buildings to which major additions are  
40 proposed.
- 41 I.) Location, dimensions, and drawings of existing and proposed signs. (See Goodland Township  
42 Sign Ordinance)
- 43 J.) Name, address, and telephone number of the person who prepared the site plan.
- 44 K.) Existing and proposed topographic elevations at two (2) foot intervals on the site and to a  
45 distance of ten (10) feet outside the boundary lines of the site. Ground elevations of all existing  
46 buildings, drives and parking lots, and any unusual surface conditions shall be provided. The  
47 physical extent of proposed clearing and grading shall be clearly indicated.
- 48 L.) Proposed parking areas and access drives, showing the number and size of spaces, aisles,  
49 loading areas, and handicapped access ramps. The method of surfacing such areas shall be  
50 noted.
- 51 M.) Landscape plan indicating type and size of all plant material, including all areas to be sod or  
52 seeded for grass.
- 53 N.) Location and type of significant existing vegetation, water courses, and water bodies including  
54 county drains and manmade surface drainage ways, floodplains and wetlands.

- 1 O.) Building floor plans and the height of all buildings or structures shall be indicated; as well as
- 2 building elevations, proposed construction materials and proposed colors.
- 3 P.) Location of all proposed accessory structures, including outdoor lighting fixtures, flagpoles,
- 4 storage sheds, transformers, dumpsters or trash removal areas or devices, existing and proposed
- 5 utility poles. Indicate screening for trash receptacles.
- 6 Q.) Location of all outdoor storage areas for materials and the manner in which materials shall be
- 7 screened or covered.
- 8 R.) If phased construction is to be used, each phase must be noted and each phase must stand on
- 9 its own.
- 10 S.) Notation of any variances or special approval permits which are required, any legal non-
- 11 conforming uses or structures, and any State or Federal permits which have been secured or
- 12 may be necessary to secure.
- 13 T.) The property owner's written approval or signature on the application submitted.

14 Section 16.04: STANDARDS

15 In determining whether to approve, modify, or deny a site plan, the Planning Commission shall consider  
16 the following:

- 17 A.) Adequacy of traffic ingress, egress, circulation, and parking.
- 18 B.) Adequacy of landscaping to protect adjoining properties and enhance the environment of the
- 19 community.
- 20 C.) Location and design of proposed structures to ensure that detrimental effects on adjacent
- 21 properties will be minimized.
- 22 D.) Adequacy of storm drainage.
- 23 E.) Location and design of signs to prevent highway visibility obstructions, driver distractions,
- 24 encroachments, and adverse impacts on the community environment.
- 25 F.) Access Control Standards (Reference **ARTICLE XV—ACCESS MANAGEMENT**
- 26 **REGULATION**).
- 27 G.) Whether or not the proposed use and site plan will meet all of the applicable requirements of the
- 28 zoning district in which it is located, all other applicable provisions of this ordinance and
- 29 applicable county, state and federal law.

30 Section 16.05: PERFORMANCE GUARANTEE

31  
32 The Planning Commission shall require a performance bond (cash, certified check, surety bond, or  
33 irrevocable bank letter of credit) in an amount equal to the estimated cost of road, lighting, utility,  
34 sidewalk, landscaping, drainage, and other required improvements associated with the project. The  
35 estimated amount shall be determined by the Zoning Administrator and approved by the Township Board.  
36 Such performance guarantee shall be deposited with the Township Clerk at the time of the issuance of  
37 the permit authorizing the activity or project to ensure faithful completion of the improvements indicated  
38 with the approved site plan. If not, the performance guarantee shall be forfeited. The Township shall  
39 rebate a proportional share of the performance bond only when requested by the depositor, based on the  
40 percent of improvements completed, as attested to by the depositor and verified by the Zoning  
41 Administrator. In cases where the provisions of this Article have not been met, the amount of the  
42 aforementioned performance guarantee shall be used by the Township to complete the required  
43 improvements and the balance, if any, shall be returned to the applicant.

44 Section 16.06: TIME FOR COMPLETION

45  
46 Each site plan shall be fully complied with and all construction completed within twenty-four (24) months  
47 of the date of the final approval of the site plan. A longer completion time may be permitted if deemed  
48 necessary by the Planning Commission.

49  
50 Section 16.07: MODIFICATION OF PLAN DURING CONSTRUCTION

51  
52 All site improvements shall conform to the approved site plan. If the applicant makes any changes in the  
53 development in relation to the approved site plan during construction, such changes shall be made at the  
54 applicant's risk, without any assurances that the Planning Commission will approve the changes. It shall

1 be the responsibility of the applicant to notify the Zoning Administrator and the Planning Commission of  
2 any changes. The Zoning Administrator and the Planning Commission, whichever is applicable, shall  
3 have the authority to require the applicant to correct the changes to conform to the approved site plan.  
4

5 Section 16.08: FEES

6  
7 Fees for the review of site plans and inspections as required by this Article shall be established and may  
8 be amended by resolution of the Township Board.  
9

10 Section 16.09: VIOLATIONS

11  
12 An approved site plan shall become part of the record of approval, and subsequent action relating to a  
13 site in question shall be consistent with the approved site plan, unless the Planning Commission agrees  
14 to such changes as provided in this Article. Any violation of the provisions of this Article, including any  
15 improvement not in conformance with the approved final site plan, shall be deemed a violation of this  
16 Ordinance and shall be subject to all penalties therein.  
17  
18  
19

1 **ARTICLE XVII—USES PERMITTED AFTER SPECIAL APPROVAL OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION**

2 Section 17.01: APPLICATION

3 For all uses permitted after special approval, a written application shall be submitted to the Planning  
4 Commission. Such application shall contain a description of the proposed use, a legal description and  
5 road or street location of the property on which the proposed use would be located, the signature of the  
6 property owner, the signature of the petitioner (if different from the property owner), and a scale drawing  
7 of the site. The scale drawing shall show existing and proposed buildings, driveways, points of ingress  
8 and egress, parking areas, fencing, landscaping, signs, and road right of ways.

9 Section 17.02: PUBLIC NOTICES AND PUBLIC HEARINGS

- 10 A.) Upon receipt of an application for a special approval, one (1) notice that a request for a special  
11 approval land use has been received shall be published within a newspaper, which circulates  
12 within the township. An additional notice shall be sent by mail or by personal delivery to the  
13 owner of the property for which approval is being considered, all owners of property to whom real  
14 property is assessed and to all occupants of all structures within 300 feet of the boundary of the  
15 property that is the subject of the application and to the petitioner.
- 16 B.) Notice Timing – Such notice must be given not less than fifteen (15) days before the date the  
17 application will be considered.
- 18 C.) Notification Items – The notice shall include the following:  
19 1.) Describe the nature of the special use requested.  
20 2.) Indicate the property that is subject of the special land use request.  
21 3.) State the time, date and place where the public hearing will be held for the purpose of taking  
22 public comment and for considering the special approval land use request.  
23 4.) Indicate when and where written comments will be received concerning the request.

24 Section 17.03: STANDARDS

- 25 Requests for uses permitted after special approval shall be granted based on the following standards:  
26 A.) The location, size and character of the proposed use shall be in harmony with and appropriate to  
27 the surrounding neighborhood.  
28 B.) The proposed use shall not result in the creation of a hazardous traffic condition.  
29 C.) The site layout, intensity of use, and periods of use shall not be such as to create a nuisance due  
30 to dust, noise, smell, vibration, smoke, or lighting.  
31 D.) The proposed use must comply with all specific requirements of the zoning district where the  
32 proposed use would be located.  
33

34 Section 17.04: DECISION

- 35 The Planning Commission may deny, approve, or approve with conditions any request for a Use  
36 Permitted After Special Approval. The decision of the Planning Commission shall be incorporated in a  
37 statement containing the findings of fact and conclusion on which the decision is based and any  
38 conditions imposed. Any condition imposed shall meet all of the following requirements:  
39 A.) Be designed to protect natural resources, the health, safety, and welfare and the social and  
40 economic well-being of those who will use the land use or activity under consideration, residents  
41 and landowners immediately adjacent to the proposed land use or activity, and community as a  
42 whole.  
43 B.) Be related to the valid exercise of the police power, and purposes that are affected by the  
44 proposed use or activity.  
45 C.) Be necessary to meet the intent and purpose of the zoning ordinance, be related to the standards  
46 established in the ordinance for the land use or activity under consideration, and be necessary to  
47 insure compliance with those standards.  
48

49

50

1 Section 17.05: EXPIRATION

2

3 Planning Commission permission for a Use Permitted After Special Approval shall expire one (1) year  
4 from the date of the meeting at which permission is granted unless the premises has actually been  
5 occupied by the use permitted or unless construction has been undertaken to prepare the premises for  
6 the use permitted within the one (1) year period.

7 Section 17.06: REVOCATION

8

9 In the event that the requirements of this Ordinance or any conditions are not complied with, the  
10 Planning Commission may revoke any use granted after special approval. Prior to any revocation, the  
11 Planning Commission shall conduct a public hearing pursuant to Section 17.02.

12

13

1 **ARTICLE XVIII—ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS**

2 Section 18.01: ESTABLISHMENT

3  
4 There is hereby established a Zoning Board of Appeals as authorized by Public Act 110 of 2006, as  
5 amended. The Zoning Board of appeals shall consist of five (5) members appointed by the Township  
6 Board. One member shall be a member of the Township Board. One member shall be a member of the  
7 Planning Commission. The remaining three (3) members shall be electors who are neither employees  
8 nor contractors of the Township. Each member shall be appointed for a term of three years, except that  
9 the term of office of the members who are also members of the Township Board or Planning Commission  
10 shall terminate if their membership on the Township Board or Planning Commission terminates. The  
11 Zoning Board of Appeals shall elect a chairperson, vice-chairman, and secretary. The Township Board  
12 member may not serve as chairperson. The Township Board may appoint two alternate members of the  
13 Zoning Board of Appeals for three-year terms. An alternate member may sit as a member of the Zoning  
14 Board of Appeals whenever a regular member is unable to attend. An alternate member may also be  
15 called to serve as a regular member for the purpose of reaching a decision on a case in which the regular  
16 member has abstained for reasons of conflict of interest. The alternate member appointed shall serve in  
17 the case until a final decision has been made. The alternate member has the same voting rights as a  
18 regular member of the Zoning Board of Appeals

19 Section 18.02: NOTICE OF APPEALS

- 20  
21 A.) Any person wishing to appeal any Zoning Ordinance provision or any final decision of the Zoning  
22 Administrator or the Planning Commission may take an appeal to the Zoning Board of Appeals.  
23 All appeals must be applied for in writing on forms provided by the Township. Upon receipt of an  
24 application for an appeal, one (1) notice that a request for an appeal has been received shall be  
25 published within a newspaper, which circulates within the township. Additional notice shall be  
26 sent by mail or by personal delivery to the owner of the property for which appeal is being  
27 considered, all owners of property to whom real property is assessed and to all occupants of all  
28 structures within 300 feet of the boundary of the property that is the subject of the application and  
29 to the petitioner.  
30 B.) Notice Timing – Such notice must be given not less than fifteen (15) days before the date the  
31 application will be considered.  
32 C.) Notification Items – The notice shall include the following:  
33 1.) Describe the nature of the appeal.  
34 2.) Indicate the property that is subject of the special land use request. The notice shall include a  
35 listing of all existing street addresses within the property. Street addresses will not be  
36 created where no such addresses currently exist within the property. If there are no street  
37 addresses, other means of identification will be used.  
38 3.) Indicate the property that is the subject of the appeal. State when and where the appeal will  
39 be considered.  
40 4.) Indicate where and when written comments will be received concerning the appeal.

41 Section 18.03: POWERS

42 The Zoning Board of Appeals may reverse or affirm, wholly or partly, or modify the order, requirement,  
43 decision, or determination and may issue or direct the issuance of a permit. If there are practical  
44 difficulties for nonuse variances or unnecessary hardships for use variances in the way of carrying out the  
45 strict letter of the zoning ordinance, the Zoning Board of Appeals shall decide appeals in such a manner  
46 that the spirit of the ordinance is observed, public safety secured, and substantial justice done. The  
47 decision of the Zoning Board of Appeals shall be final. A party aggrieved by the decision may appeal to  
48 the Lapeer County Circuit Court within 30 days after the Zoning Board of Appeals certifies its decision in  
49 writing or approves the minutes of its decision.

50 Section 18.04: STANDARDS AND DECISIONS

51  
52 The Zoning Board of Appeals may require the appellant to provide such additional information as is  
53 necessary to make a decision. In making a decision, the Zoning Board of Appeals may impose such

1 conditions, as it may deem necessary to comply with the sprit and purpose of the Zoning Ordinance. Any  
2 variance shall expire one (1) year from the date it is granted unless use of the property has begun or  
3 construction has been undertaken pursuant to the variance. The Zoning Board of Appeals shall state the  
4 grounds of each decision. Any conditions imposed by the Zoning Board of Appeals shall meet the  
5 following requirements:

- 6 1.) Be designed to protect natural resources, the health, safety, and welfare and the social and  
7 economic well-being of those who will use the land use or activity under consideration,  
8 residents and landowners immediately adjacent to the proposed land use or activity, and the  
9 community as a whole.
- 10 2.) Be related to the valid exercise of the police power, and purposes that are affected by the  
11 proposed use or activity.
- 12 3.) Be necessary to meet the intent and purpose of the Goodland Township Zoning Ordinance,  
13 be related to the standards established in the Ordinance for the land use or activity under  
14 consideration, and be necessary to insure compliance with those standards.

15 A.) Nonuse/Dimensional Variance Standards

- 16 1.) An appellant must show and the ZBA must determine that a practical difficulty exists to justify  
17 a nonuse variance.
- 18 2.) A majority (at least 3) of the regular members must be present.
- 19 3.) No variance may be granted or decision overruled unless a majority—at least three (3)—  
20 members vote in favor thereof.

21 B.) Use Variance Standards

- 22 1.) An appellant must show and the ZBA must determine that an unnecessary hardship exists to  
23 justify the variance.
- 24 2.) A majority (at least 3) of the regular members must be present.
- 25 3.) No variance may be granted or decision overruled unless at 2/3—at least four (4)—of the  
26 total number of members must vote in favor thereof.

## ARTICLE XIX—DEFINITIONS

### Section 19.01: DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this Ordinance, certain terms are herewith defined. The word "shall" is always mandatory and not merely directory. Terms not herein defined shall have the meanings customarily assigned to them.

**AASHTO:** Abbreviation of the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials, which conducts research and publishes many national road and non-motorized standards

**ACCELERATION LANE:** A speed-changing lane, including taper, for the purpose of enabling a vehicle entering the roadway to increase its speed to a rate at which it can safely merge with through traffic.

**ACCESS:** A way or means of approach to provide vehicular or pedestrian entrance or exit to a property from an abutting property or a public roadway.

**ACCESS MANAGEMENT:** The process of providing and managing reasonable access to land development while preserving the flow of traffic in terms of safety, capacity, and speed on the abutting roadway system.

**ACCESS MANAGEMENT PLAN:** A plan establishing the preferred location and design of access for properties along a roadway or the roadways in a community. It may be a freestanding document, or a part of a community master or comprehensive plan, or a part of a corridor management plan.

**ACCESS POINT:** 1) The connection of a driveway at the right-of-way line to a road, 2) A new road, driveway, shared access, or service drive.

**ACCESSORY BUILDING:** A building related to and secondary to the intended, main use of the premises.

**ACCESSORY USE:** A use naturally and normally incidental and subordinate to the main use of the premises.

**ADT:** The annual average two-way daily traffic volume. It represents the total annual traffic for the year, divided by 365. (Where annual data is not available, data from a shorter period may sometimes be used).

**ADULT ENTERTAINMENT FACILITIES:** Adult bookstores, being establishments having as a substantial or significant portion of their stock in trade, books, magazines, videos, and other items that are characterized by their emphasis on matter depicting, describing or relating to "Specified Sexual Activities" or "Anatomical Areas". In addition, adult motion picture theaters either enclosed or open air, used for presenting motion pictures characterized by an emphasis on matters depicting, describing or relating to "Specified Sexual Activities" or "Anatomical areas" for observation by patrons. "Specified Sexual Activities," for the purpose of this section, are defined as including:

- 1) human genitals in a state of sexual stimulation or arousal;
- 2) acts of human masturbation, sexual intercourse or sodomy; and/or
- 3) fondling or other erotic touching of human genitals, pubic region, buttocks or female breast. "Anatomical Areas" are defined as less than completely covered:
- 4) human genitals or pubic region;
- 5) buttocks; and/or
- 6) female breasts below a point immediately above the top of the areola.

**AGRICULTURE:** The production, keeping, or maintenance, for sale, lease, or personal use, of plats and animals useful to man, including but not limited to:

- 1) forages and sod crops;
- 2) grains and seed crops;
- 3) dairy animals and dairy products;
- 4) poultry and poultry products;
- 5) livestock, including:
  - a) beef cattle,
  - b) sheep,
  - c) swine,
  - d) horses, ponies, mules, or
  - e) goats or
  - f) any hybrids thereof, including their breeding and grazing;
- 6) bees and apiary products;
- 7) fur animals;
- 8) trees and forest products;
- 9) fruits, including grapes, nuts and berries;



1 10) vegetables;  
2 11) nursery, floral, ornamental, and greenhouse products;  
3 12) aqua-culture;  
4 13) or lands devoted to a soil conservation or forestry management program.  
5 ALTERATIONS: Any change, addition or modification in construction of the structural members of a  
6 building, such as walls, partitions, columns, beams, girders, etc.  
7 ALTERNATIVE MEANS OF ACCESS: A shared driveway, frontage road, rear service drive or connected  
8 parking lot.  
9 BUILDABLE AREA: The buildable area of a lot is the space remaining after compliance with the  
10 minimum setback requirements of this Ordinance.  
11 BUILDING: A structure, either temporary or permanent, having a roof supported by columns, ribs or walls  
12 for the shelter or enclosure of persons, animals or personal property. This shall include vehicles,  
13 trailers, manufactured homes or similar units situated on private property and used for purposes  
14 of a building.  
15 COMMERCIAL VEHICLE: Any vehicle bearing or required to bear commercial license plates and which  
16 falls into one or more of the categories listed below:  
17 1.) Truck tractor;  
18 2.) Semi-trailer, which shall include flat beds, stake beds, roll-off containers, tanker  
19 bodies, dump bodies, and full or partial box-type enclosures;  
20 3.) Vehicles of a type that are commonly used for the delivery of ice cream, milk, bread,  
21 fruit or similar vending supply or delivery trucks. This category shall include vehicles  
22 of a similar nature which are also of a type commonly used by electrical, plumbing,  
23 heating and cooling, and other construction oriented contractors;  
24 4.) Tow trucks, and vehicle repair service trucks;  
25 5.) Commercial hauling trucks;  
26 6.) Snow plowing trucks;  
27 7.) Alternatively, any other vehicle with a commercial license plate having a gross  
28 vehicle weight in excess of ten thousand (10,000) pounds or a total length in excess  
29 of 22 feet.  
30 CONDOMINIUM ACT: Michigan Public Act 59 of 1978, as amended.  
31 CONDOMINIUM SUBDIVISION PLAN: The site plan illustrating the existing site features and all  
32 proposed improvements pursuant to the requirements for site plan review and pursuant to the  
33 requirements of Section 66 of the Condominium Act.  
34 CONDOMINIUM UNIT: That portion of the condominium project designed and intended for the separate  
35 ownership and use, as described in the master deed.  
36 CONDOMINIUM MASTER DEED: The condominium document recording the condominium project as  
37 approved by the Township, to which is attached as exhibits and incorporated by reference the  
38 approved by-laws for the project and the approved condominium subdivision plan for the site.  
39 CONNECTED PARKING LOT: Two or more parking lots that are connected by cross access.  
40 CONSERVATION AREA: An area set-aside for official care, protection, or management of natural  
41 resources.  
42 CORNER CLEARANCE: The distance from an intersection of a public or private road or street to the  
43 nearest access connection, measured from the closest edge of the driveway pavement to the  
44 closest edge of the road pavement.  
45 CROSS ACCESS: A service road or driveway providing vehicular access between two or more  
46 contiguous sites so the driver need not enter the public road system.  
47 DECELERATION LANE: A speed-change lane, including taper, for the purpose of enabling a vehicle to  
48 leave the through traffic lane at a speed equal to or slightly less than the speed of traffic in the  
49 through lane and to decelerate to a stop or to execute a slow speed turn.  
50 DITCHES, PRIVATE AGRICULTURAL—a private ditch shall mean any long, narrow furrow or trench  
51 excavated in the ground for the purposes of irrigation or drainage by a private, agricultural entity  
52 (e.g. that which is not under the jurisdiction of the Lapeer County Drain Commission or other  
53 public agency or governmental authority) and which is not created for the express purpose of  
54 earth material removal as regulated herein. The excavation of ditches for the purpose of irrigation  
55 or drainage and in a manner that meets the construction and permitting requirements of the Earth  
56 Material Removal Ordinance No. 801, as amended.  
57 DRIVEWAY: Any entrance or exit used by vehicular traffic to or from land or buildings abutting a road.

- 1 DRIVEWAY FLARE: A triangular pavement surface at the intersection of a driveway with a public street or  
2 road that facilitates turning movements and is used to replicate the turning radius in areas with  
3 curb and gutter construction.
- 4 DRIVEWAY OFFSET: The distance between the inside edges of two driveways on opposite sides of an  
5 undivided roadway.
- 6 DRIVEWAY RETURN RADIUS: A circular pavement transition at the intersection of a driveway with a  
7 street or road that facilitates turning movements to and from the driveway.
- 8 DRIVEWAY, SHARED: A driveway connecting two or more contiguous properties to the public road  
9 system.
- 10 DRIVEWAY SPACING: The distance between driveways as measured from the centerline of one  
11 driveway to the centerline of the second driveway along the same side of the street or road.
- 12 DRIVEWAY WIDTH: Narrowest width of driveway measured perpendicular to the centerline of the  
13 driveway.
- 14 DWELLING, MULTIPLE FAMILY: A building used or designed as a residence for three (3) or more  
15 families.
- 16 DWELLING, SINGLE FAMILY: A building used or designed exclusively as a residence for one (1) family.
- 17 DWELLING, TWO FAMILY: A building used or designed as a residence for two (2) families.
- 18 DWELLING UNIT: Any house, building, mobile home, or portion thereof, which is designed for or  
19 occupied as a residence or sleeping, quarters for a person, persons, or family as a single unit.
- 20 DWELLING UNIT, FARM: A dwelling unit located on a farm, which is used or intended for use by the  
21 farm's owner, operator, or person employed thereon. Only one farm dwelling shall be permitted  
22 on each parcel.
- 23 DWELLING UNIT—SINGLE FAMILY NON-FARM: A dwelling unit located which is not a farm dwelling  
24 unit and which is designed for occupancy by a single family.
- 25 EGRESS: The exit of vehicular traffic from abutting properties to a street or road.
- 26 ERECTED: The word "erected" includes built, constructed, reconstructed, moved upon, or any physical  
27 operations on the premises required to construct a building. Excavations, fill, or drainage relating  
28 to the construction or placement of a structure shall be considered a part of erecting.
- 29 EXCAVATING: The removal of sand, stone, gravel or dirt from its natural location.
- 30 FAMILY DAY CARE HOME: A private home in which at least one (1) but less than seven (7) minor  
31 children are received for care and supervision for periods of less than twenty-four (24) hours a  
32 day, unattended by a parent or legal guardian, except children related to an adult member of the  
33 family by blood, marriage or adoption; and as regulated by the State of Michigan. A family day  
34 care home includes a home that gives care to unrelated minor children for more than four (4)  
35 weeks during a calendar year.
- 36 FARM: A farm is real property used for commercial agriculture and which meets the Farm Services  
37 Agency definition.
- 38 FARM/AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS: Those plants and animals useful to man and includes, but not  
39 limited to:
- 40 1) forages and sod crops,  
41 2) grains, and feed crops,  
42 3) dairy and dairy products,  
43 4) poultry and poultry products;  
44 5) livestock, including breeding and grazing,  
45 6) fruits, vegetables, flowers, seeds, grasses, trees,  
46 7) fish apiaries,  
47 8) equine and other similar products; or  
48 9) any other product that incorporates the use of food, feed, fiber, fur or flora.
- 49 FARM BUILDING: Any building or structure, other than a dwelling, which is customarily used on farms for  
50 the pursuit of their agricultural activities.
- 51 FARM OPERATION: A condition or activity that occurs on a farm in connection with the commercial  
52 production or agricultural products and includes, but is not limited to:
- 53 1) marketed produce at roadside stands or farm markets,  
54 2) noise, odors, dust, fumes, operation of machinery and irrigation pumps, ground and aerial  
55 spraying and seeding, the application of chemical fertilizers, conditions, insecticides,  
56 pesticides, and herbicides and  
57 3) the employment of and use of labor.

1 FARM PARCEL OR TRACT: Any parcel of substantially undeveloped land or tillable land contiguous,  
2 neighboring or associated with a farm, which may or may not be used for, or in support of,  
3 commercial or non-commercial agricultural production.

4 FILLING: The depositing or dumping of any matter onto or into the ground.

5 FLOOR AREA: The sum of the gross horizontal areas of the several floors of the building measured from  
6 the exterior faces of the exterior walls or from the centerline of a wall separating two individual  
7 units within one building. The "floor area" of a building shall include the basement floor area  
8 when more than one-half (1/2) of the basement height is above the finished lot grade.

9 FRONTAGE ROAD OR FRONT SERVICE DRIVE: A local street/road or private road typically located in  
10 front of principal buildings and parallel to an arterial for service to abutting properties for  
11 controlling access to the arterial.

12 GRADE: The rate or percent of change in slope, in either ascending or descending, from or along the  
13 roadway. It is to be measured along the centerline of the roadway or access.

14 GREENBELT: A strip of land adjacent to the property line and within the required front, side, and rear  
15 yard areas of all non-residential uses and certain residential developments that is reserved for  
16 planted materials, berms, walls, screens or fencing to serve as a visual and environmental  
17 enhancement and/or visual barrier.

18 GROUND LEVEL: The level of a building with the floor that lays closest to the finished lot grade.

19 GROUP DAY CARE HOME: A private home in which more than six (6) but not more than twelve (12)  
20 minor children are given care and supervision for periods of less than twenty-four (24) hours a  
21 day unattended by a parent or legal guardian, except children related to an adult member of the  
22 family by blood, marriage or adoption; and as regulated by the State of Michigan. A group day  
23 care home includes a home that gives care to unrelated minor children for more than four (4)  
24 weeks during a calendar year.

25 HEAVY EQUIPMENT: Construction equipment weighing 10,000 pounds or more.

26 HOME OCCUPATIONS: A home occupation is a gainful occupation carried out in the home or on a  
27 residential premise, as a use that is incidental to the use of the home and premises as a place of  
28 residence. A home occupation may be conducted entirely within a residential dwelling and/or  
29 within a garage or other building accessory to the dwelling. A home occupation may however  
30 only be permitted to involve an attached garage, detached garage or other detached accessory  
31 building as a special approval use.

32 INGRESS: The entrance of vehicular traffic to abutting properties from a roadway.

33 INTERSECTION: The location where two or more roadways cross at grade without a bridge.

34 INTERSECTION SIGHT DISTANCE: The sight distance provided at intersections to allow the drivers of  
35 stopped vehicles a sufficient view of the intersecting roadways to decide when to enter the  
36 intersecting roadway or to cross it. The time required is the sum of the perception reaction time  
37 plus the time to accelerate and cross or enter the major roadway traffic stream.

38 ITE: Abbreviation of the Institute of Transportation Engineers, which conducts research and publishes  
39 many national road standards.

40 JUNK: Any motor vehicles, machinery, appliances, product, merchandise, scrap metals or other scrap  
41 materials that are deteriorated, or are in a condition, which cannot be used for the purpose that  
42 the product was manufactured.

43 JUNK YARD: Any property used for the storage, keeping, dismantling, or abandonment of junk outside of  
44 an enclosed building.

45 KENNEL: Any lot or premises on which four (4) or more dogs, six (6) months old or older, are kept  
46 permanently or temporarily and as per the State of Michigan Law and Lapeer County Ordinance:  
47 for sale, boarding, breeding, or training purposes, for compensation.

48 LAND DIVISION ACT: The Subdivision Control Act of the State of Michigan, as amended.

49 LANE: The portion of a roadway for the movement of a single line of vehicles that does not include the  
50 gutter or shoulder of the roadway.

51 LIVESTOCK: Horses, cattle, sheep, goats, mules, donkeys, hogs, and other hoofed animals.

52 LOT LINES: The lines bounding a lot as follows:

53 1) Front Lot Line—in the case of a lot not located on a corner, the line separating said lot from  
54 public or private road right-of-way. In the case of a corner lot or double frontage lot, the Front  
55 Lot line shall be that line that separates said lot from the right-of-way for the road which is  
56 designated as the front on the plat, or which is designated as the front on the site plan review  
57 application or request for a building permit, subject to approval by the Planning Commission  
58 or Building Official.

- 1           2) Rear Lot Line—ordinarily, that lot line, which is opposite and most distant from the front lot  
2 line. In the case of irregular, triangular, wedge-shaped, or lots that are pointed at the rear,  
3 the rear lot line shall be an imaginary line parallel to the front lot line, not less than ten (10)  
4 feet in length, lying farthest from the front lot line and wholly within the lot.
- 5           3) Side Lot Line—any lot line other than the front or rear lot lines. A side lot line separating a lot  
6 from a road right-of-way is a side street lot line. A side lot line separating a lot from another  
7 lot or lots is an interior side lot line.

8 **LOT OF RECORD:** Any parcel of land that is separately described in a deed, land contract, or similar  
9 legal document evidencing a conveyance of ownership and recorded with the Lapeer County  
10 Register of Deeds.

11 **LOT WIDTH:** The straight-line distance between the side lot lines, measured at the two points where the  
12 minimum front yard setback line intersects the side lot lines.

13 **MOBILE HOME** (including house trailer, trailer coach, and doublewide mobile homes): A dwelling unit  
14 designed for long-term occupancy and designed to be transported after fabrication on its own  
15 wheels as one or more units. This includes all units that could be licensed under the provisions of  
16 Act 300 of the Public Acts of 1949, as amended.

17 **MOBILE HOME PARK:** Any parcel of land, which has been designed, improved or used for the  
18 placement of three or more mobile homes for dwelling purposes.

19 **NON-CONFORMING ACCESS:** Features of the access system of a property that existed prior to the  
20 effective date of Article XVII and that do not conform with the requirements of this Ordinance; or  
21 in some cases, elements of approved access that are allowed by means of a temporary permit or  
22 on a conditional basis, until alternative access meeting the terms of this Ordinance becomes  
23 available.

24 **NON-CONFORMING BUILDING:** A non-conforming building is a building or portion thereof lawfully  
25 existing at the effective date of this Ordinance, or amendments thereto, and which does not  
26 conform to the provisions of the Ordinance in the zoning district in which it is located.

27 **NON-CONFORMING USE:** A non-conforming use is a use which lawfully occupied a building or land at  
28 the effective date of this Ordinance, or amendments thereto, and that does not conform to the use  
29 regulations of the zoning district in which it is located.

30 **NON-FARM:** A parcel or tract of land, or a structure, building, dwelling or other use which is not intended  
31 for farm related purposes or which does not meet the definition of farm as defined herein.

32 **PARCEL:** A continuous area or acreage of land, which has a legal description.

33 **PARENT PARCEL or PARENT TRACT:** A parcel or tract, respectively, lawfully in existence on the  
34 effective date of this Ordinance.

35 **PARKING SPACE:** An area of not less than nine and one-half (9-1/2) feet wide by twenty (20) feet long,  
36 designed for the parking of a motor vehicle, such space being exclusive of necessary drives,  
37 aisles, entrances, or exits and being fully accessible for the storage or parking of permitted  
38 vehicles.

39 **PLANNING COMMISSION:** The duly appointed Planning Commission of Goodland Township, as  
40 authorized by Michigan Public Act 168 of 1959.

41 **POND, FARM OR RESIDENTIAL**—a small body of water formed naturally or artificially, used for  
42 aesthetics, recreation, irrigation, storm water management, and/or agricultural aquaculture; and  
43 which under normal circumstances can hold water to a depth of three (3) feet or more. The  
44 excavation of ponds is subject to regulations under the Goodland Township Earth Material  
45 Removal Ordinance No. 801, as amended.

46 **QUARRYING:** The removal of sand, clay, gravel, soil or similar material from its natural location for sale  
47 or use on a parcel of land other than the parcel on which the material was originally located.

48 **REAR SERVICE DRIVE:** A local street/road or private road typically located behind principal buildings  
49 and parallel to an arterial for service to abutting properties for the purpose of controlling access to  
50 the arterial.

51 **REASONABLE ACCESS:** The minimum number of access connections, direct or indirect, necessary to  
52 provide safe access to and from a public road consistent with the purpose and intent of this  
53 Ordinance, with any other applicable plans of the Township with Act 200 of 1969, or with other  
54 applicable law of the State of Michigan. Reasonable access does not necessarily mean direct  
55 access.

56 **RECREATIONAL VEHICLES:** Travel trailers, motor homes, truck campers and similar vehicles not  
57 exceeding forty (40) feet in length. Mobile homes shall not be deemed recreational vehicles.

58 **REPAIR:** The maintenance of existing structures, such as painting, re-roofing, window replacement, and  
59 similar activities. Building additions or expansions shall not be considered “repairs”.

1 RIGHT-OF-WAY: A general term denoting land, property or interest therein, usually in a strip, acquired for  
2 or devoted to transportation purposes.

3 ROAD: The public or private thoroughfare which affords traffic circulation and principal means to abutting  
4 property, including avenue, place, way, lane, boulevard, highway, street and other thoroughfare,  
5 except any alley.

6 ROADSIDE STAND: A small open-air structure for operating a small seasonal business. The structure  
7 shall be open to the outside on at least one side when open for business. The structure shall not  
8 enclose more than three hundred (300) square feet.

9 SCHOOL: A structure specifically established for use as an institution of learning.

10 SETBACK: The distance between a building and the road right-of-way or a property line.

11 SIGN: Any device designed to inform, advertise or attract attention.

12 SINGLE-FAMILY DETACHED CONDOMINIUM: A condominium unit which is physically separated from  
13 any other condominium unit and which is designed and intended for occupancy by a single family.

14 STRUCTURE: Anything constructed, erected or placed on a parcel of land, which is located on the  
15 ground or attached to something having a permanent location. SUBSOIL: The layer of soil  
16 between the topsoil and bedrock.

17 SWIMMING POOL: Any structure or container intended for swimming, located either above or below  
18 grade designed to hold water to a depth of greater than twenty-four (24) inches. Ponds shall not  
19 be deemed swimming pools.

20 TAPER: A triangular pavement surface that transitions the roadway pavement to accommodate an  
21 auxiliary lane.

22 TEMPORARY ACCESS: Provision of direct access to a road until that time when adjacent properties  
23 develop in accordance with a joint access agreement, service road, or other shared access  
24 arrangement.

25 THROAT WIDTH: The distance edge-to-edge of a driveway measured at the right-of-way line.

26 TOPSOIL: The top layer of soil, which is comprised of mostly organic materials and is therefore capable  
27 of sustaining vegetation.

28 TOWNSHIP BOARD: The duly elected or appointed Township Board of the Township of Goodland.

29 TRACT: Two or more parcels that share a common property line and are under the same ownership.

30 TRAFFIC CONFLICT: A traffic event that causes evasive action by a driver to avoid collision with another  
31 vehicle, bicycle or pedestrian.

32 TRAFFIC CONFLICT POINT: An area where intersecting traffic merges, diverges, or crosses.

33 TRAVEL TRAILERS (including recreational vehicles, camping trailers, truck campers, and motor homes):  
34 Vehicular-type portable structures, primarily designed as temporary living accommodations for  
35 recreational, camping or travel use. These vehicles can be towed, hauled or affixed to another  
36 vehicle and driven from one site to another without requiring a Special Transportation Permit for  
37 Travel.

38 TRAVEL TRAILER PARK: Any parcel of land designed, improved, or used for the placement of three (3)  
39 or more travel trailers or tents (used for recreation, camping or travel use) for overnight  
40 accommodations.

41 TRIP GENERATION: The estimated total number of vehicle trip ends produced by a specific land use or  
42 activity. A trip end is the total number of trips entering or leaving a specific land use or site over a  
43 designated period. Trip generation is estimated using trip rates that are based upon the type and  
44 intensity of development.

45 TRUCK TERMINAL: Any lot/parcel used for the parking and/or storage of any number of commercial  
46 vehicles rated over one (1) ton except:

47 1) Parking is allowed when a resident of the lot/parcel is also the commercial vehicle operator,  
48 and the commercial vehicle is used as personal transportation to and from work. When out  
49 on business, the entire commercial vehicle must be absent from the premises.

50 2) The vehicles are temporarily parked while in use for approved construction on such lot/parcel,  
51 (i.e., active building permit).

52 USE: The purpose for which a parcel of land or a building is designed, arranged, or intended or the  
53 purpose for which it is occupied, maintained, or leased.

54 YARD: An open space of prescribed width or depth on the same land with a building or group of  
55 buildings, which open space lies between the building or group of buildings, and the nearest lot  
56 line and is unoccupied and unobstructed from the ground upward.

57 ZONING ADMINISTRATOR: An individual or organization appointed by the Township Board with the  
58 responsibility of enforcing this Ordinance and carrying out the duties specified in the Ordinance.

1 ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS (ZBA): The duly appointed Board of Zoning Appeals for the Township of  
2 Goodland.  
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1 **ARTICLE XX—AMENDMENTS AND REZONING**

2 Section 20.01: APPLICATION

3 The Township Board may, after a public hearing by the Township Planning Commission, amend the  
4 regulations or the district boundaries of this Ordinance pursuant to the authority and according to the  
5 procedure set forth in Public Act 110 of 2006, as amended. Proposed amendments to the regulations or  
6 district boundaries of the Ordinance may be initiated by the Township Planning Commission, the  
7 Township Board or an individual petitioner. Whenever an individual petitioner requests a zoning  
8 amendment, he or she shall be the fee owner of the premises concerned or else have the fee owner also  
9 subscribe to the petition. A petition for rezoning shall be submitted to the Township Clerk along with a  
10 rezoning fee, as established by the Township Board.

11 Section 20.02: NOTICE OF HEARING

- 12 A.) Any person wishing to apply for a rezoning must be applied for in writing on forms provided by  
13 the Township. Upon receipt of an application for a rezoning, one (1) notice that a request for a  
14 rezoning has been received shall be published within a newspaper, which circulates within the  
15 township. Additional notice shall be sent by mail or by personal delivery to the owner of the  
16 property for which the rezoning is being considered, all owners of property to whom real property  
17 is assessed and to all occupants of all structures within 300 feet of the boundary of the property  
18 that is the subject of the application and to the petitioner.
- 19 B.) Notice Timing – Such notice must be given not less than fifteen (15) days before the date the  
20 application will be considered.
- 21 C.) Notification Items – The notice shall include the following:
- 22 1.) Describe the nature of the action.
- 23 2.) Indicate the property/properties subject to the request. The notice shall include a listing of all  
24 existing street addresses within the area. Street addresses will not be created where no such  
25 addresses currently exist within the property. If there are no street addresses, other means  
26 of identification will be used.
- 27 3.) Indicate the property that is the subject of the appeal. State when and where the appeal will  
28 be considered.
- 29 4.) Indicate where and when written comments will be received concerning the appeal.

30 Section 20.03: PLANNING COMMISSION HEARING AND RECOMMENDATION

31 After conducting the public hearing, the Township Planning Commission shall adopt recommendations  
32 as to the approval or denial of the proposed rezoning of property or amendment to the Ordinance  
33 regulations. Upon completion of action by the Township Planning Commission, the proposed rezoning or  
34 amendment shall be submitted to the Lapeer County Planning Commission for review and  
35 recommendation.

36 Section 20.04: TOWNSHIP BOARD

37 Upon receipt of the recommendation of the Township Planning Commission and the County Planning  
38 Commission, the Township Board shall undertake consideration of the proposed rezoning or amendment.  
39 If no recommendation is received from the County Planning Commission within thirty (30) days after it  
40 received the proposed rezoning or amendment, the Township Board shall conclusively presume that the  
41 County has waived its right for review and recommendation. Any decision by the Township Board, which  
42 results in rezoning of property or the amendment of the Ordinance, shall be incorporated in an ordinance  
43 duly adopted and published by the Township Board.

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**ARTICLE XXI—VIOLATIONS**

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Section 21.01: PENALTY

Any person, persons, firm, or corporation, or anyone acting in behalf of said person, persons, firm or corporation, who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance, or who shall fail to comply with any of the regulatory measures or conditions of the Zoning Board of Appeals or Planning Commission, adopted pursuant hereto, is responsible for a municipal civil infraction, subject to payment of a civil fine of not less than \$50.00, plus costs and other sanctions, for each infraction. Repeat offenses under this Ordinance shall be subject to increased fines as provided for in the Civil Infraction Ordinance.

Section 21.02: NUISANCE PER SE

Any building or structure, which is used, erected, altered, razed, or converted or any use of any premises which is begun or changed subsequent to the passage of this Ordinance and in violation of any provision of this Ordinance, is hereby declared to be a nuisance per se.



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**ARTICLE XXII—SEVERABILITY**

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Section 22.01: SEVERABILITY

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This Ordinance and the various articles, sections, paragraphs, sentences, and clauses thereof, are hereby declared severable. If any article, section, paragraph, sentence, or clause is adjudged unconstitutional or invalid, it is hereby provided that the remainder of the Ordinance shall not be affected thereby.

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1 **ARTICLE XXIII—ENACTMENT AND REPEAL**

2 Section 23.01: ORDINANCE ENACTED

3 The provisions of this Ordinance are hereby enacted and declared immediately necessary for  
4 preservation of the public peace, health, safety, and welfare of the people of the Township of Goodland.

5 Section 23.02: EFFECTIVE DATE

6 This ordinance is therefore ordered to be given immediate effect upon the 1<sup>st</sup> day of August 2007,  
7 pursuant to Public Act 110 of 2006, as amended.

8 Section 23.03: REPEAL

9 The former Goodland Township Zoning Ordinance Number 100 adopted on 26th day of April 1982 and  
10 all amendments thereto, are hereby repealed.

11 Section 23.04: CERTIFICATION

12  
13 The undersigned Supervisor and Clerk of the Township of Goodland hereby certify that this Ordinance is  
14 a true copy of the Ordinance duly adopted by the Goodland Township Board, at a meeting held on the  
15 12th day of June, 2007. We further certify that a notice of adoption of this Ordinance was duly published  
16 in the Tri-City times on the 20th day of June, 2007.  
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20 \_\_\_\_\_  
21 Ronald Cischke, Supervisor

\_\_\_\_\_ Mavis Roy, Clerk

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APPENDIX I—Examples of Proposed Land Uses That May Require Professional Traffic Analysis

LAND USE	100 PEAK HOUR DIRECTIONAL TRIPS
Single Family	150 Units
Apartments	245 Units
Condos/Townhouses	295 Units
Mobile Home Park	305 Units
Shopping Center	15,500 square feet
Fast Food Drive-thru Restaurant	5,200 square feet
Convenience Store w/gas	1,300 square feet + 5 pumps
Hotel/Motel	250 Rooms
General Office	55,000 square feet
Industrial	115,000 square feet

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